

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

5 O'CLOCK EDITION
MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

TWELFTH YEAR.

The Oldest and Largest Clothing House at the Head of the Great Lakes.



Store Closed Evenings Except on Mondays and Saturdays.

Downright Fairness!
20 per cent discount to everybody.

The closing out of a Winter's stock is a big business for us. The best way we know to do it is to make lower prices than Clothing can be purchased elsewhere and to give every buyer an equal and fair chance. Some may want Overcoats, Storm Coats; others, Dress Cutaway Suits; others, everyday Suits; others, Trousers; others may want outifts for the boys; others, Underwear, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Mittens, Furnishing Goods. A GREAT STOCK. HERE. No odds and ends. They're all good to us. Don't know which is to you. We take the shortest way to catch your want.

Buy whatever you like, pay the price, we'll return 20 per cent.

Williamson & Mendenhall
125 and 127 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO
Furnish Electric Current
For Arc and Incandescent Light
And Motor Service.
General Office: Room 3 Exchange Building.

Members of the Duluth Clearing House Association.

	CAPITAL	SURPLUS
American Exchange Bank	\$1,000,000	\$500,000
Bank of America	500,000	350,000
National Bank of Commerce	250,000	20,000
State Bank of Duluth	200,000	27,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	40,000

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
District Managers,
London Guarantee & Accident Co. (LIMITED),
OF LONDON, ENG.,
ORGANIZED 1888.

TALK OF CONFEDERATION.

Newfoundland Will Delegates to Canada to Negotiate.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Jan. 23.—Confederation is the main topic of conversation here. The government will send a delegation to Canada immediately to negotiate terms. The delegation is likely to consist of Premier Green, ex-Premier Whiteway, and ex-Colonial Secretary Bond. The legislature is expected to submit the question to a plebiscite in May, when it is almost certain to be carried.

Sir William Whiteway is said to be striving to obtain the lieutenant-governorship on condition that he advocates confederation. All politicians are keenly discussing the question. The opposition is considering the consequences of the insolvent firms with their creditors. None of the compromises have been ratified as yet. It is believed that several of the firms are attempting to escape the value of their assets by paying as little as possible.

The debtors of all these firms who are fishermen and working people throughout the island, claim that it is very hard they should be compelled to pay all their debts in full, while these large debtors escape under disadvantageous conditions.

The press criticism on the clergy, growing out of the latter's attack upon the newspapers, continues. The clergymen are getting the worst of the alteration. It is said that one clergymen is the brother-in-law of one of the worst defectors and another is a son-in-law of a man owing \$50,000.

A conference of the shareholders and creditors of the Union bank will be held next week to make arrangements regarding the payment or otherwise of the shareholders of the liability. The shareholders hope to escape this payment.

The tales of misery here are heartrending.

Jackon Will Fight.

LONGON, Jan. 23.—The Sporting Life publishes an interview with Peter Jackson, in which the colored fighter says he is perfectly willing to fight Mitchell, but only at the National Sporting club, for \$100 a side. Jackson's record is tall. Jackson remarked that some powerful motive must have induced Mitchell to alter the opinion he held five years ago, when he drew the colored line.

Five Miners Killed.

STURGIS, Ky., Jan. 23.—The bodies of the miners killed by an explosion in the mine in which they were working were recovered early today. The names of the killed are Albert Hall, James Walthens, John Coffey, Robert Hall and Mino Fitzsimmons. The damage to the mine property will be \$2000. All the dead men save one have families.

Died of Heart Disease.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 23.—Capt. M. C. Martin, U. S. N., retired, was found dead last night at his home from heart disease. Capt. Martin was 76 years of age.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1895.

NELSON CHOSEN

On the First Ballot in Joint Session Today, Nelson Was Elected United States Senator.

He Received One Hundred and Two Votes, or Thirteen More Than Were Needed to Elect.

The Washburn Forces Wanted to Throw Their Strength to Lind, But He Declined It.

Nearly All the Democrats and Part of the Washburn Men Cast Votes for Nelson.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 23.—The two houses of the Minnesota legislature, in joint session today, voted for a successor to Senator W. D. Washburn. The developments of the night showed that Mr. Washburn's re-election was impossible and his forces tried to throw their strength to ex-Congressman John Lind. After looking over the situation, Mr. Lind refused to enter the fight and the Washburn supporters concluded to vote for the senator to the last, although hopeless of electing him, hoping to prolong the fight and thereby defeat Governor Nelson, to whom they attributed Senator Washburn's defeat.

Mr. Spencer, relating to compensation to judges of the district courts.

Mr. Gibbs, referring to the general laws of

the state.

Mr. Hopkins, relating part of the law relating to civil action.

Mr. Gibbs, referring to the general laws of

the state.

Mr. Gibbs introduced a joint memorial to congress asking for the donation to the state of the old site of Fort Snelling to be used as a museum.

Mr. Gibbs, referring to the general laws of

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THE CAPITAL GOSSIP.

Bill Introduced to Permit Sheriffs to Open Letters Addressed to Prisoners in Their Custody.

Suggestion That a Syndicate of American Tobacco Growers Might Secure Large Trade With Italy.

Peanut Meal Not Only the Most Nutritious But the Cheapest of Twelve Principal Foods.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—An Illinois court in one of its decisions held that a sheriff who opened a letter addressed to a prisoner in his custody, before the letter was delivered to the prisoner, made himself amenable to the law which imposes punishment upon persons who open letters addressed to others. By the introduction of a bill to correct this unsatisfactory condition of affairs the matter was brought to the attention of the house judiciary committee, and in recent days the latter express their opinion, "that in cases where officials who are charged with the custody of prisoners in confinement in prison under sentence of the law such officials should have the legal right to inspect correspondence addressed to the prisoner."

CLAIMED BY UTAH MORMONS.

Fight for the Possession of Church Property in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 23.—The long-pending suit brought by the reorganized church of Christ of Latter Day Saints, better known as the Mormon church, against the Church of Christ at Independence, Mo., was called in the United States Circuit Court yesterday. It is an action instituted to recover possession of certain church property, claimed by certain adherents of the Utah, or Brigham Young school of Mormons.

In 1860 one John P. Hedrick and his wife deeded the property to the church, and in 1862 the church sold the property to the church of Christ forever. The defendants deny that this church of Christ of Latter Day Saints is the church of Christ as that term is used by the saints in Utah, and the investigation of this position leads to a long review of the history of the church, and the expulsion of the Mormons from Missouri. The defendants, who have occupied the church at Independence for many years, are known as "Hedrickites."

They insist that the church of Christ of Latter Day Saints, for the use and benefit of the saints, introduced a schism in the church, and this departure from the original tenets of the church was of such a nature as to constitute a heresy. The system introduced by Smith Jr. is to the effect that the church is to be adopted by the adherents of the church and founded by Smith.

Their adherents, the defendants insist, have always repudiated polygamy as a practice to be abhorrently condemned, and they have ever held themselves antagonistic to the claimants to their property on doctrinal grounds, while they also assert that they can show a clear title from Hedrick, who was a Mormon, so long ago as 1839 years before Young Smith's special revelation came.

In the court below the United States circuit court at Kansas City, there was a judgment for the claimants, whereupon the defendants appealed.

GREEDY CHINESE NATIVES.

They Demanded \$200 For Rescuing Ship-wrecked People.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—The steamer which arrived from China and Japan last evening brought among her passengers Capt. W. H. Gould, of the American ship Mary L. Stone, which was lost off the eastern side of Formosa on Nov. 24. The captain, however, was not lost, but was found by his wife and child and Henry Ward, who was formerly chief officer on the Stone.

The ship went ashore on Sandy beach at night while threading her way through a strait jagged with rocks. The vessel began to take in water, but the captain and crew stayed with her until dawn, when they took to the boats. Mate Ward was badly hurt while boats were being lowered and had to be carried off on a stretcher.

The vessel left New York on July 1, bound for Shanghai with a cargo of kerosene oil. When the crew took to the boats it was found impossible to make a landing until the following morning, when they were rescued by some Chinese natives, who demanded \$200 before they would take them ashore.

VAST SWARM OF INSECTS.

The Hold of a Vessel from India Alive With Insects.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—The British ship Mill Wall, Bremer captain, arrived in port a short time ago from Rangoon, Burmese, a port supposed to be connected with India.

When the hatches were removed, however, a vast swarm of insects flew out, and on examination the hold was found to be literally alive with them. So much so, in fact, that it was an impossibility for the sailors to descend for fear of suffocation.

Professor Davidson, of the United States geodetic and coast survey, has obtained specimens of the insects and recognizes among them two species of the common American weevil. But there are several others unknown to him and which he has sent to the university of Berkeley for classification. They may turn out to be a great pest.

RESUMPTION IN MAINE.

All for Submitting the Prohibition Question to a Vote.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 23.—A sensation will be sprung today in the house by Mr. Patton, of Bath, who will present a bill embodying the resumption proposition so long discussed and by the Prohibitionists.

The bill will be very short, simply providing for the submission of the question to the people at the next election to be voted on by yes and no ballot.

Entered For Derby.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—Richard Croker's chestnut colt Montrou, 2 years old, by Iroquois, out of Hildergard, is entered for the Derby of 1895 in the name of "Mr. Leigh." Quarters for all of Mr. Croker's horses have been engaged at Newmarket.

Suspended Publication.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Jan. 23.—The Evening Chronicle, United States Standard Stock Works, paper of record, suspended publication after existence of six weeks. It took the United Press report, and was started in opposition to the Herald, which has the Associated Press service.

Bold 5 and 5 pound pails.
Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
Waukesha, Wis.

Cottolene

serves every purpose of lard, and serves it without grease, odor, or indigestion. Those who have given Cottolene a fair trial never go back to lard. Be sure and get the genuine. Don't let any dealer palm off any of the many worthless imitations on you.

Bold 5 and 5 pound pails.
Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
Waukesha, Wis.

Entered For Derby.
INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 23.—The suits for libel filed by Tynale Palmer, of Philadelphia in October last against the Journal, News, Sun and American Tribune, of this city for \$50,000 each have been dismissed in the circuit court, for failure to file a cost bond. The matter was furnished by the United Press association.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

STORM STILL RAGING

Drift After Drift of Snow Piling Up on the Railroad Tracks in Northern California.

Precipitous Banks of Snow That Threaten at Any Moment to Fall Upon the Trains.

Added to the Blinding Volume of Snow is the Wind That is Blowing Fiercely.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 23.—The heaviest snowstorm that has prevailed this winter is now raging in the mountains between Shady Run and Emigrant Gap. Drift after drift is piling up on the railroad track and the plows are piling and blowing with might and main, in order to clear a way for the Eastern mail, which is slowly and cautiously threading its way over the mountains.

For more than four years Dr. Paquin has worked secretly on the great problem of the cure for consumption. He has made progress, but has not yet secured his desired title to make it public at all.

Dr. Paul Paquin has been investigating tuberculosis in man and in various kinds of animals for several years. He has utilized the principle underlying the antitoxine for diphtheria, which is produced, and he has obtained a serum, which, when introduced in human beings suffering from consumption, arrests the checks the disease.

Added to the blinding volume of snow, so that a lantern stuck in a bank cannot be seen a frozen fact, is the wind. Never before has it blown more fiercely, and as the bitter wind sweeps down the cuts in which the men are working, sending the snow in blinding gusts, the men are compelled to pause to take breath, and again fight its way back to the biting blast.

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Although the storm is general from Colfax to Truckee, its center is between Blue Canyon and Emigrant Gap. The mountains, which rise almost perpendicular to the side of the road, are covered with fir trees, some of which barely show their tops, protruding through the snow, so great is the depth.

These mountains in places rise precipitously from the road and the immense body of snow covering them is in some cases 20 feet deep. No one starts, nothing can check its fall, and a calamity similar to that which happened on the Shasta division yesterday is momentarily expected on the roads east of this city.

SHASTA ROUTE BLOCKED.

Great Avalanche of Snow, Rocks and Trees Came Down.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—There is a complete blockade of the California & Oregon railroad, at Upper Soda Springs, Cal., above Dunlap. The great avalanche of snow, rocks and trees which came down at that point on Monday was supplemented by another big slide yesterday, and Superintendent Fillmore says it will take forty-eight hours at least and a longer period to get the Shasta route cleared.

In the meantime the road was sent north last night. In its place a force of 120 additional men was dispatched from Oakland to aid the 100 or more already on the scene of the catastrophe. They took with them two of the largest hydraulic pumps of the Maidu company, which will be placed at work at once on arrival.

The Sacramento river goes rushing past the blockade, and its waters will be utilized by the great tanks to cut away the immense mass of earth and rocks.

The snow, which extended a distance of 1000 feet and the mass of debris piled up to depth of twenty-four feet, at the same time the Sacramento was dammed up by the falling material to a depth of sixty feet.

It was a Herculean work for the force of 120 men to clear a way through the obstruction. That set about it with will, however, a vast swarm of insects flew out, and on examination the hold was found to be literally alive with them. So much so, in fact, that it was an impossibility for the sailors to descend for fear of suffocation.

Fortunately the men were at dinner when their fate would probably have been their fate. As it was, the situation was considered so desperate that a report of the condition of affairs was telegraphed to headquarters, and the result was that more men were ordered to the scene. The company is apprehensive of other slides and the situation is critical.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease. Hood's sarsaparilla is a constitutional remedy. It cures catarrh. Give it a trial.

10

It Cures

EVENING HERALD.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF CITY OF DULUTH.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION,
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.

The Holiday Herald.

Northwestern Lumberman, Chicago:

The Duluth Evening Herald on December 17 issued a mammoth annual holiday number, setting forth extended information concerning the industrial and transportation aspects of that growing center at the head of Lake Superior. Included in the exposé was a page devoted to the lumber business at that point. There is a manifest desire to depict the lumber business as was shown in Duluth that has carried it forward on the line of progress in the face of catastrophes and seeming defeat at several stages of its remarkable history. It is this willfulness and determination that have made Duluth and its enduring citizens what they are.

The Herald's circulation is now

estimated at 17,148.

The Weather.

U. S. Weather Bureau, Duluth, Minn., Jan. 23.—A heavy snowfall remained nearly stationary over Lake Huron since yesterday morning, causing continued cloudiness and snowfall over the upper portion of the Great Lakes. The snowfall over the lower lakes and the Red River valley, attended with unusually low temperatures, in the Dakotas, the thermometer at 7 a. m. was 20 degrees below zero, at Pierre to 31 degrees below, at Williston zero, 20 temperatures extended a mile toward Central City, and 25 degrees below zero at Dickinson.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. yesterday, 12 degrees below zero; minimum, 7 a. m. yesterday, 4 degrees below zero.

DULUTH, Jan. 23.—Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity till 8 p. m. tomorrow: Fair; cold, with snow; winds, cold to north; rising temperature during Thursday; north-west winds becoming south.

JAMES KENNELLY,
Local Forecast Official.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—Forecast for Chicago: Fair; for Wisconsin, fair tonight; a fair to cold, with snow; winds, cold to north; rising temperature during Thursday; north-west winds shifting to southeast Thursday.

The Municipal Contest.

The nomination for city comptroller made by the Republican convention yesterday is a surprise to the public, and that is a genuine disappointment evidenced by the many expressions heard upon the streets and wherever people congregate. It was very generally believed that Mr. Ten Brook would be nominated for the office which he has so faithfully and ably filled, with great advantage to the interests of the city. In business circles especially, the renomination of Mr. Ten Brook was regarded as eminently proper and it was hardly believed that the machine politicians would be foolish enough to turn down such a thoroughly competent and efficient official. But the political ring that was running yesterday's convention did not consider the interests of the city so far as the comptrollership was concerned. There was an office to be filled, and some one demanded it. Mr. Ten Brook had been deceived by the bosses into believing that the convention would nominate him, but then they deliberately voted for another man according to the program previously arranged. It is not astonishing that there is considerable indignation among respectable Republicans at the treatment which Mr. Ten Brook has received, nor is it strange that they are urging him to enter the field as an independent Republican candidate. The desire to keep national politics out of the municipal campaigns is so strong that Mr. Ten Brook would command a large vote regardless of party affiliations, and would undoubtedly be re-elected. It is altogether probable that Mr. Ten Brook will decide to make the race.

Of course the convention did not nominate Treasurer Voss. It would have been a graceful act and a popular move, but the political ring wanted the office. They have not secured it yet, however, and there is little possibility that they will be able to capture it. Mr. Voss is strong in the esteem and confidence of the people, and he will be his own successor. He is one of the best officials the city has had, and the people want him to remain.

It is understood Messrs. Dibbell and Hunt, the Bar association's candidates for judge and special judge, will be nominated independently by the members of the bar. That they will prove very strong candidates admits of no doubt. The feeling against dragging the courts into politics is so intense that the Bar association's candidates, who were nominated on the score of fitness and not because of their political beliefs, will without doubt be successful.

The best work of the convention was the renomination of the eight aldermen, who have served the city faithfully and are entitled to this endorsement.

Plans for Arbitration.
There is likely to be a most interesting discussion in the house committee on labor on the relative merits of the two plans for arbitration for which Labor Commissioner Carroll D. Wright and Attorney General Oliney are sponsors. The two distinguished authors of the principal bills before the committee will speak, it is expected, in advocacy of their views. If they appear, their speeches will doubtless prove to be valuable additions to the literature on the subject.

Commissioner Wright has a reputation beyond the limits of the United States as one of the foremost authorities upon questions concerning the interests of labor, while Attorney General Oliney is a high authority upon the legal principles involved in the movement for arbitration. There was a discouraging dearth of interest in the arbitration question for a time among those who might naturally be expected to lead in the discussion, but the past week has brought to Chairman McGann, of the labor committee, many communications, giving evidence that the labor unions are awakening to the importance of the matter.

Some of the critics and supporters of the two proposed systems are interesting. Fault is found in certain quarters with that feature of Attorney General Oliney's plan which would give the attorney general power to apply for a receiver who should manage a railroad in the interest of the public, when the employers and employees refused to submit to arbitration disputes which threatened to impair or did not injuriously affect the public interests. Curiously enough the criticism passed upon this scheme is that its tendencies are socialist and that it is a step which has been advocated by high authority in the direction of government control of railroads.

An objection offered to Mr. Wright's plan for a commission, by some laboring men, was that a permanent salaried commission might become allied to the corporations in its sympathies. The Oney plan makes the chairman of the interstate commerce commission the chairman of the arbitration commission, while his colleagues are appointed, one by the employer and one by the employees. It is contended by one of Mr. McGann's correspondents that two temporary members might be counted upon to stand for the interests of their constituents, leaving the balance of power in the hands of the chairman. It is highly probable that the house will be able to pass any arbitration bill this session.

A Mean Millionaire.
There are many mean men in the world who can count their wealth by the millions, but it is generally agreed that the first place on the list must be given to Russell Sage, of New York. He has been octopus on Wall street for years, and his many and far-reaching arms have squeezed the life out of a host of "small fry." But, perhaps, the most contemptible thing this old skin-flint ever did was to repudiate the claim of his clerk who saved his life when a crank tried to blow him to his final account with a dynamite bomb.

There is no doubt in the world that Sage seized Laidlaw and held him as a human shield to break the force of the explosion. Laidlaw says so, and his evidence is strengthened by the testimony of several disinterested and reputable parties who say that Sage told them that he used Laidlaw to save his life.

Laidlaw sued Sage for heavy damages, after the latter absolutely refused to pay him anything for the several injuries he received while Sage used him as a shield. On the first trial Laidlaw got a verdict for \$500. This was set aside, and a new trial was ordered. The second trial yesterday resulted in a disagreement of the jury. In view of the strong testimony

These January Cheap
Sales Catch the Crowd
**The Pace
Quickens!**Here's a Chance to
Keep Your Hands
Warm Cheaply!All Woolen Mittens, Silk Mittens, Mocca Mittens and Kid Mittens for Ladies, Gentlemen, Boys and Misses commence selling tomorrow at **Half Price**.

Keep on Reading:

200 dozen pairs Ladies' Hose, regular made and seamless, **12 I-2c a Pair**.

Keep On:

Here's the announcement you've all been waiting to hear. Out goes the Woolen Underwear, Misses', Children's, Infants' and Ladies' Woolen Underwear at **Half Price**. No further comment necessary, except you want to make haste.

Look For It:

We'll soon tell you about great families of Muslin Underwear and Embroideries.

Howard & Haynie

presented for the plaintiff and the clearness of the case, it is strange that any members of the jury would have sought to relieve Sage of his obligation to the man whom he forced to save his life. If a verdict of \$100,000 were given to Laidlaw the public would applaud the jury as much as it now comes the old reprobate who denies his debt to the man who sheltered his miserable carcass. It is to be hoped that Laidlaw will find friends to assist him in pushing the case until he obtains a verdict for an amount sufficient to make the old miser squirm when he pays it.

A Pernicious System.
Judge Ricks is not to be impeached. This is the decision of a majority of the house judiciary committee, and the house itself will probably acquiesce in this decision. The committee passed a resolution censuring the practice, under which Judge Ricks made up his official accounts, which is probably the best way in which they could dispose of the case.

The agitation started in Duluth for amending the law providing for taxation on personal property and interest has resulted in the idea being endorsed by the commercial bodies of St. Paul and Minneapolis and the introduction of bills in the legislature by members from those cities. As the idea originated here, the Duluth members should have been first in the field.

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Mrs. Annie Besant, who has passed through many forms of religious and social evolutions during the past few years, is soon to issue her autobiography. It will prove deeply interesting to students of Evangelical Protestantism, Anglo-Catholicism, Atheism, Materialism, Spiritualism and Theosophy.

One Duluth man received a vote in the senatorial election. Judge Dickinson was honored by one vote in the senate yesterday. The Herald feels that it is modestly endorsed in its efforts to send a Duluth man to the United States senate.

Experience shows that care will have to be taken in the use of anti-toxins. Complaint having been made to Dr. Gibier, of the Pasteur institute, New York, that in certain cases in which he had supplied the serum the patients suffered temporarily from hives, he traced the cases to an over charged horse which he resolved to kill by an over dose of anti-toxine. Injecting seventy-five cubic centimeters, three times the usual dose, showed signs of blood poisoning and fell to the floor. It died a painless death five hours afterwards. The experiment, which should be of great value to physicians, proves that pure anti-toxine from the bacillus of diphtheria is an active poison.

It was a singular fact that every alderman whose term expires this year was renominated. This was set aside, and a new election was ordered. The second trial yesterday resulted in a disagreement of the jury. In view of the strong testimony

There is a colored doctor of divinity (Baptist) in Virginia who boasts of immersing 164 converts in sixty minutes. His name is Binger, and a Richmond paper says he is "inquestionably one of the most pious men in the world."

And now a St. Louis physician claims to have found an anti-consumption serum. It is a great discovery, if proven to be efficacious, and will prove a great boon to mankind.

The News Tribune today had not a word editorially in reference to the ticket nominated by the Republican city convention, but it made a brave effort to slip into Washburn to Nelson in the senatorial fight. It takes advantage of the report of John Lind's candidacy to say that "if the situation is as reported from St. Paul, Mr. Nelson should be Duluth's candidate, not Mr. Lind." Evidently the News Tribune does not believe that Duluth's three representatives have voted steadily for Nelson on every ballot.

The Hawaiian Annual for 1894, "the recognized handbook of information pertaining to Hawaii," merits all that can be said of it as a manual of facts respecting the islands. Their estimated population, July 1, 1894, was 100,374; in 1890, 89,990. Of the population four years ago, the Hawaiians numbered 40,622, foreigners, 49,278. The Americans are enumerated at 1928; British, 134; and

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

It was completely cured, and felt that at

I am so glad to be relieved of my tortures that I am willing to tell the benefits I have derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla. In April and May I was suffering from erysipelas, which spread to my throat and neck. I tried divers ointments and alternatives, but there was no permanent abatement of the burning, torturing pain, and I complained to Dr. Dibbell to Hood's Sarsaparilla and I had to take it.

Felt Marked Relief!

before I had finished the first bottle. I con-

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REPBUS' CHOICE

Edmund G. Chapman Was Nominated for Treasurer on the Fifth Ballot by the Republican Convention.

For Four Ballots Ingalls, Logie and Chapman Were Neck and Neck, When Logie Withdraw.

Ten Brook Was Turned Down for Comptroller, A. N. Hopkins Being Nominated on the First Ballot.

It was 2:15 o'clock yesterday afternoon when L. Wilcox, chairman of the Republican city central committee, took the Gen. Grant cigar out of his mouth and called for the city convention to toe the scratch. "Come to order, gentlemen," he shouted.

Then the convention came to order and the little giant of the Third ward, in smooth, easy accent, read the call. J. O. Meyers, nominated by H. M. Myers for chairman, S. D. Allen nominated H. M. Myers. He begged off, and Mr. Allen withdrew the nomination. J. E. Meyers was chosen by acclamation.

J. A. Bogg's nominated C. M. Simpson for treasurer. "That gentleman is not here, it is that way, whereupon Fred W. Green nominated Dr. Routh. He was elected.

J. A. Bogg's moved that a committee of seven be appointed on credentials, H. M. Myers, appointed to make it five, who with Mr. Green, J. O. Milne, L. B. Stevens, Thomas Franklin, George Ash, J. E. Preston and A. Lofgren were named.

On motion of H. M. Myers, Simon Clark, Ernest Kugler, C. Trembley, Charles Viles and J. O. Milne were picked out for a committee on permanent organization.

The same motion included a committee on order of business. H. M. Myers, S. D. Allen, Capt. Stevens, J. O. Milne and C. M. Simpson were named.

The committees retired and the convention adjourned.

It was 3:15 o'clock when the committee on credentials reported. There was a liberal sprinkling of proxies and several old-time Democrats and Populists were recognized in the list of delegates who were present.

The resolutions adopted were, adopted without dissent.

J. O. Hancock, the golden rod of West Duluth, without faltering, read the report of the committee on resolutions.

The resolutions were adopted.

The committee on permanent organization recommended that the temporary organization be made permanent and that the order of business follow that of the official call. The report was adopted.

City Treasurer.

Nominations for city treasurer were declined in the first ballot.

Edmund G. Chapman, E. G. Chapman, S. D. Allen nominated E. G. Chapman, J. B. Stevens presented the name of "that old timer," C. F. Johnson, O. W. Green, S. D. Allen a nomination.

H. M. Myers moved that the vote of a majority of the delegates be necessary to a choice and the convention agreed to it.

The first ballot the vote stood:

Logie, 17; Logie, 18; Chapman, 19; Johnson, 20; E. C. Clow, 2. Total number of votes cast, 66; necessary to a choice, 34.

The second ballot resulted: Ingalls, 18; Logie, 16; Chapman, 22; Johnson, 2.

The third ballot was as follows: Ingalls, 16; Logie, 16; Chapman, 26; Johnson, 25; Clow, 3.

Following was the outcome of the fourth ballot: Ingalls, 17; Logie, 16; Chapman, 28; Johnson, 2; Clow, 2.

Chapman was nominated on the fourth ballot. Logie, 16; Chapman, 26; the ballot resulted as follows: Ingalls, 26; Logie, 1; Chapman, 36; Johnson, 2.

Chapman was declared the unanimous nominee of the convention.

Hopkins for Comptroller.

Next came the nomination of a candidate for city comptroller. W. G. Ten Brook, who is the present comptroller, was nominated by the Democrats and endorsed by the Populists, was placed in nomination by James A. Bogg, C. M. Simpson nominated A. N. Hopkins.

The first ballot resulted in the nomination of Hopkins for comptroller. Ten Brook, 16; Logie, 16; Chapman, 26; the ballot resulted as follows: Ingalls, 26; Logie, 1; Chapman, 36; Johnson, 2.

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MEANDER LINE? DECISION.

The General Land Office Reversed by Secretary Smith.

A. Washington special says that Secretary Smith has decided an interesting case, affecting the survey of the meander line for Cedar Island, or Ely lake, in township 57-47, in St. Louis county, near Iron Junction.

G. A. Burns and six other settlers on a tract of unsurveyed land about this lake asked for a resurvey of the meander line, on the ground that their lands, including in the official plat of the lake to be a part of its bed, covered by its waters. They ask for a survey and for a hearing to establish the facts. This petition was denied by the general land office.

The survey was made by H. E. Howe, United States deputy surveyor, in 1876, and the survey was approved by the surveyor general, Aug. 7, 1876. A similar survey through the surveyor general was denied in May, 1882. The affidavits presented with the petition show that the survey was made in 1876, 500 acres, Ely, or Cedar Island lake covers only 650 or 700 acres; that it is a permanent, deep lake, surrounded by high banks and covered with heavy timber, and that, within the surveyed meander line of the lake, on the government land, 1000 acres of fine, high timber land, having trees down to the water line, more than four feet in diameter; that the character of the land when the survey was made was precisely as it is now, and that two years ago, Howe's survey no marks or monuments made by him could be found; that it is an impossibility that the lake should have receded, and that if the lake ever covered the land within Howe's survey it would have submerged the whole township.

The secretary reverses the general land office, and orders a hearing to establish the exact facts.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently removing effects and were satisfied with transient effects, but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

Money TO LOAN

On improved residence and business property at 6% With the On or Before Privilege.

We are Prepared to buy City Orders of Any Amounts at Favorable Prices.

Wm. M. Prindle & Co., 216 W. Superior St.



place as a sort of consolation prize but neither was in it. J. H. Boyce was easily elected.

J. O. Meyers, nominated by H. M. Myers for chairman, S. D. Allen nominated H. M. Myers. He begged off, and Mr. Allen withdrew the nomination. J. E. Meyers was chosen by acclamation.

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THAT SECRET SESSION.

Peculiar Manner in Which the County Board Hold Executive Meetings.

Another feature of that secret session of the board of county commissioners has developed which seems to indicate that the triumvirate exceeded its authority in more ways than in its action against Mr. Patton. A public body can do what becomes of it, and the commissioners did not do that. They waited until their secret session was over before passing the resolution to stop Mr. Patton's orders, and it went on the record.

When the board went into secret session the doors were closed until the commissioners were through with the business before them. When they were through discussing the matter they said "this is no longer a secret session," and without opening the door or admitting the public the resolution was passed.

When the door was open the board had adjourned. The commissioners, though pressed by a Herald reporter, refused to make public their action, though it was not supposed to be, nor could have legally been secret session.

There appears to be a remarkably sub-
divided discussion between a secret session and doing business under cover, though not secret session, that exists only in the minds of the triumvirate.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Ideal Concert Company, of St. Paul, which gives a concert at the Lyceum on Saturday evening, is an organization which is very popular in the Twin Cities, all of its members being artists.

Mr. S. V. Harris is the soprano, Mrs. C. B. Hale, contralto, and Miss Edith Cline, Fonda, the reader, also a member. The program which they will present is a brilliant one, as will be seen by the following:

"We have a first place," said Inspector Doyle, referring to the picture bearing the name of Joseph Adams, "is one of a dozen taken during the week of the convention, as well as the picture taken from the Chicago gallery by Detective Benson. The pickpocket was a man, and his picture is now in the rogues' gallery at Minneapolis."

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CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, Palladio. Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote. The Evening Herald is on sale in St. Paul at the Windsor Hotel news stand. The eighth wonder, Duluth Imperial flour.

There will be a grand united meeting of the Northern and West Superior corps of the Salvation Army, on Friday evening. On Saturday there will be a coffee and cake supper and on Sunday a fare-well to Capt. Lindemann and Lieut. Johnson.

An appeal bond in the sum of \$4250 has been filed with the clerk of the United States district court in the case of *U. S. vs. the steamer City of Naples*.

In police court this morning the only business transacted was that of fining Dan Gernald \$10 and costs for going on a toot. He paid and was released.

For cheapest homes, quickest transit, Duluth Heights Land Co., Herald Building.

The second court, to be given tomorrow evening at the Bethel under the direction of Miss Margaret McDonald. The Cathedral quartet, consisting of Miss McDonald, Miss Donavan, Mr. Sater and Mr. Schultz will give the program and will be assisted by Miss Ward, elocutionist, and Miss Theresa Lynn.

Don't forget the "rainbow social" to night at the First Baptist church.

Kilgore & Siewert are selling good goods at big discounts until Feb. 1.

Announcement.

At the urgent request of many friends, I hereby announce myself as an independent candidate for alderman from the Seventh ward, at the ensuing election. ROBERT C. KENNEDY.

Ten-Acre Tracts

On Vermilion road, two and one-half miles from Woodland car line, for sale by J. C. & R. M. HUNTER.

Free Sawmill Site.

At West Duluth, to suitable party near Holston, Bleloch & Co. Enquire, J. C. & R. M. HUNTER.

TEN BROOK DOUBTFUL

City Comptroller Undecided Whether to Run For the Office or Withdraw From the Field.

His Friends Are Beseaching Him to Run, But He Has Not Yet Agreed To.

H. B. Dibbell Has Not Indicated Whether He Will Be a Candidate for the Judgeship.

Things are quiet politically at the city hall today. The main feature is the steady and heavy stream of solid Republicans and business men into Comptroller Ten Brook's office, urging and beseeching him to run as an independent candidate to succeed himself. He has the matter under advisement but has not given the subject enough consideration as yet to warrant him in rendering a decision. There is a belief that there was treachery among some of the delegates against Mr. Ten Brook. It is said that certain men, notably a good many of them, were anxious to have their names put in and then in the convention voted otherwise. Mr. Ten Brook satisfies himself, certain of his friends say, that the knife was plunged into his back through treachery and treachery.

H. B. Dibbell has not yet indicated whether or not he will remain in the field as a candidate for the municipal judgeship. Strong pressure is being brought to bear upon him to induce him to strive for election. The lawyers who went to him, however, are especially anxious for him to run.

J. W. Hunt said this morning that he would be in the field to the end. Whether or not he will change his mind in the event of Mr. Dibbell declining remains to be seen.

A petition was being circulated among the attorneys asking Mr. Dibbell and Mr. Hunt to become independent candidates. This is to be filed before Saturday, the last day for filing certificates.

Several of the renominated aldermen called for a long conference, but they did not stop long, for they were on their way to the court house to attend a meeting of the candidates, called to make arrangements, arrange plans for the campaign and transact other business of importance, politically.

A petition was being circulated today of independent aldermanic candidates but no movement has taken definite shape. It is not improbable that an independent ticket will be brought into the field in the Second ward to oppose Alderman Evans. Alderman Evans, in this his third year, also to the court house on their way to the court house to attend a meeting of the candidates, called to make arrangements, arrange plans for the campaign and transact other business of importance, politically.

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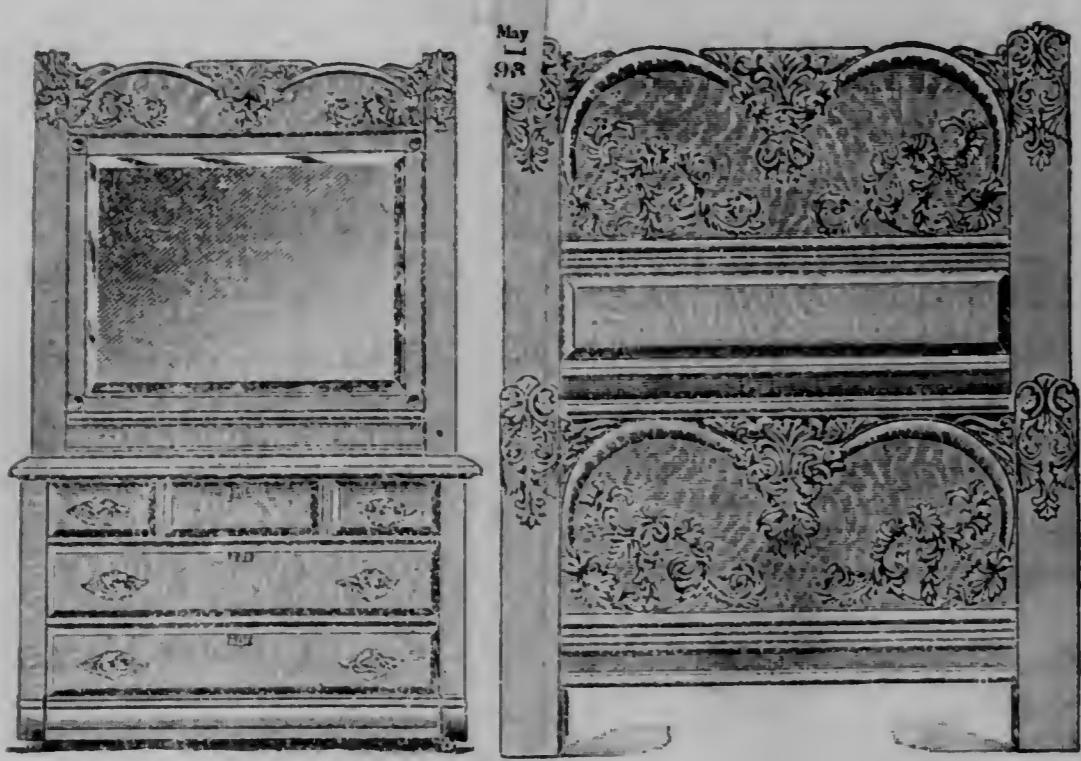
TWELFTH YEAR.

FRENCH & BASSETT

First Street and Third Avenue West.

We are bound to please
every customer and we want everyone to
remember just what we say about the low
prices we make for the new year. They are 10 to 20 per
cent lower than other stores here, and absolutely guarantee
as low as any store in America for the same goods.
No matter what you need, let us stock over before buying
and you will save some money.

Visitors Always Welcome.



The prices on Chamber Suites are exceedingly low now
and the styles we show are very attractive.

PRICES:
\$9.50, \$12.00, \$15.00, \$16.00, \$18.00,
\$20.00, \$23.00, \$25.00, \$28.00,
\$30.00 and up.

Partial Payment Plan.

All goods sold on this popular credit system.
Cash Prices—No Interest. Goods marked in plain figures.

1895
Calls for
Diaries,
Blank Books,
Stationery
And Office Supplies generally. Now as always,
the place to look for them is at

Chamberlain & Taylor's
BOOKSTORE,
323 West Superior Street.

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO
Furnish Electric Current
For Arc and Incandescent Light
And Motor Service.
General Office: Room 3 Exchange Building.

Members of the Duluth Clearing House Association.

	CAPITAL	SURPLUS
First National Bank	\$1,000,000	\$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	300,000
Marine National Bank	250,000	200,000
National Bank of Commerce	2,000,000	27,000
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	40,000

MENDENHALL & HOOPES, Employers Liability,
District Managers, Elevator Accident,
London Guarantees & Accident Co. (LIMITED), Workmen's Collective,
OF LONDON, ENG. Surety Bonds
ORGANIZED 1869. Individual Accident

Shirts . .

The three requisites for a perfect shirt—FIT, STYLE, COMFORT. There is a pleasure and satisfaction in wearing that kind, as all who have worn them testify. That is the reason the knowing ones and the best dressers buy their Shirts of us.

All the New Novelties in Colored Patterns. The Best Materials Always.

Cate & Clarke, 331 W. Superior St.

A WAR FEELING.

The People of Mexico Are Much Wrought Up Over the Prospective War With Guatemala.

More Great Popular Uprisings Expected in Addition to Those Which Have Already Taken Place.

Volunteer Movement Spreading Rapidly and Twenty-Five Thousand Could Be Raised in the Capital.

Fresh Forces Are Being Sent to the Guatemalan Frontier Almost Daily and More Going.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 24.—With the immense demonstrations of students in this capital, the war feeling throughout this republic has been wrought up to a high pitch. Reports from many interior points show a rising spirit of patriotism among the majority of the people, and it is probable that other great popular uprisings will occur in many of the cities of this country.

Don Emilio de Leon, the Guatemalan minister of Mexico, was outside his hotel when the recent students' procession was passing, and had a long and opportunity of knowing the feelings of the Mexican people on the international boundary dispute, and the stand taken by Mexico. A full report of the proceedings was sent by the Guatemalan representative to President Chester A. Arthur, and it is said to have created a profound impression in government circles.

This city is quiet and orderly, although the effects of the patriotic storm are easily discernible. The volunteer movement is rapidly spreading, and it would easily be possible to raise 25,000 volunteers in this city alone within a day or two.

ON THE GUATEMALAN BORDER.

Fresh Forces Being Pushed to the Frontier by Mexico.

COMITAN, State of Chiapas, Mex., Jan. 24.—The government has pushed fresh forces into the Guatemalan frontier almost daily and camp quarters for a large body of men have been arranged for near this place. A few Guatemalans living in this vicinity have quietly left for their native country, and others who are disposed to do so are doing so. The Mexican and the Guatemalan administration have fled to Mexico rather than be pressed into an unwilling service.

Reports from the other side of the border are that Guatemalans are using every effort to make a force of 50,000 among the people in hopes of gaining large reinforcements to continue its bluff against Mexico. When persuasion fails, it is given out that when the government needs men, it will press them into service.

Early every horse for two miles from the border has been secured by one means or another already, and a strenuous effort is being made to secure more. The uncommunicative policy of the Guatemalan government is having a disastrous effect on the frontier, and many alarms are constantly felt by the residents of the frontier, fearing an invasion of the mounted Mexican regulars.

It is generally felt that should war ensue, the frontier will be so overrun by troops and pillaging renegades that life will be a burden.

In a Ferment.

TAPOACHUL, State of Chiapas, Mex., Jan. 24.—The southern border is in a ferment over the impending hostilities between Mexico and Guatemala. More troops are being sent across the frontier, and a heavy movement of people is noticeable on every hand.

Fugitives from Guatemalan soil are arriving here almost daily. They number many Guatemalans who have fled to the United States, but as far as the most part native Mexicans who have taken up a residence on Guatemalan territory. Large parties are on their way from Quetzaltenango, Northern Guatemala, either afraid to remain in their homes or compelled by the popular movement against the government which they leave behind.

Was a False Report.

ACAPULCO, Mex., Jan. 24.—The report that the armed Mexican forces had invaded the Guatemalan waters and were lying off the harbor of San Jose is not true. The school ship was loaded with munitions and provisions for Mazatlan for the supply of the Mexican troops tributary to the ports of San Juan and San Blas on the southern coast. Having discharged its commission, it is now on its return trip to Mazatlan, where it will await further orders from the Mexican government for the transportation of troops and supplies or any other duties connected with the Guatemalan difficulty.

NEW DULUTH'S POSTMASTER.

P. J. O'Leary Has Been Appointed at Maj. Baldwin's Request.

THE HERALD.—P. J. O'Leary was today appointed postmaster at New Duluth, St. Louis county, Minn., vice U. C. Tower, resigned.

The Delaware Deadlock.

Dover, Del., Jan. 24.—One more ballot was taken by the State senator without result. The only charge was that Speaker McMullen deserted the Higgins camp and voted for George Vosey.

Widow's Pension Granted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—[Special to The Herald.]—A widow's pension was today granted to Amy J. Hunter, Hartshorn, Minn.

LANDED WITHOUT LOSS.

How the Japanese Effect a Landing at Yung Chang.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 24.—The Japanese transport Sabuma-Maru, which returned to Nujira yesterday, reports that she left the gulf of Taliens Wan on Saturday last, Jan. 19, with other Japanese transports, escorted by warships, and arrived off Yung Chang, not far from Wei Hui Wei, the Chinese war port on Shan Yung peninsula, at daybreak on Sunday, Jan. 20.

The Yavayama and other Japanese warships then landed detachments of marines. The latter met with but feeble resistance from the Chinese troops which were supported by four guns mounted ashore. The fire of these guns was answered from the Japanese transports, and the Chinese were eventually dislodged when the guns of the Japanese warships opened fire upon them.

The Japanese landing was effected without any loss, being supported by the gun previously mentioned which was captured by the marines landed from the Yavayama. Immediately afterwards, the landing of the Japanese troops commenced and was nearly completed when the Sabuma-Maru left Yung Chang on Monday morning, the warships having been sent to the Japanese port.

Two English women, one German woman and one Chinese woman, who were found in charge of Shang Tung lighthouse, were placed under the same pay as they had been receiving and were re-activated in the interests of commercial and other traffic at sea, to keep the light burning as usual.

DEBS CONSPIRACY CASES.

Their Trial Was Begun at Chicago This Afternoon.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—The trial of the Debs conspiracy cases, which was to have begun at 10 o'clock today, was postponed until 2 o'clock today, the prospective jurymen being dismissed until that hour.

Debs and his seven associates were brought from the Woodstock jail and taken to the United States court room, where they were formally released on bail.

The reporter of the Journal was summoned before the court to divulge the source of his information. He maintained that the information was reliable, but averred that he was under a pledge of secrecy in divulging its source. John Kimball and Neil MacNeall, two farmers, the trial proper will probably begin next week. There was quite a stir in court when the trial opened this morning over the threat of Judge Smith to discipline several newspaper men for stories which had been printed yesterday and this morning about the examination of Adry Hayward by the defense.

The attorneys for the defense arose and condemned the publications as tissues of falsehood.

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2
THE PENSION CLAIMS

The Gross Inequalities of the Present Pension System Shown by Cases That Frequently Arise.

Rascals and Bounty Jumpers on the List, to the Detriment of the Worthy Veterans.

Ineffectual Effort to Secure Justice for a Michigan Man Wrongly Branded as a Deserter.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—[Special to The Herald.]—Few people realize the gross inequalities of the present pension system. Of course, it is very difficult to distinguish between the worthy and the unworthy ex-Union soldier in granting pensions, and in the great majority of cases the record of the soldier is the only thing the officers of the pension bureau have by which to guide themselves. That Pension Commissioner Locher has endeavored to honestly perform his duty in this matter is unquestioned by no one familiar with the difficulties with which he has had to contend.

That there are a great many rascals and bounty jumpers on the pension roll is also a matter about which there is but little doubt, neither can there be any question that there are hundreds of men who gave good, faithful and patriotic service to their country, who by reason of certain technicalities cannot be put upon the pension roll. No one who watches the various cases that come up before the pension committee of the bureau can fail to appreciate this fact.

Last week the case of a young lieutenant of a Michigan regiment was being discussed by this committee. He stood upon the rolls of the war department as a deserter. Investigation, however, showed that he was entirely innocent of the stigma which was attached to his name, and yet the Michigan congressman, who had charge of a bill to correct his record was unable to secure its passage in the house.

The facts were these: After three years honorable service in which he had risen from the grade of second lieutenant he was severely wounded and sent to the hospital. After his recovery he was too weak for active service and was granted a furlough for three months at the end of which time he had joined his regiment. He spent these three months at a farm house on the Potomac and before the expiration of his furlough contracted malarial fever. When the time came for him to report for duty he was delirious and no one at the farmhouse thought of sending word to the officers of his condition.

On the testimony of one man, who declared that he had seen him walking about well and healthy, he was marked to the grade of second lieutenant. He was severely wounded and sent to the hospital. After his recovery he was too weak for active service and was granted a furlough for three months at the end of which time he had joined his regiment. He spent these three months at a farm house on the Potomac and before the expiration of his furlough contracted malarial fever. When the time came for him to report for duty he was delirious and no one at the farmhouse thought of sending word to the officers of his condition.

The civil service examinations to be held throughout the country during the first six months of the year have been arranged by the commissioners. During the period applicants from the various states will not be allowed to take the examination for the classification of mineral lands in the Northern Pacific grant. He is hopeful of securing the passing of the bill before adjournment and he was today assured that no more patents would be issued to these lands while the present interest in the examination. This assurance was made through Senator Vilas by the secretary of the interior and commissioner of the general land office.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

ARBITRATION TO BE USED.

St. Louis, Building Trades Council Condemns Strikes and Boycotts.

St. Louis, Jan. 24.—At a meeting last night of the Building Trades council, delegates being present from each of the thirty-two unions that are traded in St. Louis, a new and more liberal constitution was adopted. One of the most important changes made by it is the abolition of the office of "walking delegate."

The preamble is a strong one. It boldly asserts that strikes are failures and that boycotts are to be avoided.

Agreements of terms declare their intention, if the opportunity presents itself, of making a hard fight on the line of Secretary Gresham's recommendation to discontinue our share in the protectorate. Mr. McMillin's inquiry is the first step in that direction, and the warmth with which the Republicans are pushing the Hawaiian matter has the effect of stirring the Democrats to greater hostility against it.

The bill introduced by Mr. Coombs to retire the gold certificates recalls the statement made by Secretary Carlisle before the committee on appropriations.

In reply to questions by Mr. Coombs at the recent hearing, Secretary Carlisle said that if no gold certificates were issued most of the gold represented by them would, in his opinion, be in the treasury.

Mr. J. D. Luttrell, of Kincardine, Ont.,

and was accompanied by indisputable proof that he was a millionaire in stock and bonds.

The estate, which consists of \$5,000,000 in cash and \$300,000 in real estate, was left by J. Luttrell, of Ireland, who died some years ago a widower and without children. The will left the entire estate to his brother, David Luttrell, who came to this country half a century ago.

Several years ago he had been trading in Ireland, whereabouts and when he was finally located in Queen's county, Ont., it was found he was also dead. He left a widow and three children, the two sons above mentioned, and a daughter, Mrs. Mary Dunlap, of Goderich, Ont., all of whom are now dead. The four are the only heirs to the vast estate.

J. D. Luttrell is employed as a cigar-maker and plays in the Auditorium orchestra. He will leave shortly for the East to look after his interests.

A MILLIONAIRE PRIVATE.

Was Reported for Insubordination by His Clerk, a Sergeant.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—John Daniels, the millionaire dry goods merchant of Broadway and Eighth streets, is a private in the battalion of the Seventh regiment, stationed at the car depots at Gates and Myrtle avenues in Brooklyn. He had some difficulty with the sergeant of the guard, who, by a strange irony of fate, is one of his own clerks.

J. D. Luttrell is employed as a cigar-maker and plays in the Auditorium orchestra. He will leave shortly for the East to look after his interests.

WILL CLOSE THE EXCHANGES.

The Oil Exchanges Will Soon be Unable to Do Business.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 24.—The Standard Oil company has announced another move which more effectually closes up the oil exchanges. Hereafter it will issue no pipe line certificates and hence it will not be many weeks when there will not be certificates on which to speculate.

The grievance of the men is that the 40 cents a ton agreement, made after the long strike last summer, has been broken by several of the smaller operators and 30 cents and as low as 25 cents is being paid and accepted.

GREAT GAMBLING GAME.

Redskins Have Been Playing One Game for Eighteen Days.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 24.—The Puyallup and Black River Indian tribes are participating here in the first great gambling game that has occurred for over thirty years. The game has been in progress for eighteen days and apparently will continue. Each side has a certain number of chits which are hid, the opposite side guessing where one odd chip is.

THE Puyallup are ahead, having scored 34 out of a possible 60 points. Several hundred spectators are present, and both sides are betting heavily on the result, staking money, horses, coys, and blankets.

NO LINE TO BE DRAWN.

The Chicago Woman's Club Admits all Races and Colors.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—A regular session of the Woman's club was held last night. The consideration of a resolution touching the question of the color line as it affects membership in the club engaged the attention of the meeting. The resolution, it will be remembered, was originally introduced about two months ago and was the subject of much discussion.

It was discussed in the committee of the whole—which committee, by a decisive majority, reported in favor of there being no line drawn as regards race or color. The committee submitted the report to the meeting which adopted it overwhelmingly.

DR. CARBONIC ACID.

OAKLAND, Cal., Jan. 24.—Mrs. Bessie Webb Longbridge, wife of Professor R. H. Longbridge, of the university of California, took her life yesterday by drinking carbonic acid at her home.

Yesterday Inspector Moran happened to be strolling along Third street when he spied Parker in a barbershop talking to a sharp-eyed lad.

"I wanted a young man to work with me," said Parker when arrested, "and I was going to take this one."

"You were going to educate that boy to be a pickpocket?" demanded the inspector.

Parker shrugged his shoulders. "One has to have an assistant to do clever work," he replied.

NATIONAL PRINTERS' HOME.

Plan Foot to Establish One at Excelsior Springs.

EXCELSIOR SPRINGS, Mo., Jan. 24.—There has been in contemplation for some time a plan to establish a national printers' home at this place.

The general idea of the home is that it shall be national in character with doors open, under rules, to the needy members of the craft of the country.

Some of the craft "so many old and dependent printers are constantly displaced by numerous labor-saving machines that are going into the printing offices all over the country that there is a pressing necessity for a national printers' home."

IT WAS A FAILURE.

DENVER, Jan. 24.—The attempt to introduce Chinese in the top floor of the Chinese New Life Pill, was made by Sheriff Bell, who justified the mining company that he would resign rather than attempt to protect Chinamen in this work and that he had no doubt that every Chinaman in Clear Creek county would be hanged.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Fire broke out in the kitchen on the top floor of the Hotel Vendome about 10 o'clock today and had made considerable headway before the firemen got to work. Few of the guests were astir when the alarm was given. There was no panic. The damage, which was mostly by water, is estimated at \$20,000.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The man, who lives better than others and enjoys life more, with less expenditure, by more judicious adaptation of labor-saving products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the printer's home.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a most attractive, effectively simple system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is made by all drugstores in their bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

IS HEIR TO MILLIONS.

A Cigarmaker at Spokane Who Also Plays in a Theater Orchestra Receives Good News.

He is One of Four People Who Are Heirs to an Estate of Eight Millions.

It Was Left by His Father's Brother Who Died in Ireland Without Any Children.

SPOKANE, Wash., Jan. 24.—J. D. Luttrell, of this city, yesterday received the welcome news that he is one of four heirs to an estate in Ireland valued at \$8,000,000. The information reached him through a letter from his brother, Alexander Luttrell, of Kincardine, Ont., and was accompanied by indisputable proof that he was a millionaire in stock and bonds.

The estate, which consists of \$5,000,000 in cash and \$300,000 in real estate, was left by J. Luttrell, of Ireland, who died some years ago a widower and without children. The will left the entire estate to his brother, David Luttrell, who came to this country half a century ago.

Several years ago he had been trading in Ireland, whereabouts and when he was finally located in Queen's county, Ont., it was found he was also dead.

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J. D. Luttrell is employed as a cigar-maker and plays in the Auditorium orchestra. He will leave shortly for the East to look after his interests.

WILL REMAIN AT WORK.

The Illinois Coal Miners Decide Not to Strike.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 24.—At a largely attended meeting of coal miners at Belleville, Ill., last night, called to decide whether to organize a general strike throughout that district, the conservative element prevailed and the men will remain at work.

The grievance of the men is that the 40 cents a ton agreement, made after the long strike last summer, has been broken by several of the smaller operators and 30 cents and as low as 25 cents is being paid and accepted.

THE Puyallup are ahead, having scored 34 out of a possible 60 points. Several hundred spectators are present, and both sides are betting heavily on the result, staking money, horses, coys, and blankets.

AND SO THEY CLOSED.

A Frisco Cable Conductor Eloped With His Stepmother.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 24.—John H. Harvey, who was formerly a waiter in a restaurant in this city and has worked as a cable conductor, eloped with his present stepmother, leaving his wife in destitute circumstances.

Harvey married his present wife at Santa Rosa in 1886. She was a widow and had three children, the eldest of whom Florence, is the stepmother. She had been married before, but her husband was dead and she has lived with her since.

Mr. Harvey is prostrated by her husband's conduct. No trace has been obtained of the eloping couple, but should they be captured they will be prosecuted.

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A NOTORIOUS PICKPOCKET.

Caught While Trying to Induce a Boy to Join Him.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 24.—W. H. Parker alias "Astoria the Dago," the notorious pickpocket, is the new master of the pock. Yesterday Inspector Moran happened to be strolling along Third street when he spied Parker in a barbershop talking to a sharp-eyed lad.

"I wanted a young man to work with me," said Parker when arrested, "and I was going to take this one."

"You were going to educate that boy to be a pickpocket?" demanded the inspector.

Parker shrugged his shoulders. "One has to have an assistant to do clever work," he replied.

A ROUGH VOYAGE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 24.—The British ship Palatok arrived in port yesterday after a voyage from London. Walla Walla, Washington, and San Francisco.

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EVENING HERALD.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF CITY OF DULUTH.

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION,
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.

The Holiday Herald.

Northwestern Lumberman, Chicago:
The Duluth Evening Herald on December 17 issued a mammoth annual
holiday number, setting forth the extended form the commercial, industrial
and transportation aspects of that
great city, situated on the lake Superior.
Included in the exposé was a page devoted to the lumber business
at that point. There is a manifest
destiny-persistence and never-give-up
way about Duluth that has carried
forward the timber trade in the face of
the face of catastrophe and seeming
defeat at several stages of its remarkable
history. It is this willfulness and
determination that have made Duluth
and its environs cities. Hereafter
victories will be comparatively easy
for the Zenith City, and we look to
see her make rapid progress during
the coming decade.

The Weather.
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN.
Jan. 24.—The thermometer is highest in Manitoba
and lowest in the Great Lakes, extending
southeast to the gulf states.

There has been a decided rise in temperature
in the last few days, and thence southward
to Colorado and Nebraska. In the central
valley the temperature has fallen slightly. The
temperature is now ranging from 28 degrees below
zero at St. Vincent, Minn., to 38 degrees
above zero at Duluth.

The weather has continued fair, except snows
in Eastern Michigan, Northern Ohio, and the
Northern part of the state.

Duluth temperature 47 a. m. today, 12 de-
grees below zero; maximum yesterday, 5 degrees
above zero; minimum yesterday, 12 degrees
below zero.

DULUTH, Jan. 24.—Forecast for Duluth and vicinity till 8 p. m. tomorrow: Fair, followed
by increasing clouds Friday; rising temperature
today, tonight, and Friday; winds becoming
easterly.

JAMES KENALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Jan. 24.—Forecast till 8 p. m. to-
morrow for Winona and Minnesota: Fair and
warmer tonight and Friday; winds becom-
ing easterly.

They Want Ten Broek.

The general desire of the people for
the re-election of Comptroller Ten Broek is
shown by the strong pressure that is
being brought to bear upon him to become
an independent candidate. The question whether Mr. Ten Broek once
said he would not run without the Re-
publican nomination has been entirely
eliminated from consideration by the
large number of prominent Republicans
who have waited upon Mr. Ten Broek
yesterday and today and pledged their
support to him as an independent candi-
date.

The importance of the office and the
necessity of having it filled by a thor-
oughly competent and experienced man
has prompted many to urge Mr. Ten
Broek to make the race. His
election would be undoubtedly. It is
almost a parallel case with that
of the late John Roche, who was com-
ptroller of St. Paul for many years, and
who was elected by overwhelming majorities,
even when the rest of the ticket on
which he ran was buried out of sight.
The people regarded him as an invaluable
guardian of the city's interests.

It is with much the same feeling that
the people of Duluth regard Mr. Ten
Broek. He can hardly afford to refuse
the very general demand that he be-
come the people's candidate.

Municipal Reform.

The prophecy is made by the New
York Evening Post that unless the Re-
publicans of New York state speedily
throw over Boss Platt there will be a re-
action, with the result of putting Hill
again in the saddle. A correspondent
describes the struggle that has begun be-
tween Platt and Mayor Strong, who, at
last accounts, remained firmly determined
to carry out the program of reform
that he had arranged at the outset,
whether it pleased or displeased Mr.
Platt. It must be remembered that Mr.
Strong, although elected by a non-parti-
san combination, is a pronounced Re-
publican on all national issues.

It would not be surprising hereafter,
from events occurring in New York city,
Philadelphia and other places, if munici-
pal reform did not take the form of quite
a national issue two years hence. The
people are tired and disgusted with the
results of political ring rule in the gov-
ernment of our cities. They have seen
the gross corruption and the serious
abuses which have attended the rule of
the machine politicians, to the great injury
of the citizens, and they have re-
solved that the politicians must keep
their hands off the city offices. This is
true not only in the cities mentioned, but
in many others throughout the country.
There can be no municipal reform where
national politics play a leading part in
the election of city officials. These men
must be chosen on the score of fitness
and not of political beliefs, in order that

good government may result, and this is
the way that they will be elected in Duluth
this year. The bosses must keep
their hands off or take the consequences.

Setting Labor Disputes.

The street railway strike at Brooklyn,
with the resultant rioting by lawless
mobs and the calling out of thousands of
soldiers to preserve order and protect
the property of the railway companies,
emphasizes once more the necessity of
devising some means of settling disputes
between employers and employees without
recourse to such extreme and violent
measures. The recent trouble at
Chicago and the present proceedings at
Brooklyn are events that cannot be re-
peated many more times without causing
a tremendous upheaval throughout
the country.

It is significant that in nearly every
state legislature now in session bills have
been introduced providing for arbitration
of disputes between labor and capital.
The favorite plan is that of voluntary
arbitration. The labor unions oppose
compulsory arbitration, and it does not
seem clear that any satisfactory
method could be devised of carrying out
a compulsory arbitration law so that the
results of the arbitration could be enforced
as to all parties concerned. A bill introduced in the Minnesota legislature
yesterday by Senator Hiram F. Stevens
has the approval of the state
federation of labor and provides for voluntary
arbitration, but in cases where the
parties will not agree to arbitration the
state board is empowered to investigate
and publish a report giving its conclusions.
The board is to be appointed by the
governor and shall consist of three
members, one an employer, one a member
of a labor union and the third an impartial
man, agreed upon by the first two.

It seems to be an improvement upon
the law which has worked so well in
Massachusetts. A bill of a similar nature
has been introduced in the Illinois legislature.
It suggests the nomination of a
Republican and a Democrat by the
governor. These are to pick a third, and
failing their agreement, the governor
is to appoint as non-partisan a personage
as he can select. The board can be called in to arbitrate in cases where
twenty-five men of labor are concerned.
With laws of this character in every state,
there will be an end to all strikes and
boycotts, which are ruinous and un-
American in principle.

The Gold Situation.
The New York Recorder tells the story of
the gold situation in such a clear man-
ner that it can hardly be improved upon.
Here is what it says: Congressman
Hendrix made it entirely clear a few
days ago that our treasury is only at the
mercy of the gold exporters because it
does not meet them in the same way that
European governments and banks meet
them.

The Brooklyn congressman explained
that if Rothschild wants to contribute
gold to enable Austria-Hungary to go
up a gold basis, he makes a bid to the
Reichsbank at such a rate for American
eagles. A cable cipher comes across the
ocean and an offer is made for American
eagles at such a price, interest to be paid
from the date of shipment. There may be
only $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent in the deal, but
on a large transaction $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent,
as any business man knows, is a very
valuable thing.

All they have to do to get our gold is
to collect our treasury notes and green-
backs, go down to the treasury and hand
them in denominations of \$1 or \$10,000
and fill a cart back up to the door.

The gold of the United States finds its
way into the bowels of a steamer waiting,
with steam up, ready to cross the Atlantic,
and the exporter receives interest from
the moment the gold is put on board
the ship.

The Bank of France, as Mr. Hendrix
went on to show, puts a price on Ameri-
can eagles in the same way. Then he
pointed out how the things work when we
want to get gold. If any man goes to
the Bank of France and asks to have a
note of that bank cashed, if it is a small
amount, and he is an American traveler,
they will be very glad indeed to hand over
the counter the few napoleons which
he requires, but if he brings in a large
amount of notes and asks for gold, they
will simply tell him that the rules of the
Bank of France forbid them to give him
more than 5 per cent of the amount in
gold, and they will pay him the rest in
silver. If he is a merchant and must
have gold they will say to him: "Our
price for American eagles is so much,
if you desire to pay that price we shall
be very glad to sell them to you." They
put a premium on it.

The Bank of France and the Bank of
Germany, as Mr. Hendrix says, both
become great bullion dealers under that
system, while the treasury of the United
States, a great, free-handed country,
throws it out to anybody who comes
along with a demand note.

Duluth's High Standing.
Duluth has good reason to proud
of her excellent standing in financial cir-
cles. The bid made by a prominent
New York bond house of a handsome
premium for the proposed issue of \$594,
000 of 4 per cent water bonds testifies in
a striking manner to the high position
which Duluth occupies in the regard of
Eastern investors. The fact that a
good-sized premium has been offered for
Duluth 4 per cent bonds by one of the
leading investment institutions of the
metropolis cannot fail to have a beneficial
effect on Duluth investments of
every character. This is the first time

These January Cheap
Sales Catch the Crowd

The Pace
Quicken!

Here's a Chance to
Keep Your Hands
Warm Cheaply!



All Woolen Mittens, Silk Mittens, Mocca
Mittens and Kid Mittens for Ladies,
Gentlemen, Boys and Misses commence
selling tomorrow at **Half Price**.

Keep on Reading:

200 dozen pairs Ladies' Hose, regular
made and seamless, **12 1-2c a Pair**.

Keep On:

Here's the announcement you've all been
waiting to hear. Out goes the Woolen
Underwear, Misses', Children's, Infants'
and Ladies' Woolen Underwear at **Half
Price**. No further comment necessary,
except you want to make haste.

Look For It:

We'll soon tell you about great families of
Muslin Underwear and Embroideries.

Howard & Haynie

that any premium has been given on 4
per cent bonds issued by any city west of
Chicago, which she says: "Notwithstanding all
my efforts, I find it so impossible to accom-
modate myself to the very peculiar man-
ners of this city that I prefer to return
East. I thank such may have shown
consideration or kindness to me, but I
will have nothing to do with them again.
I hope to find a place where I can
make a living and be happy."

Argued it successfully.
St. Cloud Journal-Press: R. C. Mitchell,
editor of the Duluth Tribune, a Populist weekly paper, is endeavoring
to entice Congressmen-elect Towne into
an argument in the Tribune on the
question of the right of the people to
make a general money question at length before the
people of the entire district fall and ap-
peared quite successfully, and very
probably has other matters, this time
to attend to beside engaging in an inter-
minable discussion with the worthy
gentleman who edits the Tribune.

Giving Even with a Janitor.
Somerville Journal: The janitor of one
of Somerville's apartment houses, is
now doing double duty and the tenant
clubbed together and bought him two
round-trip tickets to San Francisco, so
that when he got on his wedding trip
might stay away as long as possible.
They say that it seems as if they have
been living while he has been gone.

His Great Fear.

Chicago Tribune: "You'd better go
away, we've got the measles here."
"Madam," replied the janitor, scaring
him on the step with great deliberation,
"the only disease I am afraid of
is appendicitis. I shall be obliged to
ask you, madam," he added with
dignity, "not to keep me any cherry pie."

Giant Buckle To.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: One of
the new things is appeared in the
Connecticut legislature. A figure is
on the floor of the house, a person
of the size of a man, who is
carrying a large buckle on his belt.

WANTED—FEW TEAMS FOR HAULING

logs. Apply to Lyman Ladd.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR

second work. Call at 121 East Superior

STREET.

WANTED—MALE HELPER.

S. M. KRAUF, WANTED TO SELL THE
RENTAL TRADE. Washes and dries the dishes in
two minutes without wetting the fingers; \$75 a
week. Address F. 185, Duluth.

WANTED—A GOOD HORSE, PONYLAND

cutting and harness. \$15 spring wagon

FIFTEEN.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SNAP—I HAVE A LOT FOR SALE
FOR half price, Hazlewood Park division
West Duluth. Address J. W. N. 13 Seventh
avenue west.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

<p

BID BETTER THAN PAR.

Blair & Co. New York Bond Buyers, Make the Only Bid Above Par for the Bonds.

Several Other Firms Wanted the Rate of Interest Increased While Others Wanted Big Commissions.

City Attorney Morris Will Investigate the Bids and Report Next Monday—Water Company Has Accepted.

The opening of bids for water bonds in the sum of \$50,000,000, was the leading feature of last evening's adjourned council meeting. The bids were as follows:

Blair & Co., of New York, represented by B. A. Seitz, offered to take the bonds at par, and pay a premium of \$187.20 with accrued interest.

Mason, Lewis & Co., of Chicago, offered to purchase the bonds at par if allowed a commission of \$22,100.

Rudolph, Kleybott & Co., of Cincinnati, represented by M. MacQuiston, made a similar bid but offered to take the bonds at par and pay a premium of \$100 if the interest was raised to 4½ per cent.

E. H. Gay & Co., of Boston, represented by B. A. Seitz, said that they could not make a bid, but that they would take the bonds at a premium if the interest was raised to 4½ per cent.

Z. Lewis & Co., of Dayton, Ohio, represented by F. G. Stedman, signified a willingness to take the bonds at par less a commission to be agreed upon between themselves and the city.

Each definite bid was accompanied by a certified check for \$10,000. The bids were referred to the finance committee. The city attorney will pass upon the bids and it is likely that the committee will make a report to the mayor.

At a late meeting of the council, the Duluth Gas and Water company was given an additional ten days in which to accept the council's resolution, accepting the company's proposition to sell its plant. Last evening, the Duluth gas and water committee submitted a communication, in which the resolution passed by the council Dec. 10, was accepted, on condition that the sum of \$6,250 be deposited in escrow in the First National Bank, of Duluth, together with an agreement specifying the manner in which the money should be paid out by the company.

The city attorney submitted a statement to the effect that J. T. Bullock, who claims \$130,000 damages to lots 31 and 32, block 10, of the 8th and 9th wards, on account of the removal of the lateral support, has signified a willingness to accept \$300 cash and avoid litigation. Received and referred.

Agrees Upon a Settlement.

John Hinman, who was hurt in a gravely at 11th and 33rd, on January 10, by the city, has agreed to drop his damage suit on condition that he be paid \$281 cash and be given employment at such work he is able to do at \$35 a month from Jan. 1, 1895, to June 1, 1895. City Attorney Morris recommended that a settlement be made on that basis. Received and referred.

The board of fire commissioners invited the council to visit and inspect Central Fire hall tomorrow, Friday, afternoon, and a prompt acceptance was the result.

Christian Becklinger, who has the contract for the Fond du Lac electric light plant, asked that the time in his contract be extended sixty days on account of inability to secure and get in place some of the apparatus.

The secretaries of the board of fire commissioners reported that during December 115 men were employed in the fire department and that the expenditures were as follows:

Salaries..... \$ 6,685.00

New material..... 312.50

Fuel..... 346.88

Hydrant rent..... 8.91 67

Miscellaneous expenses..... 5,149.36

Total..... \$10,199.36

W. H. Holzenbeck et al submitted a petition for the erection of an iron bridge across the St. Louis river at Fond du Lac. Referred.

The first reading was given a new ordinance granting the Duluth Transfer Rail company a right-of-way over certain streets and avenues. The right-of-way touches Twenty-first, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh avenues west, Lemarque avenue, Oneota street, Ironot street, Selma street, Gogebic street, and 3rd Street. Second avenue, Howland, Avenue, Hulet, Avenue, Cumberland and Brighton streets, Maple, Arthur, Lynn, Elm, Cedar and Fifteenth avenues west, and Polk street. By this ordinance the company is compelled to relinquish all previous grants across Twenty-first, Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh avenues west.

About thirty-five West Duluthians submitted a petition asking for public work. They state that they are penniless, out of work, and while they are loath to accept public charity, they must do so in place of the present labor. The petition was referred to the board of public works.

Wm. E. Lucas,

1 Exchange Bldg.

Fire insurance written in companies unsurpassed for prompt payment of losses. Your security the lower the rate. Keep a little money in your pocket, even if you borrow it—it is a very handy thing to have around.

Congress is in session on the wheel of business, bringing business usually to a stop during the long session. The present short session is retarding business perceptibly, but the 4th of March is too near for any great panic to be developed. What "Wall" can do. After Congress adjourns we all hope to make money enough to pay up our taxes, penalties and all. I can sell some good properties in Duluth, cheap, that will surely make money for the buyer.

AMUSEMENTS.

Ideal Concert Company.
The Ideal Concert company, of St. Paul, will give a concert at the Lyceum on Saturday evening. All of the members have friends in Duluth and at least two of them have been here. Miss Gertrude Sans Souci is a young pianist who has already won a fine reputation. The Minneapolis Tribune said of her:

"Miss Sans Souci is an artiste. Her great power lies in her finger and exceptional delicacy of touch; her pretty mannerisms, her smiling, laughing, fingers glide over the keys seeming scarcely to touch them, yet producing notes unfailing in accuracy and precision."

Of Mrs. C. B. Yale, the contralto, the Pioneer Press says: "Mrs. C. B. Yale has so long been known as the favorite contralto of the North that no more mention of her name is a guarantee of excellence; she never fails to charm wherever heard."

Mrs. S. V. Harris, the soprano, and Miss Edith Clark Ford, elocutionist, have testimonials fully as strong.

Rooney Comedy Farcie.

Pat Rooney's farce company will present at the Lyceum next Monday and Tuesday Mr. Carroll's laughing远足. The company comprises Mattie, Jose and Master Pat Rooney and several other well-known New York favorites, all of whom have won a deservedly prominent place on the farce comedy stage. "Lord Rooney" is the most popular farce comedy in the city. The road to success is not always found in farce comedies. It is sparkling witty, and without plot or play would be easily being enjoyed. The story of the play is not consistent, but the incidents follow each other with a rush, and there is a go to the piece that is irresistible. The vivacity of the play is really catching. The situations are exceedingly ludicrous, and there is a whirl of fun accompanying the performance that is refreshing and promising.

SUSPICIOUS FIRE.

O'Brien & Knowlton Block the Scene of a Fire Evidently of Incendiary Origin.

About 11 o'clock last night fire was discovered under very suspicious circumstances in the O'Brien & Knowlton block, about twenty feet from Twenty-first avenue west which turned out to be a burning chimney. The fire was about one mile from Seine bay. So far he has discovered eight veins on the property. The Big Slave vein is seven feet thick and is down to 1,000 feet. The assays are \$2.50 to \$3.00 per foot.

The idea of Mr. Hines is to build this road to connect with the Duluth & Winnipeg, and in glowing terms of the rich resources it possesses. The Duluth & Winnipeg runs out 108 miles now. Beyond this for twenty miles is a magnificent pine forest. Then comes a hard-wood belt, and a great meadow property, which is never cut. Then for 125 miles, one solid grain field.

The farmers now have a force of men at work at Red Lake getting out ties. The cost to buy them will be about \$100,000. The cost to lay them down is \$100,000. The cost to get them to market themselves they only cost \$200.

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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION
MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

THREE CENTS

TWELFTH YEAR.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 25, 1895.

SIMON CLARK
Grocery Co.,
Old Glass Block Store, Cash Grocers
115-120 W. Superior Street.

Full Line of
Green Vegetables,
INCLUDING:
Plephant,
Cucumbers,
Radish,
Caniflower,
Watercress,
Parsley,
Lettuce,
Tomatoes,
Celery,
Oyster Plant,
Spinach.

Full Line Fruits,
INCLUDING:
Fancy Florida Oranges,
Fancy Table Apples,
Grape Fruit,
From W. G. Peck's Orchard,
Fiori.
Fancy Mississ. Lemons.

25 lbs Best New York Buckwheat. 85c.
Very Fine Japan Tea. 35c; 3 lbs for \$1.
Spaletting House, Java and Mocha. 35c; 3 lbs for \$1.
12 bars Fairbanks' Standard Soap. 25c.
6 bars Best Laundry Soap. 25c.
Bestquality Gingersnaps. Saturday only. 6c per lb.
5 lbs Crisp Butter Crackers. 25c.
Fancy Dairy Butter in 10-lb pails. 18c per lb.
Fancy Creamery Butter in 10-lb packages. 23c per lb.
Strictly Fresh Eggs. 22c per doz.
New Turkish Prunes. 5c per lb.
3 cans Genuine Sweet Corn. 25c.
3 cans Tomatoes. 25c.
3 lbs can California Egg Plums. Saturday only. 10c.
Best Patent Flour, large sacks, Saturday only. \$1.59.
3 cans String Beans. 25c.
2 cans Best Standard California Apricots. 25c.
Doughnuts, Saturday only. 7c per doz.
Old-Time Mixed Candy, Saturday only. 7c per lb.
6 Loaves Best Home-Made Bread. 25c.
Gallon can Apples, Erie brand. 23c.
Gallon can Tomatoes, extra fancy. 22c per can.
Pure Leaf Lard. 10c per lb.
Fancy Onions. 20c per peck.

PROMPT DELIVERIES
EVERWHERE.

We Deliver at Lake-
side and Hunter's Park
Saturday.

Simon Clark
GROCERY CO.
CASH GROCERS.

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men and Not
Subject to Any Eastern Concern.

The BIG DULUTH

Established in 1881.

STORE OPEN TOMORROW EVENING 'TIL 10 O'CLOCK.

20 Per Cent Off Every Purchase

Williamson & Mendenhall

125 AND 127 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

CUT FLOWERS



We are now offering the largest stock ever seen in Duluth of Roses, Carnations, Hyacinths, Tulips, Violets, Lillies of the Valley, and American Beauty Roses, at the lowest prices. No old wilted stock; everything is the freshest and finest from our own green houses. All kinds of floral designs for weddings, banquets, balls, table decorations, etc. Funeral designs, made up on short notice, from the smallest wreath to the beautiful Gates of All, and packed to ship long distances.

See Our Display
of Flowers
in ALBERTSON'S
Window Tomorrow.

Call and see us at ALBERTSON'S BOOK STORE, No. 227 West Superior street; and No. 921 East Third street.

A. McCOMBER, FLORIST.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
District Managers,
London Guarantee & Accident Co.
(LIMITED),
OF LONDON, ENG.
ORGANIZED 1869.

Employers Liability,
Elevator Accident,
Workmen's Collective,
Surety Bonds
Individual Accident

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO
Furnish Electric Current
For Arc and Incandescent Light
And Motor Service.

General Office: Room 3 Exchange Building.

1895

And Office Supplies generally.
Now as always,

Chamberlain & Taylor's

BOOKSTORE, 323 West Superior Street.

Members of the Duluth Clearing House Association.

First National Bank	CAPITAL	RESERVE
American Exchange Bank	\$1,000,000	\$250,000
Marine National Bank	600,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	250,000	27,000
State Bank of Duluth	200,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	40,000



The Best Flour From
The Best Wheat Makes
The Best Bread.

The Above Refers to.....

Primus.

There is more of this flour used in Duluth than of any other. Do you use it? If not, why not? Remember the best is the most wholesome, cheapest and healthiest. SOLD BY YOUR GROCER.

T. B. Hawkes & Co., Manufacturers.

NEARLY ENDED.

The Great Tieup At Brooklyn Reported to Be
Broken and the Strike Almost
Ended.

Wires Still Being Cut and Cars Stoned, as
Well as Other Gross Outrages
Committed.

Dynamite Cartridge Picked Up in One of
the Busiest Portions of the
City Today.

Another Cartridge Was Exploded on Myrtle
Avenue and Many Windows Broken,
But Nobody Injured.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 25.—The big street
car strike is nearly over. The day may
see the strikers declare themselves
beaten and returning to work as indi-
viduals, as the railroad companies say
they may and not through the treaties of
the executive committee. Trolley cars
are running on nearly all the lines,
though not the full complement, but the
great sleep has been broken. The situation
has become so serene that the
Ninth regiment has been ordered home,
and there is every likelihood that before
the day is over the Seventy, in command of
Col. Appleton, may be ordered
back to New York tonight. The soldiers
will be glad to be relieved from duty.

Since the night before the trouble began
by the striking men, the cutting of wires
which happened in many sections. This
did not necessarily affect the running of
cars as the companies have been able to
replace many linemen who struck.

The Brooklyn Heights Railroad com-
pany will venture to run its cross-town
line to the Brooklyn Bridge this evening.
Large crowds of men and women
are waiting for the first car, and it is believed
they intend to give it a warm reception.
The authorities have sent a large military force and a strong detachment
of police to keep the peace. The military
have been ordered not to shoot without good
cause but to be firm in their treatment of
men, and when they do shoot do so in
earnest.

Police Commissioner Welles has made
an investigation into the shooting of
Carney who was shot on the roof of a
house in Hicks street yesterday afternoon
and died in the Coney Island college
hospital yesterday. The commissioner
refuses to make public the nature of
the report, but it is believed that he
will arrive at the killing was unwarranted.

At strikers' headquarters it is said that
the unusual quietness of the strikers is
on account of Justice Gaynor's man-
damus opinion. They believe that
the strike is cut or, at any rate, was
made to the running of cars, the man-
damus will be rendered inoperative.

This they wish to avoid. All the non-
union men who were held by the military
in order that they might not be
released have been released.

Troop A scouted two hours, and loads
of linemen along the route of the Cross-
town line between Tisay hall and Red Hook
early in the day. They found that wires
had been cut and were lying about the
streets, and on some corner street a
car had been strung together and
knocked over the wires. In places the
fused wire had been severed.

The linemen, surrounded by guards of
soldiers, cleared away the incumbrances
but left nobody to protect the wires. The
cutters were right, and the strikers
had as yet made their repairs. The
wires were severed and the cans
flung over them again. The linemen
did their work over a second time but
took the precaution to leave picked
beneath the wires to prevent the
wires from being severed again.

The argument in the case of Joseph
Leader against the Brooklyn Heights
company asking for a mandamus, was
heard before Justice Gaynor. After the
arguments had closed, Judge Gaynor
said that he would give a decision
shortly during the afternoon. The deci-
sion will determine whether the writ
will be peremptory or simply alterna-
tive.

Judge Gaynor reserved decision this
morning in the habeas corpus proceed-
ings to release men imprisoned in the
stocks by the Brooklyn Heights Railroad
company and in the armories.

What is supposed to be a dynamite
cartridge was picked up this morning by
a man who brought it to the First pre-
cinct station house on the corner of Franklin
and Fulton street, one of the busiest stations
of the city and where several car lines
pass. The object was found on the car
track. It is covered with a coating of
tar and has fuse on one end, and is about
one and a half inches long. The police
immediately brought it to Police Superintendent
Campbell, who decided to send it to the
hazard yard where an examination will be
made.

A dynamite cartridge exploded in
front of 47 Myrtle avenue yesterday. Many
windows were broken but nobody was injured.

There is a howling mob in front of the
Seventh precinct station at Greenpoint

surrounding a string of cars which have
been deserted by the motormen. Most
of the policemen are on duty at the
station some distance away. The crowd is
amusing itself by smashing the windows
of the stalled cars.

The strikers, under Walking Delega-
tive, have driven many of the crew of
the croton and Graham avenue lines
into the desert. The strikers in some instances
returned the cars to the stables.

An exciting episode occurred at the
Ridgewood station, when about twenty-
five new men arrived to go to work.
When they came in the eleven cars and
the strikers surrounded them and suc-
ceeded in hustling them down Palmetto

street before the militia or police had
any knowledge of the new arrivals.

As soon as the kidnapping became
known a detail of police and militia
were sent hurriedly to the rescue. The
militia succeeded in overtaking the kid-
nappers and their followers, secured
one of the latter. These were escorted
back to the barns by the police and
militia. The other nineteen were taken
to the headquarters of the strikers and
kept as prisoners. A picket was then
placed at a elevated road to prevent
the repetition of the occurrence.

It is reported that three pistol shots
were fired by unknown persons in a
mob at Bedford avenue and Lorimer
street at 3 o'clock this afternoon at a car
on the street line.

Cars have been stoned there for three
hours, and all the motormen have de-
serted their posts. The police brought
a number of motormen, but these re-
cruits refused to get on the cars when
they saw the proportions and temerity
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WAR MAY SOON COME.

The Serious Trouble Between Mexico and Guatemala Has Now Reached a Very Acute Stage.

Meeting of the Mexican Cabinet Being Held Today to Discuss the Reply of Guatemala.

Likely That It Will Preface an Ultimatum to Be Followed by War, If Necessary.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 25.—The official communication of Guatemala to the demands of Mexico over the threatening international boundary dispute, was delivered to the national palace this morning. It came on the Vera Cruz railway mail train last night having been forwarded from Coatzacoalcos to Vera Cruz by a boat in waiting.

Foreign Secretary Mariscal was engaged today in making a careful reading of the report which is very voluminous and covers many pages of closely written matter. Its contents have not as yet been made known even to the president and members of the cabinet. The document will be presented at the meeting of the cabinet today.

It is generally understood that the import of Guatemala's reply is the same as indicated in the telegram received from Mexico, which stated that it would be delivered to him by the Guatemalan government. Its tone is evasive and negative, and the foreign department said that the declaration of Mexico's position may be expected inside of four or five days, by which time the reply of Guatemala will have been considered in all its bearings.

While not showing any heat over the reply of Guatemala, the Mexican authorities hold firm to their position and it is very generally understood that early next week an ultimatum will be sent to Guatemala by the corvette Zaragoza, which will at once declare war on that republic unless it accepts the demands of Mexico in every particular. In any event, the Zaragoza, it is expected, will bear a note to Minister Gody instructing him to request his passports from Guatemala. Should it not prove to be negotiable, all hostilities will begin in Mexican soil by the corvette, which will then be detailed for the transportation of troops and munitions of war.

The war department in this capital is all activity. The entire officers are working over hours, and the anxious spirit of life and animation is seen on every side. On the frontier is a large force and several bridges are in readiness to be pushed to the front at a day's notice. Throughout the republic the same activities are noted, and there is no doubt that the world will soon need to be on the Guatemalan frontier within a week or ten days should the occasion demand. The general health and equipment of the Mexican troops now in the South are very good, and reports from the probabilities of war are that the soldiers are now in high spirits and anxious to push forward at the command from headquarters.

Considerable feeling is manifested in this city over the visit to the national arm factory of a member of the Guatemalan legation and company with the Mexican minister. The parties appeared at the factory without previously announcing their intended visit. Being without instructions, the commander of the factory telephoned to headquarters for instructions. The reply was that he was to receive no instructions, it would be inconvenient that the diplomats be given admission, and while the commander was profuse in his apologies the visitors had to go away as ignorant as they came in regard to the operations of Mexico's big killing establishment and the figure it might cut in the near future.

Trial practice has been given the range cannot as reformed by Senors Mondragon and Perez, two officers of the Mexican army. The improvements are notable, and materially affect the rapidity, the accuracy and general effectiveness of the cannon now in use in the army.

There is great excitement here and nothing is heard on the streets and in

Don't be Deceived

By those who offer substitutes for Cottolene. Its success has been so phenomenal that numerous imitations are now being offered, which are claimed to be "just as good." All these

Imitations

lack the intrinsic merit of Cottolene, and will prove disappointing and disagreeable to those who use them. These counterfeits differ widely from Cottolene, and are mere

Experiments

when compared to the reliable shortening—Cottolene. Save money, annoyance, and your health by refusing all substitutes offered to take the place of Cottolene.

Sold in three and five pound pails, by all grocers. Made only by

The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

newspaper offices but war talk. A meeting of the cabinet has been called for this morning, at which time it is thought war will be declared. Mexico, it is said, has good men on the Guatemalan frontier ready for action.

MEXICO'S ADROIT PLAN.

How Forces Would be Pushed to the Guatemalan Capital.

SALINA CRUZ, State of Oaxaca, Mex., Jan. 25.—It is reported here that arrangements are being quietly made by the Mexican war authorities for the Guatemalan invasion as soon as hostilities are declared. The theory is that the armed corvette Zaragoza, the gunboat Oaxaca and the Mexican boats on the Pacific coast will be employed in landing troops at San Jose, Guatemala, or at some other convenient point.

Immediately on landing, the forces will be pushed with all possible speed across the country toward the capital, which lies only a few miles from the coast and where it is naturally expected the hard fighting will occur. At the same time, the famed Mexican rural forces will be ready to start from the various points on the border now occupied by Mexican troops and cavalry, sweeping through the country like a whirlwind.

The rurales will aim to clear up things as they go and be on hand and ready to co-operate with the sea forces by which the tops of the mountains are to be scaled.

It is reported that the Guatemalan forces will probably do all to assist their power to prevent a landing of the Mexican forces, it is evident that they will be pushed to the Guatemalan Capital.

The artillery and cavalry, however, will probably have little trouble in gaining

the city, as the Guatemalan forces

will be scattered throughout the country and not being in communication with each other, when the people

demanded silver dollars, the account

was closed and the small change

they paid them out freely, until it was

discovered that it was stopped, of

course, at once.

The ten sub-treasuries are scattered throughout the country and, not being in communication with each other, when the people

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WEST DULUTH ITEMS

Petition for John M. Martin as a Candidate for Alderman From the Eighth Being Circulated.

Talk of Pulling W. H. Smith, the Democratic Nominee is Said to be Without Foundation.

Scarlet Fever at Smithville is Spreading and Several Children Are in a Dangerous Condition.

A petition was being circulated today for the candidacy of J. M. Martin for alderman in the Eighth ward. C. A. Johnson declines to be a candidate it is understood, and John Peterson is said to be acquiring rights in a homeestead which precludes the possibility of his being in the field.

As it looks today the fight will be a three-cornered one between W. H. Smith, the Democratic candidate; J. M. Martin, Independent, and Thomas Olafson, the Greenbacker. The Greenbacker being questioned this morning in regard to the rumor that Smith would be pulled out in the interest of Martin, laconically answered, "What will pull him off?" He stated that the Republicans would lose to Martin more than the Democrats and in a fight of this kind Smith would stand a good show of it.

Scarlet Fever Spreading.

The scarlet fever is spreading at Smithville, and the epidemic is reaching a serious stage. The little child of A. E. Overton was not expected to live through the day this morning and another child in the same condition with the disease at the school was closed sometime ago and precautionary measures taken but it appears impossible to stamp out the germs of the fever.

Dr. Burnsides who has treated some of the cases there says that the disease is found in a malignant form and he is somewhat fearful of the results.

West Duluth Briefs.

At the church of the Holy Apostles services will be held each evening next week. Rev. Dr. Ryan of Duluth, Rev. Mr. McNamee of Superior, and Rev. Deacon Appleby of St. Paul are expected to conduct these services.

John Johnson, Columbia avenue, 14 years of age, died at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon of peritonitis.

The New Duluth people will celebrate the completion of the new hall at that place by a grand ball to be given on Feb. 1. It will be under the auspices of the order of Knights of Pythias.

H. S. Bascom's check has concluded to move his cigar factory to Duluth. He has formed a partnership with G. L. Peterson and the first of next month they will open a billiard hall on Superior street.

Miss Lizzie Barnard will entertain a number of her young friends this evening.

L. F. Brennan, of Minneapolis, was here yesterday.

F. O. Morris has gone to California for a short visit.

F. S. Mason has gone East on business.

R. E. Backus, of St. Cloud, is visiting friends in the city.

Order A. Bagley's coal, Raley's grocery

Do Not Miss This Chance.

Want to trade equity in my fine, room residence. Hot air, hot and cold water, bath, brown stone basement, large barn, all on 50-foot lot, for smaller property that I can't wait to move thinking about it, but investigate again. Address lock box 329, West Duluth.

A BIG TRANSCRIPT.

Hulet Will Case Testimony Typewritten 314 Pages.

A transcript of the testimony in the Hulet will case was filed in the clerk's office this morning. It consists of 314 solidly printed pages of typewritten matter, and is an inch and a half in thickness.

In the case of Leonidas Merritt against the Biwabik Mountain Iron company an order has been made by stipulation extending the time to Jan. 15, to enable the plaintiff to prepare his case and make a motion for a new trial.

Judge Moer has filed findings in the case of Alexander Nelson against C. G. Johnson, declaring that the plaintiff's lien is void on account of violation of contract.

A demurser has been filed in the case of A. R. and E. T. Merritt against Paul Sharby as sheriff on the ground of defect in parties' plaintiff and insufficient cause of action. The suit to restrain the sheriff from serving some notices for notes given in payment by the Merritts on a Kentucky coal land deal.

The case of John Halvorsen against the Great Northern Railway company has been settled and dismissed.

Samuel Wells has sued the Marinette and iron works for \$9,225 for services and money loaned.

IT'S A MILLSTONE

About a young man's neck to be a burden from nervousness, pain, soreness, debility, impaired memory, low spirits, intestinal trouble, and other maladies of mind and body that result from, emotional, nervous, habits contracted through ignorance and carelessness in loss of man's power to wretched the constitution and sometimes produce softening of the brain, epilepsy, paralysis, and even death.

The book contains more such unfortunate to health and happiness, is the aim of the publishers of a book written in plain and simple language, and free from symptoms and remedies by home treatment, of such diseases. This book will be sent sealed, in plain envelope, on receipt of ten cents postage, postpaid. Address, "World's Dispensary," Medical Association, 900 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

WHEAT PRICES DECLINED.

Heavy Business Caused by Free Liquidation By Scarred Holders.

The chief feature of the wheat market here today was the free liquidation by scarred lots.

The early news was bearish and May opened at \$1.50, which was 16 below last night. It turned

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

In Duluth.

Note.—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the market; for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged.

Receipts good; market holds firm.

Creameries, separators, extra..... 22 622

Creameries, choice..... 18 620

Creameries, special make..... 16 618

Dairies, choice..... 16 615

Dairies, good, fair and sweet..... 12 615

Bird butter..... 8 614

Packing stock..... 8 614

CHEESE.

Firm, 16 lbs, choice..... 11 6115

Full cream, Young America..... 11 6115

Full cream, second grade..... 11 6115

Full cream, 16 lbs, choice..... 11 6115

Limbiger, full cream, choice..... 8 6115

Brick, 16 lbs, choice..... 10 6115

BRICKS.

Receipts not so heavy, market firm..... 18 619

Candled stock, strictly fresh..... 15 616

Storage goods..... 15 616

HONEY.

Fancy white clover..... 15 616

Dark honey..... 15 614

BEANS AND PEAS.

A steady market.

Fancy navy per bushel..... 1 246 80

Dark navy, per bushel..... 1 246 80

New!

We Are a New House!
Our Stock is Entirely New!
Our Prices Are Also New!

Can you not see the great amount of good we can do you? We have no old, bad accounts to charge into our profits, which increases the cost of the goods to you, neither have we any old, hard stock to work off on you. And last, but not least, our goods cost us from 15 per cent to 25 per cent less, having been bought within the past six months, as the duty has decreased that much since September 1st, 1894, and nearly all the stocks of Crockery owned in Duluth are from four to six years old.

F. A. Parker Company,
28 West Superior Street.

LOW RATES TO RULE.

Monster Craft Revolutionizing the Trade of the Great Lakes.

Referring to the fact that three 100-foot freighters are now under contract for the lake trade a vessel owner said the other day: "With the advent and multiplication of steamers carrying anywhere from 3500 to 5500 gross tons those carrying from 1800 to 2500 tons must soon hold the same relative position that the old style Welland canal schooners did when compared with schooners whose carrying capacity ranged from 10,000 to 10,000 bushels, and that of necessity must in turn cause everything carrying from 1800 tons downward to be put into the 'mosquito fleet' grade, and those of smaller size still into the ranks of the 'small and puny'."

But the introduction of vessels of monster carrying capacity will have an influence far more important than that of changing grades. Its effect will be to place freight rates upon a very low basis and hold them there for all time to come. Regarding this matter the Cleverland hand had this to say in a recent issue:

"Three good steamers of the wooden type will not be able to move as much freight in a season as a modest craft capable of carrying 5500 to 6000 tons at the rate of fifteen or fourteen miles an hour. Steamships 100 feet long mean that freight rates on the great lakes will become lower and lower, because the cost of transportation will be cut down. The big boats will be able to carry more and the small and older vessels must do as well as they can to meet them. That is how the money spent by the national government in the improvement of lake channels will come back to the people. Every vessel will be able to move and insure the cheapest possible transportation rates on routes over which enormous quantities of freight will always be moved. The investment has been a good one, and it will pay for all time to come. Great as the past and present of lake trade is, there are more to come to make all that has yet been done seem small and of little account by contrast."

BUY A FARM!

20,000 acres of Fine Farming Land for sale at \$1.00 per acre. 10 per cent cash, balance in 10 year payments; 10 per cent each year.

John G. Howard,
10 East Michigan Street, Duluth, Minn.

GREAT TIME FOR SHRINERS.

Legislators to Take Across the Burning Sands of the Desert.

As is the usual custom, there will be one or two legislative sessions of Osman temple of the Mystic Shrine at St. Paul, and Potentate Hugo, of Duluth, has decided upon Feb. 13 as the date for the first grand Bedouin gathering of the new year. On that date there will be a great jamboree of regenerated heathen coming across the burning sands of the desert to Mecca, and among them will be many of state fame.

The legislature contains a large number of Shriner, and also a larger number of those entitled to receive the imposing Arabic name, and so hashing has been done since the first of the year that the class of novices promises to be unusually large. On that occasion the new ritual will be used and that will have the additional effect of bringing together Shriner from all over the state.

The People's Concert.

The second of the Bethel People's concert was given last evening under the direction of Miss Margaret McDonald. The program included music by Miss McDonald, Miss Donavan, Frank Schulz and J. D. Sattler, sang Miss Lynn played and Miss Zella Hurd recited. Miss Julia Donavan sang "O Mio Fernando" by Donizetti, Miss McDonald gave the "Guitas" and Latin American, Frank Schulz, "At Sea," by Sirekoff, and J. D. Sattler Schubert's "Serenade." Miss Donavan and Mr. Schultz sang Jordan's "Love's Reward." Miss Lynn played "Cachouca Caprice" by Raff. The Cathedral carol sang two numbers. Miss Mac Bondy recited two selections and was received with marked favor.

NO IRON WAR IN PROSPECT.

So Say the Secretary of the Minnesota Iron Company.
Current reports have it, says the Chicago Tribune of Wednesday, that the Minnesota Iron company is to enter the Gogebic iron range, and that there will be a great fight between the Minnesota company and the two ore companies owned by J. D. Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate.

"The reports are doubtless an echo of the story sent out from Duluth last summer," Secretary Coffin, of the Minnesota Iron company, said, "in the effect that the two ore companies owned by J. D. Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate, were to enter the Gogebic iron range, and that there will be a great fight between the Minnesota company and the two ore companies owned by J. D. Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate."

The damage case of Rock Walczak against the Duluth Street railway for \$5000, jury found, the defendant, yesterday. He claimed to have fallen into a coal pit while changing cars at the power house and sustained injuries amounting to \$170. He wanted \$30 more for loss of time.

Defeated the Superiors.

The V. M. C. A. polo team defeated the Superior club at Superior last night by a score of 2 to 0 in a warmly contested game. The first goal was scored after twenty minutes play and the second in two minutes more. The ice was good and the attendance fair.

Found for the Company.

In the damage case of Rock Walczak against the Duluth Street railway for \$5000, jury found, the defendant, yesterday. He claimed to have fallen into a coal pit while changing cars at the power house and sustained injuries amounting to \$170. He wanted \$30 more for loss of time.

NO MARKET FOR LABOR

Employment Agencies Report That There Are Many Idle Men and No Places For Them.

Lumber Camps Around Duluth Are Full and No Relief Can Be Obtained From That Source.

Employment Sharks Are in Evidence Just the Same, Taking the Last Dollar of Destitute Men.

The employment agencies report a very poor condition in the labor market. Labor is going for almost nothing, for anything it can get, and it goes begging in vain in many cases at that. Strong, able-bodied men, willing able and anxious to work, with at least one and often half a dozen mouths dependent on their work for food, are forced into idleness while their children ask for bread which sometimes comes and most always does not come.

In short there is destitution in the city, which, while it is not so serious as it was last year, is still a serious and formidable problem. The only work which yields any hope at all just at present is the work in the woods, and that will not support any more than it does now. All the camps within forty or fifty miles of Duluth are full to their utmost capacity, and now a day passes that a hungry searcher after occupation for his muscles is not fed at each of these places.

"We have some few orders for men in the woods," said one of the employment agencies, "but the men are not able to get to us or to the men because of the distance from Duluth of these opportunities. The town has many idle men, but they cannot get to these jobs without money for railroad fare, and when most of them lack means for a meal, they cannot pay railroad fare, even though they could get a winter's job doing so. This work is mostly in Michigan, Wisconsin and distant points on the Duluth & Winnipeg and the Mesaba range, and it is scarce even there. We have about 100 men here, and in men at a distance distances. I could send them men out today if they could pay their fares. But—"

"Is there destitution among these men?" was asked.

"Yes, there is. A great deal more than the general public is aware of. A day does not pass from one to a dozen men do not apply for the price of a meal. These are mostly single men. You can imagine the conditions among those who have families."

For such people there is nothing in business, and in the short distance I travel I saw fully seventy-five men walking on the road looking vainly for work. The woods near Duluth are full of them. They walk from camp to camp, begging for work and any price, even for their board. There is no saying that nothing can be done for them, and the best that can be done is to give them a meal and send them along to the next camp.

As far as the employment shark, the most mean and contemptible of the race of human sharks, is as much in evidence as ever. Some time ago one agent sent fifty-six men to the range for grading those in the employment shark, the most of them little more than boys, and quite a number of men were given employment, but there were many on the ground hundred men for every job, and to send them men up there, bleeding them first of perhaps their last dollar, was to subject them to a worse fate than any man could inflict upon them.

The Iron Range officials were incensed at this action, and had they known of it before the train left, the men would not have gone. This morning eight men walked in from there, and said they had been sent to the range, but not only had they been unable to get work, but there was no chance for any more.

Yet an agent, the same one that sent the fifty-six men up, was this morning asking for twenty men to go to the range for railroad work.

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Iron is a most valuable and reliable compound, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

The General Electric company, of Schenectady, N. Y., has sued O. H. Simonds and R. S. Munger for \$1,458 in the United States circuit court. The claim is made on notes given by the fond Du Lac Light, Power and Railway company to the two defendants. The first was for \$10,000, and was given in September, 1893, and five others for small amounts were given later.

Sued on Endorsement Notes.

The Duluth Rubber Stamp Works

Removed To 125 West Superior Street.

Room 4, Williamson Block (over Big Duluth).

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil builds up flesh

and strength quicker than any

other preparation known to science.

A certain laundry has been representing themselves as having bought Lutes' laundry. We want it understood that we have not sold out, neither do we intend to do so. Do not be fooled into giving them your wash, be sure it is their driver before giving him your bundle. LUTES' LAUNDRY.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 14, 1895.

The company has been engaged in

between W. W. McMillan, William Haywood and E. L. Hemenway, dealers in

engines, boilers, machinery and supplies,

doing business under the firm name of

W. W. McMillan & Co. at 215 West

Michigan street, Duluth, Minn. This is

day dissolved by mutual consent of the partners.

W. W. McMillan,

William Harkwood,

E. L. Hemenway.

Hundreds read Herald want ads daily

MRS. WM. P. ROBBINS.

The Smartest Woman of Her Age in Michigan---Why She Works.



DO YOU WEAR HOSE?

IF SO, THEY'RE SELLING CHEAP HERE NOW.

Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, the regular 75c quality For

50c

Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, the regular \$1 quality For

65c

Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Underwear, 75c quality For

50c

Ladies' Black Wool Double Mitts, open backs, 50c previous to Jan. 1. Now sell at

25c

N. B. Look out for the announcement of the arrival of New Wash Goods and Dress Goods. They'll be here very soon now.

NEW WHITE GOODS ARE ALREADY ON SALE!

Dimities, Piques, Nainsooks, Cambrics and Lawns.

Silberstein & Bondy

H. T. HYDE'S

\$2 Shoe Store.

SNAPS IN WINTER RUBBER GOODS

\$1.75

\$1.15

A Pair. Ladies' Extra High-Cut Overshoes, regular \$2.50. Special price per pair. \$1.75

A Pair. Child's High-Button Overshoes, worth \$1.50. Special price per pair. \$1.15

20 Per Cent Discount on all Children's and Misses Shoes. Discount on all Ladies' Slippers. Discount on all Shoes (except \$2 line).

Our Ladies' Shoes at \$2.00 a pair, and Our Gents' Shoes at \$2.00 a pair

ARE UNPARALLELED BARGAINS.

H. T. Hyde, 214 W. Sup. St.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS. The only safe, sure and reliable remedy ever offered to Ladies. We especially recommend it to married Ladies. Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS. Send for circular. Price \$1.00 per box. 6 boxes for \$6.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold in Duluth by Smith & Smith, 101 West Superior Street.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria. Castoria is well adapted to children that are about eight blocks of sewer. It is a sewer in different parts of the city and he will make recommendations to that effect. There are several in the East End. Then Miller creek, from Superior street to First street, ought to be a sewer. It underlines the foundation to the street car barn and under the city it has paid \$300 damages because of that.

"Fourth alley, from Twenty-third to Twenty-fifth avenues needs a sewer. Take Brown Creek alley. It now costs \$150 a year to keep it clean and refuse to help them out of money and out of work. I have been talking with the city engineer, the board of public works and Dr. Goffe, the health officer. The doctor thinks that there are about eight blocks of sewer that really ought to be a sewer in different parts of the city and he will make recommendations to that effect. There are several in the East End. Then Miller creek, from Superior street to First street, ought to be a sewer. It underlines the foundation to the street car barn and under the city it has paid \$300 damages because of that.

"If I was running for office, I would have some public work started here right away. I am not running but the same, I think we can do something to help them out of money and out of work. I have been talking with the city engineer, the board of public works and Dr. Goffe, the health officer. The doctor thinks that there are about eight blocks of sewer that really ought to be a sewer in different parts of the city and he will make recommendations to that effect. There are several in the East End. Then Miller creek, from Superior street to First street, ought to be a sewer. It underlines the foundation to the street car barn and under the city it has paid \$300 damages because of that.

"Should the Judiciary be Taken out of Politics?" Read tomorrow's Duluth Press.

Grocery Company Meeting. The annual meeting of the Duluth

grocery company was held yesterday afternoon and the following officers were elected for the year: H. E. Graff, president; E. L. Russell, secretary and treasurer; Fred H. Russell, manager. The reports of business were good and an aggressive and pushing method for the year was decided upon.

What is Castoria? Castoria cures Colic, Conscientia, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, Eructation, Kill Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

CARLOS MARTIN, D. D., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

"Castoria is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."

EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., New York City.

"Castoria is a safe and reliable remedy for the cure of Consumption, Bronchitis and kindred diseases, where other methods fail."

Prepared by Scott & Bowes, N. Y. All druggists.

"Castoria is a safe and reliable remedy for the cure of Consumption, Bronchitis and kindred diseases, where other methods fail."

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"Castoria is a safe and reliable remedy for the cure of Consumption, Bronchitis and kindred diseases, where other methods fail."

Phillips & Co.

218 West Superior St.

Some.....

Good Bargains!

YOU CAN Find Some Great Values in Shoes. Our January Sale is Still On.

Your choice of any Ladies' Shoe in the store for.....

\$4.00.

Your choice of a lot of Ladies' \$4.00 and \$4.50 Shoes

\$2.98.

Ladies' Satin Toilet Slippers, worth \$1.50.....

90c.

Ladies' \$1.50 Dongola Flannel-Lined Slippers.....

98c.

Ladies' 75c Felt Sole Slippers.....

49c.

Ladies' 90c felt leather sole Slippers, foxed with leather.....

65c.

Your choice of a lot of Men's Shoes, calf and cordovan, all styles, worth \$5, \$6 and \$7.....

\$4.00.

Alfred Dolge's best Felt Shoes, worth \$4.50 and \$5.00, now.....

\$3.00.

Ladies' Beaver-foxed Bals, worth \$1.25, leather sole.....

89c.

Child's Felt-foxed Shoes, worth 90c.....

59c.

Ladies' \$1.50 Red Goat flannel-lined Slippers.....

59c.

Child's Arctics.....

50c.

Men's Arctics.....

65c.

Misses' Arctics.....

90c.

Ladies' Button Arctics

\$1.25.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, Palladio. Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote. The Evening Herald is on sale in St. Paul at the Windsor Hotel news stand. Elected unanimously, Duluth Imperial flour.

The memorial concert in honor of Miss Helen Mackey, deceased, will be given on Wednesday evening at the Empire. The program is being arranged by Miss Mosek and Professor George Tyler.

The sewing circle of the Hebrew Ladies' Benevolent society, will meet at the residence of Mrs. B. Heller, 208 West Second street on Monday afternoon.

An open house reception will be held this evening at the Y. M. C. A. rooms at 8 o'clock. At 9 o'clock a game of basket ball will be played between the High School and Y. M. C. A. teams.

For cheapest homes, quickest transit, Duluth Heights Land Co., Herald building. Births as follows have been reported to the board of health: H. A. and Clara Goulet, two sons, a daughter; William and Anna Weeks, 597 West Sixth street; a daughter, A. F. and Emily Swanson, Oneonta, a son.

The death of Oscar Olson, Seventh street and Twenty-third avenue west, aged 3½ years, of diphtheria, has been reported to the board of health.

Dancing Academy
Odd Fellows' Hall.
Prof. Ourat will organize an Adult Beginners' Class
Monday Evening, Jan. 28.

PERSONAL.

C. P. Bartleson, of Coldwater, Mich., is in the city.

S. A. Harris, of the Globe Elevator company, came up from Minneapolis today.

C. J. Fulton, of Helena, Mont., is at the Spalding.

F. L. Olcott, of Cumberland, Wis., is in the city.

F. Rockefeller, of Cleveland, was here last evening.

John Becktel, of Grand Rapids, is in the city.

Charles Robel, superintendent of the Bethel, is expected home today with his family, from a visit at their former home in Clinton, Ohio.

H. C. Wells came down from Ely today.

W. R. Brown, a lumberman of Shell Lake, Wis., was in the city last evening.

W. G. Bonham, of Tower, is in the city.

A. J. Thomas, of Ely, is in the city.

E. Blake, of Mountain Iron, came down today.

John McCarthy, of Stillwater, was here last evening.

J. N. Proulx arrived last night from Helena, Mont., for a visit to relatives.

Miss Octavia Proulx, who has been ill with typhoid fever, is improving rapidly and will soon be able to venture out.

Dr. G. N. Ritchie went to New York yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. John P. Gordon arrived today for their wedding trip and are at the Spalding.

Porte N. Hewins, of Boston, president of the Massachusetts Realty company, is in the city.

F. G. Pettibone, chief clerk of the Northern Pacific, leaves this afternoon for Florida.

Hon. Joseph M. Weiss and Mrs. Weiss returned to Detroit today.

J. S. Lane, merchant tailor, removed to 338 Superior street, Hotel St. Louis.

POLITICAL MATTERS.

W. G. Ten Brook is an Independent Candidate for Comptroller and is Developing Great Strength.

All Certificates of Nomination and Petitions Must be Filed Tomorrow—Republicans are All In.

C. M. Thomas is Announced as an Independent Candidate for Alderman in the Seventh Ward.

W. G. Ten Brook is on the track as an independent candidate for comptroller larger than life. The encouragement he is receiving is almost marvelous. He is kept busy greeting callers and nearly everyone, regardless of party or faction, is promising him a hearty support.

His petition as an independent candidate will be filed today. It has been no trouble to secure signers. In fact, many have asked the privilege of putting their names on it and they are among the best men financially, morally, intellectually, socially and politically in the city.

The election and the assertions of some of his facetious friends that the handwriting on the wall indicates that he will be a "La Vaque No. 2" only incites a smile of glee and disbelief.

A. N. Hopkins, the regular Republican candidate and candidate for Mr. Ten Brook's shoes, was a caller at the city hall this morning. He is an agreeable, pleasant-spoken gentleman of good physique and appearance. He wears grey chin whiskers and has the appearance of a man who knows honest toil and is afraid of it. To a Herald reporter he said:

"I was born in Livingston county, Michigan, in 1839, hence am 56 years old. Most of my life, until the war opened, was spent at Vermilion, Ohio, in a small town, Michigan, and learned the trade of a blacksmith engineer and when the war broke out enlisted in the Second Michigan Cavalry. I served through the war and remained at my old home until 1870, when I located in the Red River valley near Crookston, Minn. I followed farming with the exception of a year or two in the city, but I am now in the city.

The City Committee.

Chairman J. E. Meyers gave out the names last evening.

J. E. Meyers, chairman of the Republican city convention, has made known his selection of the city committee. H. M. Myers is chairman and member at large.

The other members are as follows: First ward, J. R. Carey; Third ward, Steven; Fourth ward, E. A. Schulze; Fifth ward, T. W. Hugo; Sixth ward, W. W. Allen; Seventh ward, Swan Hanson; Eighth ward, J. O. Hancock.

The Democratic Committee.

Oscar E. Mitchell, chairman of the Democratic city convention, has named the city committee as follows: First ward, Charles d'Autremont; Jr. Second ward, George French; Third ward, David Buchanan; Fourth ward, Charles Smith; Fifth ward, M. H. McMahon; Sixth ward, A. Sang; Seventh ward, John H. Dunphy; Eighth ward, T. Burnside Baldwin. The committee is requested to meet at 7:30 sharp tomorrow evening for organization.

The Populists, Democrats, anti-waterworks, archers, and dissatisfied Republicans in the Sixth have combined on Paul C. Liden to oppose J. W. Nelson.

Alderman Cox gives it as his opinion that Nelson will be elected by a larger majority than ever before.

C. M. Thomas will come out as an in-



Limitation Partnership Sale....

Settling Partners' Interests in a \$200,000.00 Stock.

Pointed and Positive!

Special Bargains for Tomorrow, Saturday.

SO varied and comprehensive that they appeal universally. Plain, clear, direct, simple facts. The splendid values we're giving during this sale should need no special pleading or fine strung arguments. If people only face, touch and understand the goods, their qualities and prices, which they need and we have, the growth of sales will surpass their already magnificent proportions. Our friends, the great local public, will find even larger profit and deeper satisfaction by cultivating a greater intimacy with this store.

MEN'S SUITS

Selling Extraordinarily Cheap!

Here's What We Give You Tomorrow!

50 Railroad Worsted Sack Suits, made extra strong, worth \$5.00, selling extraordinarily cheap at

\$2.00.

50 all-wool Cheviot Sack Suits in Plain and Brown Diagonal, worth \$6 and \$8, selling extraordinarily cheap at

\$4.00.

25 dozen Flannel All-Wool Blouses, ages 6 to 14 years, of the famous "Mother's Friend" brand, sold everywhere at \$1.50, Blue and Colors,

Tomorrow, 99c

About 200 dozen Percale Waists, "Star" and "Mother's Friend," worth 75c and \$1.00.

Tomorrow, 50c

Boys' Percale Shirts with one Standing or Turned Collar and one pair Cuffs, in new stylish patterns, sizes 12 to 14½.

Tomorrow, 75c

Just 25 of our nobbiest little Overcoats and Ulsters ages 3 to 8 years, worth \$8.00, \$10.00, \$12.00 and even \$15.00, placed on a separate rack. For Tomorrow Only **\$4.98**

The \$10.00 kinds for \$5.00
The \$12.00 kinds for \$6.00
The \$15.00 kinds for \$7.50
The \$18.00 kinds for \$9.00

All Boys' Underwear at Big Reductions.

Big Boys, Notice!

Our entire line of Long Pant Suits, reduced.

**\$6.00 Suits, \$3.50. \$10.00 Suits, \$6.50
\$15.00 Suits, \$9.00.
\$18 and \$20 Suits, \$12 and \$14.**

M. S. Burrows & Co.

THIEL, fifteen cabinets, two styles. \$3

\$1000.00 On hand for a snap; will

assure mortgage.

Two centrally located residences to trade for Superior street lot near 28th ave. west. 70 lots near 28th ave. west.

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TEN PAGES-- PART ONE--Pages 1 to 6

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWELFTH YEAR.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1895.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION

THREE CENTS

FRENCH & BASSETT

First Street and Third Avenue West.

We are bound to please every customer and we want everyone to remember just what we say about the low prices we make for the new year. They are **10 to 20** per cent lower than other stores here, and absolutely guaranteed as low as any store in America for the same goods. No matter what you need, look our stock over before buying and you will save some money.

Visitors Always Welcome.



The prices on Chamber Suites are exceedingly low now and the styles we show are very attractive.

PRICES:

\$9.50, \$12.00, \$15.00, \$16.00, \$18.00,
\$20.00, \$23.00, \$25.00, \$28.00,
\$30.00 and up.

Partial Payment Plan.

All goods sold on this popular credit system.
Cash Prices—No Interest. Goods marked in plain figures.

February Magazines:

Ladies' Home Journal,
Scribner's, St. Nicholas,

Now on sale at.....

Chamberlain & Taylor's
BOOKSTORE,
323 West Superior Street.



The Best Flour From
The Best Wheat Makes
The Best Bread.

The Above Refers to.....

Primus.

There is more of this flour used in Duluth than of any other. Do you use it? If not, why not? Remember the best is the most wholesome, cheapest and healthiest.

SOLD BY YOUR GROCER.

T. B. Hawkes & Co., Manufacturers.

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO

Furnish Electric Current
For Arc and Incandescent Light
And Motor Service.

General Office: Room 3 Exchange Building.

Shirts . .

The three requisites for a perfect shirt—FIT, STYLE, COMFORT. There is a pleasure and satisfaction in wearing that kind, as all who have worn them testify. That is the reason the knowing ones and the best dressers buy their Shirts of us.

All the New Novelties in Colored Patterns. The Best Materials Always.

Cate & Clarke, 331 W. Superior St.

TAXES ON MINES

Bill Introduced in the House Today For a Constitutional Amendment Regarding Taxing Mining Property.

The Object is To Fix Taxation Free From Being Tampered With by the Legislature.

Governor Nelson Will Resign At the End of This Month, and Clough Will Succeed.

Before Quitting Office, Nelson Will Appoint a Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner To Succeed Becker.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 26.—After the house opened for business this morning, Mr. Nieman, of Benton county, presented a petition from A. Le Bonne, of Benton county, for relief to the extent of \$100 for injuries received in the Indian days. It was referred to the committee on claims.

The judiciary committee reported five bills adversely and five favorably. The latter were Staples' anti-cigarette bill, Johns' amendment of the statutes of 1878, J. D. Jones' bill amending the laws re-

ed, in lieu of other taxation on mining property, a similar provision in this state, but no such tax shall be considered to prevent the taxation by law of any real estate belonging to the owners of such mine not used in the business of mining or in connection therewith.

The proposed amendment is to be submitted to a vote at the next general election.

The object of the bill is to provide the provision for the taxation of these mines fixed in the constitution where it cannot be tampered with by the legislature, except by a three-fourths vote of the state.

By this means the mining companies would be free from all tampering with their taxation and could rest easy.

The tax on their wild lands would amount to little or nothing, as the lands are supposed have no particular value until they are developed. As the matter stands at present, the tax may be increased at any session, and the companies evidently prefer to deal with the state board of equalization rather than the legislature.

TO RESIGN NEXT WEEK.

Dave Clough Will Become Governor on Next Friday.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 26.—Governor Nelson this morning said he would resign the last day of the present month and Governor Clough would take charge of the office on Feb. 1, Senator Frost's Day then becoming lieutenant governor.

Before resigning Governor Nelson will appoint a successor to Gen. Becker on the railroad and warehouse commission.

CONGRATULATIONS TO NELSON.

Expressions of Good Will From Mayor Lewis and Other Dutifulians.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 26.—The congratulatory telegrams received by Senator-elect

SERIOUS DELAY

The Hayward Murder Trial Received a Set-back Owing to One Accepted Juror Being Excused.

It Was Found that He Had Decided Opinions in Opposition to Inflicting Capital Punishment.

J. W. Bone, a Burlington Yardmaster at St. Paul, Killed by Being Crushed Between Two Cars.

Halford Erickson, of Superior, Has Been Selected by Governor Upham for Wisconsin's Labor Commissioner.

THE G. A. R. Encampment.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 26.—Commander-in-Chief Hawley of the G. A. R. will be present at the state encampment in this city Feb. 27-28. The candidates for department commander are Senior Vice Commander Reed, ex-Adj.-Gen. Muller and Judge Torrence of Minneapolis.

Erickson for Labor Commissioner.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 26.—A special to the Dispatch from Madison, Wis., says: The appointment of Halford Erickson, ex-captain of guards at the Wisconsin State Fair, to succeed Jerry Dohle as labor commissioner has been decided upon by Governor Upham.

NOTED JUROR DEAD.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 26.—Judge Alfred Yapple, one of the most noted jurists and authors of law books in Ohio, died today aged 65.

age and lived at 32 Hoffman avenue. He leaves a widow and one child.

ST. PAUL Blaze.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 26.—The Virginia flats on Central avenue were damaged to the extent of \$100 by fire last night. The fire was discovered in the basement by the janitor about o'clock and an alarm submitted. The blaze was confined to the basement, but the rooms above were somewhat damaged by smoke.

Died From La Grippe.

BALDWIN, Wis., Jan. 26.—L. Anderson, aged 72 years, died last night at Woodville from the effects of la grippe, contracted three years ago. Deceased was one of the earliest settlers in the county and built the first sawmill in the country.

MURDER AT ASHLAND.

ASHLAND, Wis., Jan. 26.—Vestryman Charles Little and Charles Lequarrelle over a game of cards in the Norway house, resulting in Little shooting Le down in his tracks. Little fled and has not been captured. Le cannot recover.

THE LANDS THAT ARE IN DISPUTE ARE COVERED WITH DENSE FORESTS OF PRECIOUS WOODS.

READY FOR WAR.

President Diaz Says Mexico Will Try to Avoid a Conflict With the Guatemala Government.

If War Must Result, Mexico Will Confront the Situation With True Faith and Energy.

Another Conference of President Diaz and Minister Marical With the Cabinet to Occur Monday.

The Lands That Are in Dispute Are Covered With Dense Forests of Precious Woods.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 26.—President Diaz and Foreign Minister Marical had a long conference over the Guatemalan matter. The reply of Guatemala to the demand of Mexico, received yesterday at the national palace, was read and considered in many of its bearings. Another conference will probably be held next Monday at which the entire cabinet would be asked to the present. When interviewed, neither President Diaz nor the minister would give any information. As to the various reports published by the press on the president's speech, President Diaz dictated the following to a reporter:

"The government appreciates this manifestation, it being one of the results of the long negotiations in which the press has presented the question of the day. I comply with a request in stating that, although it is true that the government is sustaining a serious and delicate controversy of a diplomatic nature, which if not handled with correct, bold and skillful hand, may lead to a war, although it is also true that we are not yet on the verge of war because honor, good faith and logic constitute the program of the government, and because it has no right to attribute any other motive to its adversary, the government believes and has practically demonstrated that belief for several years, that the greatest blessing we can offer to our country is the present period of re-construction and happy and visible development of peace, and declare that the government will not be interrupted when an unjust and perfidious aggressor insists upon infringing upon its well established rights and assailing the national honor and dignity.

"We are an agent, which I hope will not be realized, the government will confront the situation with true faith and energy, inspired by its duty and its right. The government accepts, holds in esteem and will use with economy what you patricially offer. We soldiers of the government may pass away feel our blood tingle when we think that we may be able to participate in a war every way just on our part the generation coming on, in whose hands we are going to leave our country and its fate."

THE LANDS IN DISPUTE.

Covered With Dense Forests of Precious Woods.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 26.—The land involved in dispute between Mexico and Guatemala is covered for the most part with dense forests of precious woods. Mexican choppers from the north and Guatemalan choppers from the south have slashed in the heart of the forest that fringes the banks of the rivers Usumacinta and Lacantun and their tributaries, and this has precipitated the conflict.

The controversy rests on the question whether the Lacantun or one of the forks of the Usumacinta constitutes the boundary between the Mexican state of Chiapas and Guatemala. The old traditional boundary is the Lacantun, but according to the treaty of 1882 the boundary was pushed to the eastward. The Guatemalans do not now accept the Usumacinta as the boundary, and continue declining to acknowledge the title of the Mexican Republic to that territory have recently invaded these regions on the left bank of the Lacantun.

Don Miguel Turcoo has one of the largest concessions and in June, 1892, the Guatemalan authorities ordered him to cease exploring the forests. As he did not do so, the authorities sent a company of soldiers to send the chief offenders. Other complications of the same sort followed, Mexico declining to allow the Indians to strip the forest.

An American engineer, Miles Rock, was sent out to survey the boundary. He ran a line through the forest still further west than the Lacantun and included as Guatemalan territory the country of Chiapas, which, while no complications have arisen, the lands under dispute have been Guatemalan territory for over fifty years. The Guatemalans claim Mexico's desire to extend her territory is at the bottom of the complication on Chiapas' border.

WILL ACT AS PEACEMAKER.

Isaac Pusey Gray Will Have a Chance to Distrust Himself.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Isaac P. Gray, United States minister to Mexico, who has been on leave of absence in the country for six weeks, will leave for his post at the City of Mexico on Monday. He will be accompanied by his secretary, Grosvenor, and is acquainted with his wishes in the matter of bringing about a friendly and peaceable settlement of the boundary dispute between Mexico and Guatemala, and if the American government will do so, he will probably entertain Mr. Gray will probably co-operate with United States Minister Pierce Young in Guatemala in the effort to arrange a basis of settlement of the trouble.



Nelson on the day of his election was followed by hundreds of letters from law roads and bridges, and a bill to prohibit the use of any article of Minnesota or Wisconsin which would be expressions of good will contained in the former.

Mayor Lewis of Duluth writes: "Everybody around Duluth seems to be pleased, and I am sure that you will continue to be as you always have been a consistent and reliable man."

Among the others are O. Stenson, Duluth; M. J. Davis, Duluth; George W. Stewart, St. Cloud; William P. Swift, West Superior; also a large number from Minneapolis.

Mr. Price is the only baking powder that will make fine pastry without shortening. It's absolutely pure.

RUMORS OF A BOND ISSUE.

Fourteen and a Half Millions of Gold Taken From the U.S. Treasury.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—The Press today says: The clearing house committee, consisting of Bank Presidents Nash, Williams, Perkins, Baker, Sherman, Huntington, Tapley, Simons and Cannon, met last night and discussed the recent withdrawals of gold from the U.S. Treasury.

Just \$7,000,000 was withdrawn from the sub-treasury yesterday, making a total of \$14,500,000 for the week, a record.

On this date in 1873, \$6,800,000 was to be accounted for on no other theory than that it is to be hoarded in vaults for future developments.

The directors of the National Park Bank are in a meeting and the opinion was general that the government should at once issue bonds.

The rumors of a bond issue were thick everywhere. That the sub-treasury is fortifying itself against all demands for the yellow metal was shown by the big express wagons that are unloading the precious freight at the vault doors of Uncle Sam daily.

Earthquake at Helena.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 26.—An earthquake occurred here about 5 a.m.

Houses shook, windows rattled and some articles were shaken off shelves and sideboards.

His hips and the lower part of his abdomen were badly smashed, and when Dr. Hoyt, who was sent for and went down on the scene, found the injured man breathing his last.

Bone was a well-known railroad man having been in the employ of the company for some time. He was 30 years of age.

Rudolph was arrested.

Bone's Tragedy.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Jan. 26.—Walter P.

Wright and his wife were found dead in bed today. There was a bullet hole in the head of each. A revolver lay on the bed between them.

the subject of capital punishment and that he had frequently stated his belief that the law should do no more than inflict the maximum punishment.

When court was opened County Attorney Nye arose and said: "I desire at this time to call the attention of the court to an inadvertence on the part of the state in failing to question juror Newell as to his beliefs on the question of capital punishment. I desire to have him to sit in this trial, and I believe he will do his duty. After

the challenge and Newell was excused, John Denny, a carpenter, was accepted as a juror in place of Newell.

The court then adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock when the examination of veniremen will be resumed.

Every analysis and contest proves Price's cream baking powder absolutely pure.

WAS CRUSHED BY CARS.

A Yardmaster Killed at St. Paul While Making a Coupling.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 26.—J. W. Bone, yardmaster of the Chicago, Burlington & Northern, was killed at 1 o'clock this morning by being caught between two cars while making a coupling. His watch chain apparently caught while he was between the cars and held him long enough so he got crushed.

His hips and the lower part of his abdomen were badly smashed, and when Dr. Hoyt, who was sent for and went

down on the scene, found the injured man breathing his last.

Bone was a well-known railroad man having been in the employ of the company for some time. He was 30 years of age.

Rudolph was arrested.

HEARD ABOUT TOWN.

How a Sturdy Little Chap Got Even With a West Duluth Street Car Conductor.

A Victim of Hard Times Who Found the Correct Way to Get His Note Renewed.

Young Lady Stenographer Whose Employer Toots Upon a Horn When He Wants to Call Her.

Some of the hardest fought battles, both physical and legal, take place on the street cars or have their origin there. The electric car seems to be a great place for the generation of humor, ill-nature and numerous other attributes of this human race. One of the best and latest incidents of street car traffic occurred a short time ago, early one morning on a West Duluth car.

There were a number of boys on board for the Central high school. One of the boys was a little short chap, but he was game to the backbone, as events gave any evidence.

"Fares, here," growled the conductor as he took a small boy.

The youngster handed out a dime and the blue coated servant of the street car company rang up two fares and started on down the aisle.

"Here," exclaimed the boy, "I want my change."

"What change?" inquired the conductor.

"I gave you a dime. I want back a nickel."

"I've rung up two fares now," replied the conductor.

"Well, I won't tell you to ring up two fares and I want my nickel."

"I can't give it to you now," continued the conductor. "I've rung up two fares and that ends it."

The boy insisted that he have back a nickel but the conductor would give him no satisfaction.

At last the young pilgrim up the hill of knowledge grew angry. He was a little short fellow, but he was equal to the emergency.

"Well, damn you," he exclaimed, "that nickel shant do you any good" and smiting his hand on his hips, he sprang up onto the seat with his feet, grabbed the cord and before the conductor could interfere had rung up four fares."

Maybe that conductor was not mad. He almost frothed at the mouth. He grabbed the boy as if he would throw him out of the window.

"I'll give you a good licking for that," he shouted.

"No, you won't," exclaimed several sturdy passengers, springing forward.

Seeing he was outgunned and outnumbered, the conductor cooled down. It is said that his hobby now is the return of the exact change when passengers hand him more than the exact fare.

* * *

When the early days of these times of financial depression first struck Duluth, The Herald printed a true story about a minister bluffed a Duluthian into loaning him \$500 by saying when told that the bank was not in a position to make him a loan, that it was his duty to notify some of his old parishioners, so that they might look out for their deposits. That minister is now in a land of eternal day, but his shoes are well filled by a layman in Superior. Said a Duluthian to a Herald man recently:

"I have a friend in West Superior who is not very flush these days. He recently had a little company at a bar on the hill, and it was not a cent. His roommate, too, was not in a condition that denoted excessive prosperity, but he was equal to the emergency. He called on one friend and secured a loan of a fine seal-skin cap. From another an expensive fur coat was borrowed, and so on, until he had the winter garb of a millionaire in an ice box."

"The day his paper matured, he stepped into the bank in a most lordly fashion and the chilly magate at the cashier's desk said:

"I have a note for \$500 due here to-day and I have decided to have it renewed for ninety days. Will you be



KNOWLEDGE

Bring comfort and improvement and to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value of the pure liquid laxative principles embodied in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its influence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative, effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because acts on the kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50 cent bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

IN Making Bread and Cake

the best results, the finest flavored, sweetest, lightest, and most wholesome foods, are obtained by the use of the best baking powder. The highest scientific authorities, alike with American house-keepers, agree that the ROYAL is the best.

AS the result of my tests, I find the ROYAL BAKING POWDER superior to all the others in every respect. It is entirely free from all adulteration and unwholesome impurity, and in baking it gives off a greater volume of leavening gas than any other powder. It is therefore not only the purest, but also the strongest powder with which I am acquainted.

WALTER S. HAINES, M. D.
Prof. of Chemistry, Rush Medical College,
Consulting Chemist, Chicago Board of Health.

A pure grape cream of tartar baking powder containing no alum, lime or ammonia.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

kind enough to make out a new note so that I may sign it now, as I will be very busy this evening.

"The bank official looked his man over and not wishing to offend so prosperous a looking customer, without a word of dissent and with several obsequious smiles and nods granted the request."

"That had been on this side of the hill," said Monroe Nichols, who was a listener to the story, "and the banker had called the turn on the fellow, his cap and fur coat would have been taken from him before he could have made his escape."

"Say," exclaimed a member of the gender sex, who also is a stenographer, to a Herald reporter, "I think the meanest man in this town is a certain lawyer. Why he has not a single instinct of a gentleman. I was in his office the other day to see him about a will, when he turned somthing go 'Toot! toot! toot!'

"What's that?" exclaimed.

"Oh, it's that horrid horn," replied the unfortunate woman who was doomed so hard a fate as to work for the master.

"Horn?" I asked her. "What horn?"

"Oh, old Greenback has a fish horn in there, and when he wants me he toots on it. He seems to think it's smart and apparently takes a malicious, unnatural pleasure in blowing it. It probably makes him think he is an Englishman calling his hounds on the hunt. Or it may be that it recalls his freshman days in college."

"Say who?" but wouldn't I catch it if a brother of mine knew what I did when he was married a few months ago," remarked a brother but invertebrate club man the other day.

"The task of sending out a part of the wedding invitations. They were printed on very heavy paper, with double envelopes and all that, and when I took them to the postoffice the clerk was surprised as it slowly tipped the beam and the scale again and again.

"That's just a trifle over weight, I'm sorry to tell him, he'll take double postage."

"I was surprised. There were thirty-five invitations in the lot. Every single one was sealed and addressed, and it cost \$1.50 and of regular weight they would cost 50 cents each. It double weight they would cost 10 cents; \$3.50 to send thirty-five wed-

ding cards to the British Isles! I thought it would be a shame to spend so much money on postage, so I better use

"I could be made of it playing penny ante,"

"I'm mostly down to the stationers, got some lighter weight envelopes, addressed them, put on each a cent stamp and sent them unsealed. They all got there, too, so I've got my money back and they have been heard from. That gave me \$3.15 to buck the boys at penny ante and I had a lot of fun at it, too."

"I'll just go you a game of billiards," exclaimed the young club man as a companion came in. "The game is a popular one, but the players are utterly oblivious of the possible and probable anger of the married brother who are the facts concerning the wedding cards known to him."

It is true you can buy baking powder for 10 cents a pound. One pound of that kind will spoil one dollar's worth of flour. A pound of Dr. Price's for 50 cents will do ten times as much work as the cheaper powder. Which is the more

expensive?

Six Pounds.

MENDOTA, Ill., Jan. 26.—At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the mattock of the Henning brewery was wrecked by a bomb. The force of the explosion killed seven men and badly injured six others. The killed are: C. Seifert, foreman; David Wells, fireman; David Geher, engineer; Lemuel Dr. Shao, iceman; Adam Bresler, laborer; Henry Pert, laborer; John Kennedy, a well boxer of De Kalb.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklin & Co., Chicago, and get free pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and all pain-killers. They are a safe and effective remedy for headache. For malaise and liver troubles they have been proved to be of great value. They are a safe, easily digestible, non-irritating substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not wear out by repeated use, and are easily assimilated by the system. Regular size 25 cents per box. Box by Max Wirth, druggist.

Hundreds read Herald want ads daily.

Three cans of the cheap baking powder are required to go as far as one of Dr. Price's.

San Francisco, Jan. 26.—A defalcation has been discovered in the post office. Postmaster McCoppin became suspicious that all was not well in the post office department and he employed an expert to examine the books. The result was the discovery that M. Mitchell, the accountant, was short. The deficit is certainly \$800 and may reach considerable more.

California's Storm Ended.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 26.—A defalcation that for months has delayed California with rain is over and the usual fine winter weather has commenced. A north wind has made it a little cold, the temperature averaging about 50 in San Francisco, but warmer weather is predicted during the next few days.

Three cans of the cheap baking powder are required to go as far as one of Dr. Price's.

N. M. Statehood.

SANTA FE, N. M., Jan. 26.—A memorial was presented to the legislature in favor of the immediate passage of the New Mexico statehood bill passed the lower house of the assembly by a vote of 19 to 4. It will be unanimously adopted in the council and hurried forward to Washington in hopes that the senate may take favorable action at the present session.

Australian Federation.

MELBOURNE, Jan. 26.—A crowded meeting in favor of Australian federation was held here. The chief justice of Victoria, Mr. Justice, president, and others present were the premiers of New South Wales, South Australia and Victoria. Much enthusiasm was displayed.

Chronic Nervousness

Could Not Sleep, Nervous Headaches.

Gentlemen—I have been taking your Restorative Nervine for the past three months and I cannot say enough in its praise. It has

Saved My Life.

For I had almost given up hope of ever being well again. I was a chronic sufferer from nervousness and could not sleep. I was also troubled with nervous headache, and had tried doctors in vain, until I used your Nervine. Yours truly,

MRS. M. WOOD, Ringwood, Ill.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Cures.

It is true you can buy baking powder for 10 cents a pound. One pound of that kind will spoil one dollar's worth of flour. A pound of Dr. Price's for 50 cents will do ten times as much work as the cheaper powder. Which is the more

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Hundreds read Herald want ads daily.

For Sale by All Druggists.

Announcement!

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 26, 1895.

We beg leave to announce to the public that we have opened the plan and business of the Model laundry, formerly managed by Walter Lutes and have moved our business to that building, Nos. 51-54, East Superior street.

We now have every facility for doing prompt and satisfactory work and we solicit your patronage. Respectfully,

TROY LAUNDRY.

M. J. DAVIS, President Board of Public Works.

[Seal.]

A. M. KUOKE, Clerk Board of Public Works.

Jan. 23-24-25.

A RAILROAD MAN

Tells of His Speedy Relief From Stomach Trouble by the Copeland System of Treatment.

When a man, because of catarrh of the stomach, cannot retain his breakfast, he is in bad enough condition; but when the diseased organ of digestion refuses to retain any one of three meals, the condition of that man is beyond description.

But such cases are not beyond hope and help, thanks to the Copeland Medical Institute. In proof of this statement read what George T. Rich, a fireman on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, who resides at 821 West Third street, has to say:

"For three years I suffered with catarrh of the throat, heart and stomach. The disease was aggravated by pain in the head and eye and my nose was stopped up more or less. The trouble was chiefly with my stomach, however. After eating, I would have distressing pains, a fullness and a bloated feeling. Then there was a disagreeable feeling in throat. I also had a sore throat a good deal. My throat was sensitive and when my collar or anything would touch it, I would be taken with vomiting.

"I took three meals a day for two weeks, but my condition was critical. The engineer with whom I worked recommended the Copeland Medical Institute. On November 21, last, I called on them and commenced treatment. The first dose of the medicine was very strong, but I was not troubled with that. The bloated feeling soon disappeared, and after a month's treatment my stomach, throat and nasal trouble was completely cured. So far as my personal experience goes, I do not hesitate to endorse the system of the Copeland Medical Institute. My sides are now taking a treatment for a catarrhal trouble with beneficial results."

THE CHARGES ARE LOW AND WITHIN REACH OF ALL MEDICAL CLINICS FREE.

Copeland Medical Institute, 422-423 Lyceum Building, Duluth, Minn.

DR. W. H. COPELAND, DR. H. M. COPELAND, Consulting Physicians.

DR. F. C. BRENNING, Resident Physician.

SPECIALTIES: Catarrh and diseases of the Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs.

Nervous Diseases, Skin Diseases, Chronic Diseases.

Other diseases—9 a.m. to 11 a.m., 2 to 4 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.

Other services—9 a.m. to 11 a.m., 2 to 4 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m.

If you live at a distance, write for a symptom blank.

THE NICARAGUA CANAL BILL.

It Passed the Senate Last Evening by a Decisive Vote.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The bill pledging the faith of the United States to the construction of the Nicaragua canal passed the Senate last night by the decisive vote of 31 yeas to 21 nays.

The bill directs the issue of \$700,000,000 of Nicaragua canal bonds, to be guaranteed by the United States government, to be issued without the United States guarantee. The total \$100,000,000 thus issued is to be used in constructing the inter-oceanic canal. The secretaries of state and treasury are to be responsible for the construction of the canal.

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EVENING HERALD

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Editorial rooms, 324, three rings.

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Daily, per month60
Weekly, per year 1.00

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

OFFICIAL PAPER OF CITY OF DULUTH.
Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION,
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.

The Weather.
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN.,
Jan. 26.—The storm which was a continual yesterday in the Arkansas valley, has now moved on to Lake Huron, increasing in energy. It has been accompanied by snow and high winds in the Lake Superior valley and the lake region. These conditions continue this morning east of the Mississippi river, between the Mississippi and in the Canadian Northwest the weather this morning is fair and generally cold.

The temperature has fallen from 10 to 15 degrees in the region of the Mississippi river, to 15 to 20 degrees in Iowa, Missouri and Arkansas. It is below zero as far south as Northern Missouri.

With the advance southward of the area of high pressure north of the Missouri fair and cold weather is indicated for this morning, and will probably continue till Monday or Tuesday.

Duluth temperature at 7 a.m. today, 40°

degrees F. with 25° reading on thermometer.

Temperature at 12 m. yesterday 20° degrees be-

low zero.

DULUTH, Jan. 26.—Forecast for Duluth and vicinity till 1 p.m. tomorrow: Fair; decidedly colder today, tonight and Sunday; brisk northwesterly winds.

JAMES KENNAH,
Local Forecast Official.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—Forecast till 8 p.m., to-morrow for Wisconsin: Local sun fair and cold; winds east half tonight Sunday fair and colder; northwesterly gales. For Minnesota: Fair and much colder. For Sunday fair with colder than half a brisk northwest wind.

Stick to the Northwest.

The experience of the West Superior people who went to Florida several months ago attracted by the stories of its splendid climate and productive soil, but who found they had been terribly deceived, is naturally recalled when we read in the New York Sun an article in reference to the destitute condition of Nebraska farmers, which advises them to remove to the Southern states. The people of the North who have gone to the South to engage in agricultural pursuits have generally bitterly regretted the move. They have found that the stories told by the railroad land agents and other interested people were over-drawn, and that the picture was painted in too bright colors. What seemed at a distance to be a land of rare delights proved, upon closer acquaintance, to be the very opposite.

The Herald's Washington correspondent writes that almost every train from the South passing through that city brings back a number of people from the North who, allured by the rosy pictures of life in Florida, abandoned their comfortable homes and meandered off to this southern peninsula to spend the winter. It need hardly be said that they return thoroughly disgusted with their Southern trip. One young man from Boston who was suffering from a lung trouble and went to St. Augustine to spend the winter stopped in Washington a few days ago on his return home. He stated that the climate of Florida was infinitely worse than that of the Atlantic. When he left, oranges all over the state as far south as Lake Worth were rotting on the trees and early vegetables were totally destroyed by the unexpected frost.

Hitherto the West has been looked upon as the country of uncertain weather, but the history of the past year will show that the Western states have fared far better than the southeastern section of our country so far as sudden climatic changes are concerned. The young Bostonian stated that in the morning in St. Augustine the water caused by the accumulation of moisture during the night would run down the rain spout like on April shower. A nice malarial breaker at any rate.

People who contemplate leaving their comfortable homes in Minnesota and other Western states for this country of lightning weather changes would do well to consider these facts before emigrating. It is true that they may be able to keep warm without much trouble, but if an entire year's labor is to be blighted by a sudden frost, it would seem better to remain in a country where at least such a rapid dropping of the temperature would not work so much injury. A person who has never passed a year in Florida can scarcely realize the depressing effects of some of the days during the spring in this flowery land. Clouds will hover close to the earth and the moisture will be so thick that it can almost be gathered up in the hand. As a young lady from the West

expressed it: "On such days it is a labor to live."

The wise man in the Northwest will continue to fight out his future in his own country and pay no heed to the alluring promises of land and railroad agents of the prosperous life to be led in this big Southern state, which in spite of all of its resources has not now a single city as large as St. Paul or Minneapolis, although it contains one of the oldest in the United States. And what is true of Florida is true of other Southern states. There is no finer climate in the world than that of Minnesota, and nowhere will the conditions for making a comfortable living be found more favorable than they are here.

The Bosses are Worried.

The best answer to the attempt of the News Tribune to deny Mr. Ten Brook's loyalty to the Republican party is found in the list of leading Republicans of Duluth, whose names appear on the petition placing him in nomination as an independent candidate. These gentlemen are but a small fraction of the Republicans who have urged Mr. Ten Brook to make the race and have promised their hearty support to secure his election.

The attempt to drag national politics into the municipal campaign and make the election of certain men, chosen by a political ring, a party issue, will not succeed in Duluth. The example of other cities where such methods have prevailed is sufficient to convince the people of this city that they made no mistake in the past in strenuously opposing every attempt to run the municipal campaigns upon party lines. It is this feeling that is going to bury the opponents of Messrs. Messer, Ten Brook and Voss out of sight.

The only plea made on behalf of the political ring's candidates is that they belong to one of the national parties and should be elected for that reason. It is an absurd plea—a dangerous principle to introduce in the selection of municipal officers—and no true citizen of Duluth can afford to endorse it.

Mr. Ten Brook will be elected. This is what worries the political bosses and this is why their organ denounces him as a "bouter." But Mr. Ten Brook and his friends have no reason to feel offended by this appellation. It is really a certificate of good standing in the Republican party in this state. Senator Davis was once a "bouter." Senator Washburn was also in the same class not many years ago, while Duluth is filled with Republicans who are liable to that accusation. But they are not the less respected and they are generally better Republicans than those who pride about their loyalty to the party.

The majority of these ultra-loyal party men are "loyal" only because of the offices in sight. They care nothing about the principles of the party. It is offices they want, and to get them they are ready to stoop to any political immorality that may be necessary. But their game to obtain control of the city offices has been effectively blocked.

Postal Savings Banks.

The lack of security afforded to depositors in savings banks in this state was the subject of a communication read at the last meeting of the chamber of commerce, and it was suggested that some sort of legislation should be obtained to remedy the existing state of affairs. There is no doubt that there are too few safeguards thrown around the management of savings banks and that the absence of any capital stock leaves the depositors without much security, and yet it is difficult to see how this can be remedied. If the savings bank should have a capital stock the men who contribute the capital would naturally want dividends on their investment. In what particular then would the bank differ from any other state bank.

The true solution of this question is the establishment of postal savings banks. Such institutions would furnish the people with a safe place of deposit for their savings. The whole resources of the country would be back of the postal savings banks, and the people would feel assured that their savings deposited therein were absolutely safe from loss. The postal savings bank system has worked well in England and Canada. There has been an effort to introduce this country, with some amendments, the Canadian currency system. Those who have taken the lead in this matter appear to have overlooked one of the most important features of the currency system in that country, and that is the postal savings bank. As a plan of relief for the government finances it is of the greatest importance, and it should be adopted in this country.

In an article on this subject, the Omaha Bee points out that there are now about \$3,000,000,000 deposited in savings banks and state institutions for savings, and it asks: Why cannot these deposits be placed at the disposal of the government, thus giving the common people, and especially the wage workers, an opportunity to become creditors of the nation instead of leaving the entire debt in the hands of foreign and American

men. A young lady from the West

expressed it: "On such days it is a labor to live."

The Cat and the Mouse.

Any mouse that is to be caught in a trap is a wise precaution, by the way.

Money grows so thick

In vigilance, we outwit—

And the cat came back—Detroit Free Press.

Kansas Editorial Philosophy.

Hiawatha, Kan. World: We have been told that there are not consistent few men are. A consistent man is a stupid one. The smart man jumps on either side of the fence and gets out of reach before the bulldog tears his clothes.

The Nicaragua canal bill has passed

the senate, but its fate in the house is

very doubtful.

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WALTER S. HAINES, M. D.
Consulting Chemist, Chicago Board of Health.

THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1895.

She Said:

Let's Try Hood's

And It Helped Them Both

Liver Troubles—Dyspepsia 29 Yrs.



C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:
"Gentlemen:—My husband and I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I can truly say it has helped us both. My husband had

Liver Troubles—Dyspepsia 29 Yrs.

so that he could not stand up straight, and went around half bent over. He had to have a cane to help himself out of his chair. He had taken so much medicine that we were disengaged. But I read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla. I said, 'Let's try it.' My husband has improved a great deal. His hair is much better, and his eyes, which have troubled him a great deal, have a good appetite. I have had liver trouble

so long that I have not been able to eat.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cox, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25¢.

RENTAL REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Stephen Ryan to Charles Bonner, lot 1, block 1, Lynn Junction \$50
John Gustafson to Eugene Field, lot 13, block 1, Lynn Junction 500
James Sullivan to W. C. Brooks' lands in section 19-47-19 1100
Total \$1650

RENTAL ARCHITECTS.

TRAPPIGEN & FITZPATRICK, ARCHITECTS, 911-917 Turner building, Duluth.

STORAGE.

WE HAVE THE CHEAPEST, CLEANEST and best storage houses in the city. Suitable for all kinds of goods, including furniture, packing and shipping of furniture. Trunks delivered for 25 cents. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Storage houses to East Superior street.

WANTED—HOUSETAKING & IRONING AT LANGE, 416 East Fourth street.

WANTED—WOMAN TO DO LIGHT WORK.

GIRL WANTS PLACE TO DO LIGHT WORK.

WANTED—WOMAN TO DO HOUSEWORK.

A COMPETENT NURSE WISHES TO MAKE A few engagements. F. E. Horal.

WANTED BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, A few days work every week. D. 129, Her.

WANTED—HOUSECLEANING, 68 STORES and office to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 58 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING AT LANGE, 416 East Fourth street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK.

WANTED—GOOD COOK FOR BOARDING HOUSE.

WANTED—DOMESTIC SERVANT.

WANTED—WOMAN TO DO HOUSEWORK.

W

PART TWO--

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1895.

DOES NOT LIKE THEM

Col. Pickert Tells Something of the Administration of the Law in Steele County, North Dakota.

He Owns a Big Farm Out There and Lived There for a Number of Years.

Claims He Could Never Get Thieves and Would-Be Murderers Prosecuted by the Authorities.

Col. R. F. Pickert, of the Merchants Tea company, is a large farmer in Steele county, North Dakota, of the kind known as bonanza farmers. He has the third largest farm in the state, and is a large shipper of wheat, employing from fifty to two hundred, according to the season of the year. In bringing his farm up to its present state of cultivation, he had some experiences which, while they constitute an interesting story to the public, have been rather bitter experiences to him, from the tale he told a Herald man the other day.

To begin with, Col. Pickert settled in the county in 1882, bringing with him a large number of settlers. Success attended his efforts, and in a few years he had attained his large farm, most of which was under cultivation. He established a post office, paying him \$100 a year for carrying the mail, and it continued until the government established a post office in the township, which had been named after the colonel. No sooner, however, was he made a postmaster, than the large and successful farmers in the state, and his troubles began. From his story it would appear that a certain disagreeable trait of human character is present in Steele county in large quantities.

When the neighbors were in a way of assistance, Col. Pickert was always ready to help them. One neighbor would borrow a plow, and another a wagon. Some time would elapse, and the articles would only be returned upon request. When the wagon came back the bairnies would be gone. When the bairnies were gone, the neighbors would say, "What a rich hog; what does he need to worry about a little thing like that?" A neighbor would obtain some service, promising to work it out in the fall. When fall came he was not to be found. And his excuse was that he was too rich, though he was not.

So it went continually, and in every way possible the small farmers showed that it was their belief that the large farmer was their natural prey, in spite of hisaces and his crops. His power of good, however, was so large that he carried out the small end of the horn in every contest with his smaller, but malicious neighbor, even in courts of justice. These little peculations did not amount to anything beside the trouble which had induced Col. Pickert to conclude that he must be a man of some price for a man with a cent or a acre more than his neighbor, to live in.

Among the large number of hands who are employed and boarded upon the farm during the summer months it stands to reason there should be a number of them who should be last. Last fall Col. Pickert spied among his employees two men who appeared to be sharpers. They were working and boarding among the hands, and professed to be sharper to each other, but it soon became manifest that they were of a different feather from the remainder of the flock. They carried cards, dice and walnut shells in the manipulation of which they evidenced a great deal of dexterity.

Putting two and two together, Col. Pickert concluded that he had to do with the same hands about the farm any more, as they were too brainy to do manual labor, so he quietly requested them to transfer the theater of their operations elsewhere. Seeing that they were discovered they left without further argument. The remainder of the story is best told in Col. Pickert's own words:

"Now, if I was in the office of the president of the bank, and I said that I wanted \$500 with which to pay off the men, I took \$500 with me, left the rest on deposit, got to the bank, and the men were gone. That night, at the housekeeper's, we were checking over the bedding used by the men in the summer, the door was burst open suddenly. Turning, we found ourselves looking into the muzzles of two revolvers held by the sharpers. When asked what they wanted they replied that they wanted the mun, which was plain. They showed a complete knowledge of my movements, and repeated my conversation in the bank for me to remember. Everything went well under the new regime.

The Congregationalists held their "hard times" social. Thursday night, a large number assembled in all the hard times clothing they could find.

None wearing their poorest clothes was fined. A sum was collected to the way of the excellent refreshments furnished by the ladies of the church.

Mrs. Weide entertained a party of ladies at her home Wednesday afternoon. A very enjoyable time is reported by those who attended.

Rev. Mr. Fickett went down the road Monday night.

Misses Lula Barton, Maud Miller and Edith Melhorn were in Duluth today.

The young people of Fond du Lac have been spending quite a social winter. With skating, cards, music, they have enjoyed themselves as well as they could when dependent on themselves for all entertainments. Tuesday night they met with Miss Peterson and had a very pleasant "sing."

"There are a number of cases of illness in town, mostly among children, owing to the severe cold weather.

Little Jerry Lochart gave a party to his little friends last night from 7 to 9. The little folks had a pleasant time, playing games and refreshments themselves with a good supper provided by the little host.

A night in that effect was taken to the clerk of court, who was also justice of the peace. He tore it up. Why? Because I was a large farmer, and rich enough, so they said, to offer a reward of my own.

"The county attorney also refused to have the county offer a reward for apprehension of the man who had been taken to the clerk of court, who was also justice of the peace. He tore it up.

Why? Because I was a large farmer, and rich enough, so they said, to offer a reward of my own.

"Putting two and two together, so I offered a reward of \$200, which has so far been of no avail. It would be useless in any event, probably, as a jury in that county would never decide in favor of a man with a clean collar and a bold shirt as against his enemies. If a man

N THE SOCIAL WORLD

Dancing Party Last Evening at Masonic Hall in Honor of Miss Carr and Miss Foster.

Winter Club Has Announced Several Entertainments for the Future—Mrs. J. E. C. Robinson's Afternoon Reception.

Several Dinner Parties in Honor of Visiting Young Ladies—Program for the Memorial Concert.

There have been many small parties this week and the social world has been rather animated. A number of the young men arranged a dance for last evening, which was given at the Masonic ball. It was for Miss Carr, of St. Louis, and Miss Foster, of Toledo. Hoare's orchestra played and about thirty couples were present.

The Winter club is to have a special entertainment every third Tuesday. There are announced two stage performances, Olympian games by the club members, a collision and a dance at the Spalding. The club also has retained a private room at the Endion rink for every Friday evening.

SOME DINNER PARTIES.

Several Given This Week, Mostly in Honor of Visiting Ladies.

Dinner parties have been quite numerous this week, several being given in honor of young ladies visiting in the city.

C. J. Kershaw gave a dinner at the Kitchi Gammi club on Monday evening, at which Miss Carr, of St. Louis, was the guest of honor. Those at the table were Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Tausig, Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Cutler, Miss Carr, Miss O'Keefe, and Mr. Tausig.

On Tuesday evening Miss Foster gave a dinner in honor of Miss Carr, of St. Louis, and Miss Foster, of Toledo. The table and room decorations were green. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Tausig, Miss Carr, Miss O'Keefe, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Miss Blanche, Mrs. A. W. Tausig, Mr. Dicker- man, Mr. Fagg, Mr. Wells and Mr. Kershaw.

Cap. R. A. Torrey gave a dinner at the Kitchi Gammi club on Wednesday evening, in honor of Miss Carr, of St. Louis, and Miss Foster, of Toledo. The guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Tausig, Miss Carr, Miss O'Keefe, Mr. Dicker- man, Mr. Fagg, Mr. Wells and Mr. Kershaw.

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AN AFTERNOON RECEPTION.

Mrs. J. E. C. Robinson Entertained at the Spalding Parlors on Wednesday.

Mrs. J. E. C. Robinson gave an afternoon reception at the Spalding parlors on Tuesday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock. Mrs. Robinson was assisted in receiving by Mrs. W. B. Silver, Mrs. George Rupley, Mrs. D. G. Cutler, Mrs. Thomas Merritt, Mrs. L. J. Tausig, Misses Sharp, Upham, Miller, Foster, of Toledo, Josephine Peyton, Culver, O'Keefe, Gertrude Markele, Collins and Margaret, Mrs. C. J. Kershaw, and refreshments were served. A large number of society people were present.

THE MEMORIAL CONCERT.

Program to be Given Wednesday Evening at the Temple.

On Wednesday evening the memorial concert for the late Miss Helen Mackay will be given at the Temple. A most excellent program has been arranged under the careful direction of Miss Mackay and Mr. Tausig. It is as follows:

Mrs. Hahn spent Tuesday in Duluth. Mrs. and Mrs. Gilchrist and family have come here from Winnipeg and expect to make this their future home.

Mrs. Reed and Miss Cora returned from Iron River Wednesday, where they went to attend the funeral of Mrs. Rhodes who died at that place last month. Mrs. Reed is a daughter of the Reeds and a former resident here.

Mrs. Tausig spent Tuesday in Duluth. Mrs. and Mrs. son, Arthur, were in Duluth last Friday and Saturday.

Mr. McNeil was in town last Friday arranging school matters. Everything goes well under the new regime.

The Congregationalists held their "hard times" social. Thursday night, a large number assembled in all the hard times clothing they could find.

None wearing their poorest clothes was fined. A sum was collected to the way of the excellent refreshments furnished by the ladies of the church.

Mrs. Weide entertained a party of ladies at her home Wednesday afternoon. A very enjoyable time is reported by those who attended.

Rev. Mr. Fickett went down the road Monday night.

Misses Lula Barton, Maud Miller and Edith Melhorn were in Duluth today.

The young people of Fond du Lac have been spending quite a social winter.

With skating, cards, music, they have enjoyed themselves as well as they could when dependent on themselves for all entertainments.

Tuesday night they met with Miss Peterson and had a very pleasant "sing."

"There are a number of cases of illness in town, mostly among children, owing to the severe cold weather.

Little Jerry Lochart gave a party to his little friends last night from 7 to 9. The little folks had a pleasant time, playing games and refreshments themselves with a good supper provided by the little host.

A night in that effect was taken to the clerk of court, who was also justice of the peace. He tore it up.

Why? Because I was a large farmer,

and rich enough, so they said, to offer a reward of my own.

"Putting two and two together, so I offered a reward of \$200, which has so far been of no avail. It would be useless in any event, probably, as a jury in that county would never decide in favor of a man with a clean collar and a bold shirt as against his enemies. If a man



THE NEW PARISIAN WRINKLE IN SLEEVES.

Graphers of the city held an informal reception in the King block Monday night at which a very pleasant time was enjoyed. Dancing and cards were indulged in. The reception committee was as follows: Misses Cooley, Meining, Mrs. Hamby, Mrs. Gillan, Mrs. and Mrs. Lardner, Mrs. Coventry, Mrs. R. Gillan, Mrs. Curtis, Misses Curtis, Coventry, Hamby, Payne, Gillan, McCallan, McCallan, McCallan, Curtis, Blanche, Coventry, and Ethel Hamby. Baily, Payne, McGilvery, Gillan, Blackburn, Baily, Misses Bochner and Waters.

The Chautauqua Program. The program for the meeting of the Chautauqua circle on Wednesday next is as follows:

Lecture from "Chaser to Townsman" (page 59 to end of chapter), Miss Elizabeth Eberle Reading—"Article on Shanties" (page 59 to end of chapter), Mr. H. P. Boyington Discussion—"The Baconian Theory" (page 59 to end of chapter).

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The annual masquerade ball of the Duluth Turn Verein will be held on Thursday evening, Jan. 31, at Turner hall. It will be the finest ever given by the Turners.

Monday was Miss Katie Watterworth's ninth birthday and in the afternoon she entertained a company of her young friends.

A dance was given at Hunter hall Monday evening by Lakeside Division No. 8, uniform rank, K. of P. and Rathbone Sisters, Temple No. 10. About fifty couples were present. Hoare's orchestra furnished the music and a most pleasant time was had by all.

George Morrison, recently married, was given a sharp party by his friends on Tuesday evening at the Zenith restaurant.

It was a pleasant affair. Those present were: Messrs. Russell, Sleeper, Mason, Martin, Rosebaum, McCallan, Thatcher, Flord, McDonald, Morrison, Tischard, "Without Forgery," Davis, Sisk, McPhail and Ebbe.

Miss Florence Silberstein entertained a few of her young lady friends Wednesday afternoon at her home, 31 West Second street. The decorations at the party were well worth the while.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Zain entertained at dinner at the Spalding last Sunday evening. The guests were: Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Tausig, Mrs. and Mrs. O'Keefe, Mr. and Mrs. Kershaw, Miss Fanny Weiss and W. P. Berdie.

Mr. and Mrs. George Rupley entertained on Saturday evening at their home.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Kershaw and Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Cutler were entertained at dinner on Saturday evening at the "Glen."

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Bailey will entertain at the Echelle club this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. James McCahill entertained at dinner on Monday evening at their residence in the "Glen," it being the

birthday of Mrs. Evans. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Kosister, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Gillan, Mr. and Mrs. Hamby, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Lardner, Mrs. Coventry, Mrs. R. Gillan, Mrs. Curtis, Misses Curtis, Coventry, Hamby, Payne, Gillan, McCallan, Blackburn, Baily, Misses Bochner and Waters.

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THE WORLD OF LABOR.

Waiters' Union Has a Grievance Against a Restaurant That Does Not Pay Union Wages.

Trades Assembly Wants the Waterworks Extensions Built by Day's Labor and Not by Contract.

Alfred McCallum Made Organizer for the Federation of Labor for the Sixth Congressional District.

The delegates made a general turnout at the regular meeting of the Federated Trades assembly last evening. Much interest was taken in the session and a good bit of business of one sort and another was turned off. In reply to a letter from Bishop McGolrick, saying that he was giving his sole time to church work and not taking any outside appointments, Mr. McDowell secured a passage of a resolution urging the bishop to carry out his promise made last winter to deliver a lecture at the Bethel in the interests of organized labor organizations. The bishop, in a letter, said he had an opportunity to give a lecture from him just at the present time might not help the labor cause in Duluth in which he is much interested, but the assembly refused to take that view of it.

At last night's meeting the delegates from the Musicians' union were present for the first time in a long while. The Waiters' union delegates were on hand and with them a grievance was brought. The Saddle Rock restaurant refuses to hire union men or to pay union wages, so it is claimed. A committee was appointed to consider the matter.

The proper committee was requested to prepare a legislative bill providing for state employment bureaus and the secretary was instructed to send for copies of the arbitration bills presented to Congress by Attorney General Olney and Carl D. Wright.

President McCallum was directed to visit the Musicians' union and speak on unionism. The electrical workers and the secretary was instructed to send for copies of the arbitration bills presented to Congress by Attorney General Olney and Carl D. Wright.

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A committee was appointed to wait upon the school board and endeavor to secure the appointment of an electrical inspector who resides in Duluth instead of West Superior.

Alfred McCallum was appointed district organizer for the American Federation of Labor. His territory includes this congressional district.

A committee of five was appointed to assist in the Bethel anniversary, to be held Feb. 18.

HAS LABOR RIGHTS?

Two Present Opportunities to Settle That Question.

Organized labor, attention! I am going to call to your notice a subject upon which it is your duty to act—act promptly and positively. The performance required of you is simplicity itself, but the results aimed at are momentous and of vast importance. You are not in politics as organizations, which is well. You have preferred to confine your political action to the use of the power of organized numbers in securing from those in control your just demands. At least this is the substance of your claims. An opportunity has been made for you to show how much you mean by declaring that you will use the power of organization on nonpartisan lines to secure the rights of labor from the lawmakers. I have no secret to disclose. The subject has already been put before you, and I simply desire to keep it before you and urge you to act.

Here is the story: Under the laws of this land the seamen of America are made slaves and are the helpless victims of avaricious shipowners and brutal taskmasters. The fugitive slave laws of antebellum days were not more severe and cruel in their operation than the law enacted in 1890 for the arrest and punishment of sailors who leave the employment of a vessel before the conclusion of a voyage for which they ship. Prior to 1890 if a seaman left a vessel before the completion of his term of service he sacrificed all wages in law, but since the passage of that act of 1890 he not only forfeits the wages due him at the time of leaving, but also his belongings and clothing upon the vessel, excepting what he has on his body, and in addition goes to jail for three months. Any person who harbors a deserter (striker) is guilty of a misdemeanor and is liable to imprisonment. If two or more combine to leave the ship, the term of imprisonment may be increased to 12 months. The unconcealed object of this law is to restrain seamen from striking against inhuman conditions and cruel treatment on board ship.

Mr. A. Furuseth, the active head of the Seamen's Union of the Pacific, a man who knows from years of experience a seaman of the evils whereof he speaks, has told me recently about some of the ills and hardships of the American sailor. I have known Mr. Furuseth for ten years; have met him on the Pacific coast among the men whom chosen leader he is. I know his voices as a strong seafarer. Whatever may be the result, these men should hold a high place in the memory of those who love justice and honor, who manifested in her cause. But what is more practical just now is support, moral and financial, in contesting the question in the highest court of the land, and this support should be given to the full extent of the people's ability. Help the A. R. U. men to secure a decision from the supreme court, and let the help be ample to su-

many times beyond what is found in the maritime service of any other country on the globe.

Here is Mr. Furuseth's own statement on this point: "The condition of the American sailor afloat and the protection afforded him by law are a disgrace to any civilized nation. Take the state of food alone, and it is far below law in every maritime country, and, according to an official report, the food consumed on American ships is 80 per cent below that of Norwegian vessels, 40 per cent below the ships of Germany and Denmark and more than 50 per cent below those of England." It was to prevent men from combining and compelling an improvement of these conditions, which are truly a disgrace to this nation, that the law of 1890 was passed. The Sailor's union was becoming such a power on the Pacific coast that shipowners were by it forced to provide something like decent food, and ships' officers were checked in their brutalities. The wealthy shipowners, associations together, decided that the only way to break the power of the union was to secure the passage of a penal law that would prevent it from exercising any influence for the protection of its members.

This law must be repealed so that their rights as freemen may be restored to American seamen. A bill is before congress repealing the law. Our friends in the Senate are in an open position, perhaps a lecture from him just at the present time might not help the labor cause in Duluth in which he is much interested, but the assembly re-fused to take that view of it.

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These bills must be forced out of committee pigeeholes and put squarely before congress, and I believe organized labor can bring this about if it will do its whole duty promptly. The effort should be made only because of the claims the seamen have upon other labor, but because an excellent opportunity is presented to make a test of the power of organized labor working as a nonpartisan force in the field of politics.

There is another and a better reason why we should secure the passage of the bill repealing the law of 1890. The bill will be a check to the legislation and the other two bills which are of great importance.

This was from a private letter, but Dobs likes because I want my friends to share the pleasure with me. I'll argue the question with him when he gets out of La Bastille de la Contempt. — Jos. R. BUCHANAN.

ear a favorable decision if one is possible. Then if the law made and enacted by Judge Woods is declared good law we will know where we are and what we have to do battle against. We have reached that stage in "the irrepressible conflict" when it would be for criminal negligence—to cover our own selves as to the purposes of plutocracy and its power to carry through those purposes. Let us have no more uncertainty. Force manumit to show us what is.

Here is Mr. Furuseth's own statement on this point: "The condition of the American sailor afloat and the protection afforded him by law are a disgrace to any civilized nation. Take the state of food alone, and it is far below law in every maritime country, and, according to an official report, the food consumed on American ships is 80 per cent below that of Norwegian vessels, 40 per cent below the ships of Germany and Denmark and more than 50 per cent below those of England." It was to prevent men from combining and compelling an improvement of these conditions, which are truly a disgrace to this nation, that the law of 1890 was passed.

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HEARTLESS TRINITY.

Felix Adler Scores the Rich Church's Theological System.

In a lecture delivered before the New York Ethical Culture society on a recent Sunday Professor Felix Adler said:

"The tenement house commission of ten years ago, of which I had the honor of being a member, drafted a bill, which became law, providing for an adequate supply of water in the tenements. We felt that we had made some little progress.

You may imagine our surprise, after the bill became a law, that there arose opposition; that an appeal was made to the courts to block tenement house reform in this city. All sanitary experts agree upon the necessity for a full supply of water. The law was passed in London in 1891 deciding in a house of lords that labor is to be increased to accomplish.

If the purpose of this imprisonment is to punish the spirit of antagonism toward plutocratic methods which has been so prominent in Dobs—and the daily press practically assures us such is the purpose—then it will fail completely.

It would fail if the sentence was ten times as severe as it is, or I have made serious mistakes in estimating the man through the many years I have known him intimately. He wrote me the other day: 'I was never more resolute or determined in my life. Each succeeding exhibition of plutocratic opposition but serves to increase my ardor and strengthen my determination.'

If I go to jail not as a galley slave, but sustained by the consciousness that I have done my duty. * * * Mrs. Dobs, also my father and mother, beat me up bravely. They feel precisely as I do.

They are maintaining at Washington a lobby, with well filled purses and oily tongues, and they hold the whipland now, for all that they have to do is to prevent the consideration of the bills, and you know that in the present condition of affairs that is not hard to accomplish.

— Jos. R. BUCHANAN.

Associates Take the Next Step.

Let us ask: How should we accept Christ? Because we all want to be saved, and we can be saved in no other way. All men want to be saved. All expect to be saved.

What man comes to the Father but by me? There is no other name under heaven given among men by which we can be saved.

"Lord, to whom shall we go but unto Thee? Thou hast the words of eternal life."

There is no place where we can go except to Christ.

3. How should we accept faith? By simple faith and trust in Him. We have the spirit of life free.

We can not earn our salvation.

It is a gift of God to whomsoever will believe.

It is a gift, not a wage.

It is a gift, not a debt.

It is a gift, not a punishment.

It is a gift, not a curse.

It is a gift,

COMING ATTRACTIONS

Rooney Comedy Company Coming to the Lyceum Next Week in the Farce "Lord Rooney."

Lillian Lewis Will be Seen Early in February at the Temple Theater in "Cleopatra."

The Ideal Concert Company of St. Paul, to Appear at the Lyceum This Evening.

The attraction at the Lyceum on next Monday and Tuesday is the laughing festival "Lord Rooney," a side-splitting farce comedy, which will be presented by the Pat Rooney Comedy company, comprising the members of the late Irish comedian's family, Mattie, Josie and Master Pat, and a number of able and popular comedians and metropolitan favorites. It is a series of trashy farce comedies it is refreshing to meet with a melodious novelty in this particular branch of dramatic construction. This is what is claimed for the laughing festival, "Lord Rooney," which is something akin to a revelation in this line. The author, in the compounding of his hit, has taken a leaf from his former and finer work standards and by doing so has produced a play entirely fresh and original. From the rising of the curtain to the falling of the same the interest never flags, the humor never loses its piquant flavor, and the piece goes rippling merrily onward to an appropriate termination. The situations throughout are of a cyclonically mirthful nature, and there is a perfect embarrassment of riches in the number of catchy specialties introduced.

The Lord Rooney's latest effort at amusing the populace, and it made a distinctive and decided hit at the Lyceum last evening. The play is one continuous string of funny situations, the dialogue is bright and sparkling, and the actors are uniformly excellent. A scene of remarkable performance of a comedy would be hard indeed to imagine. "Lord Rooney" is a comedy pure and simple, somewhat farcical at times, and with no lines that can be construed into anything like seriousness. The fun begins when the curtain goes up and continues until it goes down in the ludicrous finale of the last act. It ranges fast and furious between these two extremes, varying in intensity at times, but always being pronounced enough to provoke a smile at least. It was a thoroughly well pleased audience that left the theater last evening, as far as the comedy was concerned. As a matter of course, the company which presented the comedy last evening was excellent in every part.

LILLIAN LEWIS.

At the Temple on February 5 in Shakespeare's Great Play "Cleopatra."

The next attraction at the Temple is Miss Lillian Lewis, who comes on Feb. 5 in a grand scenic production of Shakespeare's "Cleopatra." Mr. Marston who staged this play for Miss Lewis had the idea of presenting Shakespeare in what was no doubt its original form, namely the spectacular. He argued that the reason the classic drama had not succeeded in later years was because it was presented in what was believed to be the classic way, namely with a cold stage setting and severe costuming, rigid carriage and very drastic elocution. He therefore decided to go in for scenes and costumes, abundance of music, pantomime and illuminations by many colored lights. His "Cleopatra" is before all a spectacle, its limits being those only that the financial judgment of the manager declared were reasonable. The result has been a success, which pleases his plan with approval, for the patronage everywhere has been phenomenally large.

IDEAL CONCERT COMPANY.

Fine Concert to be Given Tonight at the Lyceum Theater.

Tonight the Ideal Concert company of St. Paul will give an entertainment at the Lyceum. The company is composed of several wellknown St. Paul people whose reputations as individual artists is not confined to their own city or Minneapolis but has extended over the Northwest. Some time ago they associated themselves together and today the Ideal Concert company is the pride of St. Paul people.

Mrs. S. V. Harris, the soprano, has many testimonials praising her very highly and is the finest soprano in the Saintly City. On a recent occasion when she sang at St. Paul the Pioneer Press said:

"The attraction of the concert was the appearance of Mrs. S. V. Harris of this city. She commands the scene and aria from the "Daughter of the Regiment" with orchestral accompaniment. Mrs. Harris has a pure soprano voice of good range and remarkable clearness and strength. She took the upper register with great facility and pleasure, one may say captivating, and there is a noticeable absence of harshness in the crescendo passages. The shading was good and the pronunciation perfect."

Mrs. C. B. Yale, the contralto, has been heard in Duluth before and her ability is fully appreciated. Testimonials have been in the St. Paul Globe said of her recently: "Mrs. C. B. Yale sang "Che Faro Senza Euridice" as Mrs. Yale always sings—delightfully. Her rich dramatic voice has gained greatly in the last year in sweetness and flexibility."

Mrs. Gertrude Sans Souci is the pianist. Miss Sans Souci has returned to the United States after an absence of three years abroad under some of the leading masters of Europe, such as Moritz Moszkowski and Max Ravel of Berlin, and Leopoldo Alapide of Paris. Her repertoire contains over 100 solos, exclusive of piano concerts from Beethoven, Mendelssohn, Rubenstein, Saint Saens, Chopin and Mozart. She received the following testimonial from Moritz Moszkowski: "Frauen! Sans Souci is today master of the most difficult compositions; as a pupil she showed the greatest interest and intelligence, and I

take pleasure in endorsing her as one of our future pianists."

Miss Edith Cline Ford, the elocutionist of the company, has been heard here before and is certainly a talented young woman. The program of the concert is as follows:

Value Caprice.....Bubinstein
Scenes—Ode to Fernando (La Fanciulla).....Donizetti
Scenes from "Mignon".....Dobree
Aria—Non so più dir di Casa Faccio.....Mozart
Arias—"Barbiere di Siviglia".....Cibulka
Song—"Rain and Sunshine".....Blumenthal
Mousseline—Mrs. C. E. Yale.....Lyon
Duet—"Patulandia".....Lacombe
Accompanist, Miss Yale
Accompanist, Mrs. Yale

"Ave Maria".....Masenitz
Pianoforte—S. V. Harris.....List
Pianoforte—Mrs. C. B. Yale.....Lacombe

Scenes from "La Sonnambula".....Bellini

Scenes from "La Traviata".....Verdi

Scenes from "Carmen".....Bizet

Scenes from "Mignon".....Dobree

SHOULD GO TO DULUTH

The New Supervising Inspector of Steam Vessels for This District Should be from Duluth.

No Other City in This District Has Shipping Interests that Are of Such Extent.

An Interesting Point in Regard to Land Laws to be Settled in the Courts.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Special to The Herald.—There is a lively fight going on here over the question of the appointment of a new supervising inspector of steam vessels for the district which embraces the state of Minnesota. At present the district is in charge of John D. Sloan, of St. Paul, who has proved a most efficient officer. It can easily be seen how necessary it is for an official of this sort to be a practical engineer and thoroughly familiar with modern iron vessels and their construction. For this reason a position of this sort rightly belongs to a man residing upon the sea coast, the great lakes or a large navigable river.

The point of view, however, that is taken by some politicians, they look upon an office of this kind as a sinecure into which they should induce one of their political followers. There are a dozen men in the service of the district in charge of the supervising inspector of steam vessels, and Senator Palmer, of Illinois, is attempting to capture two of these inspectorships. He succeeded in having a Southern Illinois man appointed and confirmed with headquarters at St. Louis, and shortly after another, one from Rock Island, named Tibbles, appointed for the district which includes Minnesota.

A large delegation, representing the Lake Carriers' association, has been in the city for several days working to defeat the scheme of Senator Palmer. They claim that he has no practical knowledge of modern iron vessels, coming from an unimportant town on the Mississippi whose shipping interests do not amount to anything. These people want the present inspector of steam vessels, Sloan, retained. Sloan may be a very good man, but if the justice of the thing is taken into consideration this position should be given to a Duluth engineer.

The shipping interests of Duluth are larger than any number of cities and they could gain practical experience in such matters anywhere it would be in such a city as Duluth. If Mr. Tibbles is not confirmed by the senate, some Duluth man should receive this appointment.

United States Consul General Dekay at Duluth informs the state department that an exposition is to be held there next year. Its purpose is to demonstrate the fact that Berlin has outstripped all the other German cities in manufactures and is now the leading industrial center of the empire. The exhibits will therefore be sent to Berlin products.

The judicial determination of the question whether a person who has received the full number of acres of land allowed under the pre-emption law can also enter an additional 160 acres under the homestead law, or vice versa, is sought in a communication forwarded by the secretary of the interior to the attorney general, recommending that suit be instituted to cancel the patent for lands near Durango, Col., is succeeded.

Cash remitted from land of his own in the same state when he took up his residence on his pre-emption claim in the Durango land district and the pre-emption entry is held to be illegal. The question is one of great importance in the case, and it involves the stability of titles acquired under those laws. The settled rule of the department is that both entries can be made, the only restriction being that both shall not be consummated at the same time.

A suit against the denudation of forests in order to secure a material for railroad ties is made in a report issued by the agricultural department on the use of metal railroad ties and preservative processes and metal tie plates for

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.



A FINANCIAL REVIEW.

Henry Clews Gives His Ideas on the Financial Remedies Which Congress Must Provide Immediately.

He Smears at Senator Sherman's Proposal to Issue Three Per Cent Bonds Payable in Coin.

Believes Light is Dawning and the Way Out of Our Embarrassments Becoming More Visible.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Henry Clews says in his weekly financial review, Business in Wall street remains dull. In the investment department, the transactions fall considerably below what is usual at this season, though prices for first-class mortgages, yielding about 4 per cent, are quite steady. Speculative transactions are almost entirely confined to "room" operators, and all efforts to stimulate buying are spasmodic and fall flat. At the moment, the "bears" seem to have the upper hand, perhaps mainly because holders choose to give them rope in order to entangle them and squeeze. The strong leaders of the market are few, and there are so few weak holders, and that the owners of stock regard securities as intrinsically cheap at current quotations and therefore will not sell except at an advance upon present prices.

It is the general mood to seek an occasion for recompence of operations, and it finds one ready to hand in the treasury situation, the currency question and the tardiness of congress in doing something towards settling these issues. It is generally conceded that the only relief possible in the currency question is likely to be done at present, nor indeed can properly be done within the brief time remaining for the present congress. The feeling in favor of the appointment of a national commission on the question is to that effect by the members of the House of Representatives.

The petition sets forth the objections to the Good Templars, Odd Fellows and Knights of Pythias, and the like, of their ritualistic ceremonies contrary to the Catholic spirit, and closes as follows:

"Having called attention to these facts, the undersigned most humbly asks that your holiness deign to decide whether these societies can be joined by Catholics and their members receive absolution."

"The decision, as promulgated by the Pope, will settle the case forever, and each and every good Catholic is glad that the lines are drawn and the decree of the third plenary council upheld."

The Pope's Encyclical.

New York, Jan. 28.—For the pope's encyclical, which came in La Bourgogne, got through the custom house on the payment of \$1.25. It came as printed matter, and it was rushed through the hands of the post office, and was delivered to the addressee at 10:30 a. m. on Jan. 26, 1895, and cost 25 cents.

Odd Fellows and Knights of Pythias.

Washington, Jan. 28.—In the superior court this forenoon, the jury in the case of Attorney John F. Dooley, was brought in to consider the amount of damages to be awarded in the suit of \$25,000, returned a verdict which is practically an acquittal.

On six counts the defendant is found not guilty and on the other three the jury

finds him guilty of a lesser offense.

Odd Fellows and Knights of Pythias.

Washington, Jan. 28.—The secretary of the interior has forwarded to the chair man of the house committee on public lands a favorable report on House Bill 2402 for the consideration of the committee. The bill, introduced by Senator Sherman, provides that no person shall be allowed to enter upon public lands more than 160 acres under the homestead law, or vice versa.

The bill which was introduced by Senator Sherman, is to be voted upon by the committee on public lands.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

OFFICIAL PAPER OF CITY OF DULUTH.
Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION,
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.

A Great Newspaper.

Philadelphia Railroad Record and Investor's Guide: The Duluth Evening Herald, one of our most enterprising and valued exchanges, fair and outdid itself recently when it issued a grand Christmas number, consisting of forty pages, and a special edition of forty pages. Notwithstanding its mammoth proportions it is intensely interesting and instructive from the first page to the last. It speaks volumes for the city of Duluth whose industrial resources makes it possible to produce a paper so rich and interesting as this. Its peculiarity lies in its peculiar business enterprises, while as a piece of journalistic enterprise it surpasses anything we have yet seen at the head of the lakes. The Herald is indeed a great newspaper.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN., Jan. 28, Forecast for Duluth, and lowest in Western Manitoba. It has fallen rapidly in the regions north of Manitoba, with a decided increase in the north. The Canadian Northwest, Manitoba and North Dakota.

The temperature is below zero as far south as Northwest Kansas and east to Lake Erie, the lowest thermometer reading zero at 11 a.m. today. The temperature is zero at Lander, Wyoming and Moorhead, Minn.

Snow is falling in the Lower

Mississippi Valley and thence south to the northern part of the West Gulf states; also in Asiatic boats.

Duluth temperature at 1 a.m. today, 18 degrees below zero; maximum yesterday, 14 degrees above zero; minimum yesterday, 18 degrees below zero; minimum last night, 20 below.

DULUTH, Jan. 28.—Forecast for Duluth and vicinity, 10 a.m. tomorrow. Fair and slightly warmer today, followed by increasing clouds and decidedly warmer, with snow, tonight and Tuesday; southward to零度; minimum 18 degrees below zero; minimum last night, 20 below.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—Forecast for Duluth and vicinity, 10 a.m. tomorrow. Fair and slightly warmer today, followed by increasing clouds and decidedly warmer, with snow, tonight and Tuesday; southward to零度; minimum 18 degrees below zero; minimum last night, 20 below.

JAMES KENNEY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Jan. 28.—Forecast for Duluth and vicinity, 10 a.m. tomorrow. Fair and slightly warmer today, followed by increasing clouds and decidedly warmer, with snow, tonight and Tuesday; southward to零度; minimum 18 degrees below zero; minimum last night, 20 below.

THE Judgments.

The Herald publishes today the names of those who have been admitted to the petition placing in nomination Messrs. Dibell and Hunt, who were recommended by the Bar association for judge and special judge of the municipal court. The list speaks for itself. It contains the names of all the leading attorneys of the city. They thoroughly believe in the separation of the judiciary from politics, and with this idea in view they urge the people of Duluth to cast their votes in favor of the two candidates who were selected by the members of the bar because of their eminent fitness for the bench and not because they were Republicans or Democrats or politicians of any other stripe.

Some of those opposed to the adoption of the recommendations of the bar for the judges seem to think the action of the bar in this instance an unkind of assumption. This is a mistake. Every judge of the district court of St. Louis county from the earliest day to the present has been selected in this way with one single exception, that of Judge Lewis. The members of the bar have met and selected and recommended persons whom they deemed fit and both political parties have nominated the recommendations. For a great many years the Democrats of St. Louis county, on the recommendation of the bar, nominated Republican candidates for judge.

There has never been a Democratic judge on the district bench in St. Louis county. At the present time there are three Republicans in the district court, two of whom were recommended by the bar and nominated by both Republicans and Democrats. There is a Republican probate judge, nominated by both parties, and if the bar recommendations are elected there will be one Republican on the municipal bench. Even then the Republicans will have five places out of six and the Democrats only one. Politicians should not be mentioned at all in deciding who shall be judges, but even those who think otherwise must concede that the Republicans should be satisfied with five out of six places.

For Spoils Alone.

Political parties are organized to enable people having similar views on matters of public policy the better to put those views into operation. This is the limit of legitimate party organization. The organization of people into parties for the mere purpose of obtaining offices is wholly wrong and immoral.

A certain faction of the Republican party in this city seems to exist merely for this immoral purpose. It demands offices. It advocates no political principle. It proposes to adopt no policy for the public good. It does not even cover its real purpose by making a pretense that it is doing this for the public good.

It, boldly and openly says it wants offices to pay its debts with. It wants to turn out two competent and experienced men because it wants the places in order to pay an old political debt. This is the only reason that is advanced. It wants to use the judgeships to pay other debts with.

This faction seeks to compel the Republican party to commit itself to these things—to conduct a campaign confessing to its own sins, without making the slightest pretense that it is for the public good in any way. Let this faction beware! No such methods can be practiced, without destroying those who practice them. The people of Duluth will administer a crushing rebuke to the political ringsters. They do not propose to hand over the city offices to the control of the spoilsman.

Is Not Competent.

The News Tribune says: "If Mr. Ten Brook defeats Mr. Hopkins he will defeat a man who is just as competent to fill the office of comptroller as the present incumbent."

This is absolutely untrue. There is no comparison between Mr. Ten Brook and his opponent, so far as competency to fill the comptrollership is concerned. Mr. Ten Brook is a thoroughly efficient official. The duties of the comptroller are performed by him to the complete satisfaction of the public. It is an office that demands special qualifications. You cannot take a man from farm work or such an important position and expect that he will make a success in it.

It is absurd to even imagine that Mr. Hopkins has any of the essential qualifications for the position of comptroller. His record does not disclose any special training for such an office, and men who have known him well both at his former home in Crookston and since his residence in Duluth assure The Herald that he is absolutely incompetent to properly discharge the duties of comptroller.

The Herald has no desire to make a personal campaign, but in view of the great importance of the comptrollership, the damage that an incompetent comptroller would assuredly inflict upon the city, and the necessity of placing a thoroughly competent man in that position, it must talk plainly in regard to Mr. Hopkins, so that the citizens may know the facts.

Mr. Hopkins is personally a very fine man and he is no doubt a capable weighmaster in the state grain department, but he does not possess the ability or experience to make an efficient comptroller. Fitness must be the test in the selection of city officers, and judged by that test Mr. Hopkins must be condemned. It is the duty of every man who has the interests of the city at heart to vote and work for Mr. Ten Brook, who is a tried and experienced official.

The Central American Trouble.

The Mexican government was to hold a meeting today to decide the question of proclaiming war against Guatemala, in view of the latter country's absolute refusal to admit the validity of Mexico's claims to certain territory in dispute. The indications are war will be proclaimed, and its extent is problematical, because it is not known whether the other Central American countries will come to the aid of Guatemala in its struggle with the powerful nation.

The contention between Mexico and Guatemala is over the possession of certain logging camps, which Mexicans have been operating in the alleged belief that they were on the Mexican side of the boundary line of Guatemala on the north and northwest. In 1772, Guatemala and Mexico mutually determined the line separating their respective territories, but the agreement was indefinite in several respects and has led to frequent dispute. Guatemala has

been operating in the alleged belief that they were on the Mexican side of the boundary line of Guatemala on the north and northwest. In 1772, Guatemala and Mexico mutually determined the line separating their respective territories, but the agreement was indefinite in several respects and has led to frequent dispute. Guatemala has

Has No Equal

Hood's Gives Health and Strength to the Aged



"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass." "General idea. I think Hood's Sarsaparilla has been used in our family a good many years. My mother, Mrs. Benjamin Sellers, came here from England thirteen years ago, and has been in good health for a long time. Every spring and fall we take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it

"Sick and Worn Out." "She has had to live in bed. She suffered from indigestion; in fact could hardly eat anything. She began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it

"HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES" "did her so much good she thinks it saved her life. She is an old lady, 78 years, and is as smart as some young girls." Mrs. J. R. JAMES, 812 Dell Ave., Waukesha, Wisconsin.

"Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c."

"Senator David B. Hill is giving sound advice to the Democrats. They urges them to get together on some financial measure that will meet the emergency. David B.

contended that the logging camps at the bottom of the present dispute were in Guatemalan territory and resented this intrusion by sending troops to the scene, seizing the plant of the Mexican lumbermen and destroying their mahogany logs. This attempt to settle the boundary question by force is claimed by Mexico to be in violation of recent agreements, and hence the present prospect of war.

According to the census of 1890, Guatemala has an area of 65,307 square miles and a population of 1,471,025 souls, of whom some 185,000 are whites, 300,000 Ladinos and the rest Indians. Its exports in 1890 were worth \$14,101,534; imports, \$7,630,833. Through the largest and most populous of the Central American states, the list includes Honduras, Nicaragua, Salvador, Costa Rica and British Honduras—Guatemala is of small strength in comparison with Mexico.

The latter in 1889 had an area of 76,727 square miles and a population of 11,632,924. Its foreign commerce aggregated \$100,183,317, of which total \$65,192,323 were exports and \$40,621,894 imports. In development and resources Mexico and Guatemala are hardly to be compared, the latter being in every way backward and poor. The total wealth of Guatemala is but \$69,661,657, while Mexico's revenue in 1890 was only \$39,970,000. Coffee is the chief product of the smaller state, but bananas, cacao, tobacco, sugar, hides and hardwoods are also largely produced. At one time Guatemala included all of what is now called Central America and a part of Mexico, and efforts have been made several times to practically restore the old order of things by uniting San Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Guatemala under one government. In a war with Mexico, Guatemala would have the sympathy and probably the active assistance of all these countries.

A bill has been introduced in the New

York legislature, the most novel feature

in which is a blow at the theater hat,

compelling managers to remove any obtrusion complained of by any person in the audience. It is provided that any person having purchased a seat in a place of entertainment and finding his view obstructed or the proper quietness disturbed by any cause within the control of the proprietor or manager of such place, to his annoyance, shall have the right to demand the return of the price of the seat, unless the obstruction or annoyance be removed immediately. Long suffering theater-goers will watch with interest the fate of this desirable measure.

Interest is derived from inquiry into over 8000 cases of severe poverty in Eastern cities. One fourth of the same are due to misconduct; three-fourths to misfortune. A shade over one-half of the cases of misconduct are due to intemperance and then comes (roughly) 24 per cent of "lack of employment"; sickness nearly the same figure; 6½ per cent "no male support"; old age, deformity, and accidents; varying figures from 5 to 2½ per cent. The figures speak well for human nature, but badly as to fortune.

The Herald's Washington correspond-

ent draws attention to a matter that should receive attention here. Duluth, he says, should have the supervising in-

spector of steam vessels for this district,

inasmuch as the shipping interests of

this city are greater than those of any

other city in the district.

When the chieftain fell dead by the Well of the moorland and plucked the flowers where the cause of the Stuarts was sped.

And when that awoke on the moorland cause,

Like the voice of the heroes who perished in

Not for Teurlach alone the red claymore was

Playing. But to win back the old world that comes not

—A Lang in Longman's.

Dark was the day when we looked on

Colloca.

And then the mist-drop that wept from

the tree.

The oats of the harvest hung heavy and

No light on the land, and no wind on the

Winds of the graves of Clan Gilavaray cluster

together.

When the chieftain fell dead by the Well

of the moorland and plucked the

Flowers where the cause of the Stuarts

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The Popular Idea.

Carlton County Videl: The Duluth

Herald believes in keeping national

politics, i. e., party lines, out of

city politics. Most people will be of

The Herald's way of thinking.

She Will Have It.

The Mesa, Arizona: Duluth wants a

normal school and ought to have it.

They are now thoroughly scared and

making a frantic effort to prevent the

overwhelming defeat that is in store for

them. Keep them on the run! No politi-

cal bosses! Maintain the municipal

government on a business basis!

The course of municipal government in

the leading cities of this country has

been political bosses. Duluth has

therefore been free from this evil in the

conduct of municipal affairs, and the people

do not intend to introduce it at a time

when other cities are struggling to throw

off the yoke of the bosses.

Senators David B. Hill is giving sound ad-

vice to the Democrats. They urges them to

get together on some financial measure

that will meet the emergency. David B.

PROOF IS POSITIVE

THAT LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND

IS Daily Curing Backache, Bizziness,

Faulness, Irregularity, and all Fe-

mule Complaints.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]

Intelligent women no longer doubt the

value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable

New!

We Are a New House!
Our Stock is Entirely New!
Our Prices Are Also New!

Can you not see the great amount of good we can do you? We have no old, bad accounts to charge into our profits, which increases the cost of the goods to you, neither have we any old, hard stock to work off on you. And last, but not least, our goods cost us from 15 per cent to 25 per cent less, having been bought within the past six months, as the duty has decreased that much since September 1st, 1894, and nearly all the stocks of Crocker owned in Duluth are from four to six years old.

F. A. Parker Company,

28 West Superior Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

The concert by the New Symphony orchestra, which was better attended than any yet given. The program was a pleasing one and the audience was well satisfied. Souza's "Manhattan Beach" was the opening "number," followed by "Swanee River," "Swanee" by Strauss, was popular. Nicolai's overture "Merry Wives of Windsor," was an excellent number, but the gem of all was Gillet's "Babilage" played by the strong instruments united. It was encored and partially repeated. A descriptive peace, "Columbus," closed the program.

No key is needed.

Miss C. M. McAdams made her first appearance and clearly made a hit. She sang an operatic solo and executed the runs and trills in a positive and graceful style. Her voice is of pure, veiled quality and her stage presence is pleasing and graceful. She was given an encore.

Miss Rebecca MacKenzie also sang. A marked improvement has been made in her singing. The art of singing and the benefits of careful training are thoroughly exhibited. She sang the beautiful aria from "Les Huguenots" by Meyerbeer. It was finely rendered and in a sympathetic manner. An encore was rendered.

Ronney Comedy Company.

The Lyceum has secured a strong attraction for to-night and to-morrow night. The Ronney Comedy Company, famous all over the United States, will present their latest success, "Lord Ronney."

Nothing it has ever been seen before; it is unique, unparalleled and unapproachable; it is, in short, a veritable drama in comedy. The comedy has been overwhelmed with an avalanche of farce comedies during the past few seasons, some of which were good, some indifferent and the great majority bad.

Over all these produced "Lord Ronney," Nothing it has ever been seen before; it is unique, unparalleled and unapproachable; it is, in short, a veritable drama in comedy.

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The Great Northern and Great Western Make Changes.

Beginning Feb. 1 the Great Northern and Great Western will shunt a number of minor offices at Des Moines and the head of the lakes. C. J. Brooks, now city passenger and ticket agent of the Great Western at Des Moines, will enter Great Northern service as Northern passenger agent, with headquarters at Duluth.

W. S. Whitten, city passenger agent of the Great Northern at Duluth, will be under him, as will also be Fred Hunter, who is successor to George S. Stebbins, city passenger agent at West Superior. Mr. Hunter is assistant at Des Moines to Mr. Brooks, who will be succeeded as city passenger and ticket agent of the Great Western by W. H. Long, formerly traveling passenger agent of the Great Northern at Des Moines.

Hood's sarsaparilla, acting through the blood, reaches every part of the system, and in this way positively cures catarrh.

Ideal Concert Company.

The Ideal Concert Company of St. Paul did not have a large audience at the evening concert Saturday evening, but gave a most artistic and praiseworthy entertainment.

Miss Sam Souci fulfilled all that had been promised. She is a talented pianist, and her selections were all admirably ap- plauded. Some numbers from Rubenstein, Chopin and Kullak.

Mrs. C. B. Yale, the contralto, sang Donizetti's "O mio Fernando," and Blumenthal's "Rain and Sunshine."

She was in excellent voice and added to the interest of the program.

Mrs. S. V. Harris has a sweet and well trained soprano voice and sings easily and naturally. She was heard in an aria from "Le Nozze di Figaro" by Mozart and Mascagni's "Ave Marie."

Miss Ford was received enthusiastically. She recited from "Media" from the French of M. Legonne and a monologue and was encoraged.

To Quit Lake Superior.

A Buffalo newspaper item intimates that the Western Transfer Company is preparing to retire from Lake Superior passenger and that a similar

company will be formed.

The Poet's Dream.

Entered by thoughtful smokers.

Rare Continuation of the Grade Tobacco.

"Put that in YOUR pipe and smoke it!"

Don't be mean after you have tried it, but tell your friends about it.

Live dealer sell it, but don't send your order with it.

25¢ for 2 oz. or 4 oz. sample.

W. S. Dennis, St. Paul.

The Poet's Dream Waltz sent free upon application.

Many men of many minds
Many pipes of many kinds
But ONLY ONE TOBACCO

The Poet's Dream

Entered by thoughtful smokers.

Rare Continuation of the Grade Tobacco.

"Put that in YOUR pipe and smoke it!"

Don't be mean after you have tried it, but tell your friends about it.

Live dealer sell it, but don't send your order with it.

25¢ for 2 oz. or 4 oz. sample.

W. S. Dennis, St. Paul.

The Poet's Dream Waltz sent free upon application.

THE COMPLETE LIST

Names of All Candidates Who Filed Certificates or Petitions on or Before Saturday Afternoon.

J. T. Hale, of the First, is the Only Candidate for Alderman Who is Without Opposition.

List of Attorneys Who Signed Petitions Asking H. B. Dibell and J. W. Hunt to Run Independent.

The fight in this municipal campaign is now over. Saturday was the last day for the filing of certificates of nomination and the lists are now closed. There are just thirty-two candidates whose names will appear on the ballot. Of that number, only thirteen, a terribly unlucky number, can possibly draw prizes at the polls a week from tomorrow. Here is the list of candidates for voters to choose from:

Treasurer—Fred J. Voss, Democratic; E. G. Chapman, Republican; William G. Ten Brook, Independent and Democratic; A. N. Hopkins, Republican; W. D. Edison, Republican; Special Municipal judge—J. W. Hunt, Independent and Democratic; J. H. Boyle, Republican.

Municipal court No. 2—Charles W. Hoyt, Republican; P. O. Noben, Democratic.

Judge—T. Hale will have no opposition in the First ward for alderman. The candidates in the other wards are as follows:

Second ward—Theodore M. Krumisig, Independent; E. Evans, Republican; Third ward—C. Williamson, Democrat; Reuben Z. H. Ainsworth, Independent.

Fourth ward—N. F. Hugo, Independent; Edmund Ingalls, Democratic; Louis Christensen, Republican.

Fifth ward—George W. Goldsmith, Republican; James Anderson, Populist.

Sixth ward—J. W. Nelson, Republican; L. J. Nelson, Independent; E. J. Bouska, Democratic.

Seventh ward—L. D. French, Republican; Robert C. Kennedy, Independent; Eighth ward—W. H. Larson, Republican; H. J. Martin, Independent; W. H. Reynolds, Democrat.

Ninth ward—J. W. McMichael, Democrat; C. F. Reynolds, Democrat; W. H. Nichols, Democrat.

The Republicans have opened headquarters in the rooms occupied by the Populists in the last state campaign in the basement of the Kitchi Gammi club building and selected J. D. Holmes for secretary and J. B. Stevens for treasurer.

Chief Black says that when a man attempts to sell us all the other new boxes, he opens the door and at the same time sets the bell to ringing loudly. The bell ringing, however, does not indicate that an alarm has gone off, but is simply a notice that a policeman is on the way. When he bears the bell it is expected that he will hasten to the spot, clear away the crowd, then exact the payment of the fine and give any assistance in the removal of the firemen when they reach the scene. When the lever to the box is opened the lever must be pulled and an alarm turned in just the same manner with the old style boxes.

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THE KEYS BOXES.

Chief Black Gives Instructions as to How to Use Them.

Chief Black, of the fire department, wishes to call the attention of the public to the keyless fire alarm boxes now being given a trial. One is located at Second avenue west and Superior street and the other at Fourth avenue west and Superior street. No key is needed.

Chief Black says that when a man attempts to sell us all the other new boxes, he opens the door and at the same time sets the bell to ringing loudly. The bell ringing, however, does not indicate that an alarm has gone off, but is simply a notice that a policeman is on the way. When he bears the bell it is expected that he will hasten to the spot, clear away the crowd, then exact the payment of the fine and give any assistance in the removal of the firemen when they reach the scene. When the lever to the box is opened the lever must be pulled and an alarm turned in just the same manner with the old style boxes.

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CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, Palladio. Schifman makes the best gold crowns. Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote. The Evening Herald is on sale in St. Paul at the Windsor Hotel news stand. Urde of the pants, Imperial flour. First papers have been issued in the office of the printer, clerk to Angus M. Campbell at Canada.

The certificate of appointment of A. Brown of St. Paul, as pastor of the Unitarian flock in Duluth, has been filed with the register of deeds.

Judge Powell, being detained at home by the somewhat severe illness of wife, Judge Winge took the helm in municipal affairs in his absence.

Deaths as follows have been reported the result of health: Hunce E. G. Litz, 20 Second avenue west, aged 22 years and 9 months of consumption; James L. Gilbert, 251 Dingwall street, of dud fever.

For cheapest homes, quickest transit, North Heights Land Co., Herald bldg. A marriage license has been issued to Mr. Clark and Francesca Novak. Charles Berg died at St. Mary's hospital yesterday. He was a county patient and had been brought in from the Red River.

Rev. C. M. Heard, D. D., of Montello, Minn., is in the city and will conduct a series of special religious services in the Lester Park M. E. church, during Tuesday evening.

PERSONAL.

H. Winterfield was called to Rochester, N. Y., yesterday by a telegram announcing the serious illness of his son, Francis Oneissis out after a tussle in a grape.

W. R. Peery came down from Rainy Lake City today.

R. A. Wilson, of St. Paul, is at the St. Paul.

Wade Blaker, of Grand Rapids, is in the city.

W. M. Leggett, of St. Paul, state railroad commissioner, was in the city yesterday.

W. H. Seelye, of Brainerd, is in the city.

City Clerk Ethan S. Brown, of Little Falls, and John Raymond of the same city, are visiting with A. McG. McDonald.

Rev. W. H. Medlar, of Wabasha, Minn., preached at Pilgrim Congregational church yesterday, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Forgy.

John D. Sullivan, of St. Cloud, county attorney of Stearns county, is in the city. He is accompanied him and they are at the Spalding.

MONEY! READY TO LOAN.
Lowest Rates, Easiest Terms.
Stryker, Manley & Buck

Had an item.
"I have an item for the reporters," said he as he entered police headquarters. "An item for the reporters," he said again, "but I'll take it."

"All right. Begin by writing down as a respectable citizen was last night taking his way homeward."

"Yes."

"The stars were more or less obscured, and the moon shone dimly."

"I have it."

"He was within three blocks of his domicile when he was suddenly assailed by a strange man who sprang out of an alley."

"Go on."

"The desperado demanded the citizen's money or his life, and as he spoke flourished a club in his hand. The citizen is a man of nerve and courage, but being taken at a disadvantage he handed over his purse."

"The purse contained only 7 cents, but what the citizen complains of is the principle of the thing. He would sweetly but firmly ask—"

"Yes, I know."

"You know what he would ask?"

"Certainly. He wants to ask, 'Where are the police?' The police were somewhere else, of course. Sorry they weren't there, but I can't help it. Good night, my friend."

"Guardian of the peace of the sovereign people, good night!" replied the man as he buttoned his coat and walked out like a crowbar provided with legs—Detroit Free Press.

POLO!
DULUTH
vs.
Y. M. C. A.
Endion Rink Tonight

GOOD MUSIC IN ATTENDANCE.
An exciting game predicted. Game called at 9 o'clock. EVERYBODY COME.

Death of James I. Gilbert.

James I. Gilbert died at his home at 2051 Dingwall street yesterday afternoon after an illness of two and one-half months from typhoid fever. He was a young man, 26 years old, and probably known in his profession and was 32 years of age. He came to Duluth from Burlington, Iowa, in 1887, and married here. He leaves a wife and four children. The remains will be taken to Burlington for burial.

A sobering reflection.

"I can tell you, hon, that when my offer of marriage was rejected by the prima donna I was so miserable that I was on the point of throwing myself out of the window."

"What prevented you?"

"The height!"—Karlsbaden Woehenblatt.

N. F. Hugo Withdraws.

N. F. Hugo has withdrawn as a candidate for Alderman in the Fourth ward, leaving Ed Ingalls as the sole opponent of Alderman Christensen.

Snow in Gotham.

New York, Jan. 28.—Snow fell here today and is now lying thick around the town.

Announcement.

At the urgent request of many friends, I hereby announce myself as an independent candidate for alderman from the Seventh ward, at the ensuing election.

ROBERT C. KENNEDY.

Adulteration means poison and weakness. Only Price's cream baking powder is absolutely pure.

BUY NOW!

Ten acres of land at Spring Garden. Price is low and terms easy. Good roads and near Duluth Market. Good school and neighbors.

GEO. H. CROSEY.

314 Palladio Bldg., Duluth.

NO LIABILITY EXISTS.

Judges Lewis and Ensign render an important decision in American Loan and Trust Company Affairs.

They hold that the statutory liability of stockholders does not apply in this case.

Company was organized under Chapter 107 Laws of 1883, which impose no such liability.

The district court, through Judges Ensign and Lewis, has decided that the American Loan and Trust company does not need more than one receiver and that the stockholders are not liable for the debts of the corporation. The decision is the result of a suit brought some time ago by the International Trust company in behalf of all the creditors of the American Loan to enforce the statutory liability of the stockholders and to appoint a receiver.

Two other receivers were filed by the stockholders and directors of the corporation against the suit, which was brought under chapter 76 of the state laws, and the matter was argued before and taken under advisement by Judges Ensign and Lewis some time ago. The decision, which has just been handed down, sustains the denunciations and denies the motion for the appointment of a receiver.

The following memorandum, signed by both judges, accompanies the order:

"The American Loan and Trust company is organized under the provisions of chapter 107 of the general laws of 1883, which impose no liability upon stockholders for the debts of corporations. Corporations organized under said act possess and have the right to exercise banking privileges.

We are unable to point to any constitutional provision which imposes such liability upon a corporation."

ODIN HILDEN, county auditor, has made a return to the alternative writ of mandamus issued on petition of R. C. Ray. He asserts that the court has no jurisdiction over his person, nor of the subject of the action, and he prays that the writ be quashed.

The new cases for the February term were not coming in very fast this morning, but one being filed up to noon. There are twenty-seven already filed, which with eighty-one continued cases makes 105 so far. Tomorrow is the last day for filing notes of issue.

WILL RECOMMEND WORK.

Board of Public Works will recommend to the Council.

The board of public works will send to the council meeting tonight some recommendations for making public improvements.

The board will recommend the improvement of Sixth street between Fourteenth avenue west and Twelfth avenue east.

Another recommendation will be in favor of cleaning and paving Miller creek from Michigan street.

The board recommends that commissioners be appointed to condemn connections between Jefferson street in Harrison's addition and Jefferson street in East Duluth.

The board also favored opening a street from a point east of Seventeenth avenue west to Third street to run on an even grade around the brow of the hill westward to Seventh street and Piedmont avenue west.

May Be Settled.

In municipal court this morning, Alexander Roberts, charged with grand larceny in a second degree, agreed with the district attorney, C. Palmer, that Louis Kornheleau of St. Louis, fell in with some bon companions and got drunk yesterday. He is quick tempered and shied a spittoon at the crowd. He missed a man and hit the mirror.

Daugherty answered to a charge of vagrancy in police court this morning, pleaded guilty and was given ten days.

John Nelson, who has been patrolling in the Hotel St. Louis, fell in with some bon companions and got drunk yesterday. He penitently pleaded guilty and was given suspended sentence.

Dismissed the Case.

In the cases of George Charles Howard, the iron and Land company, of St. Paul, and the iron and Land company, of Minnesota, Emil Hartmann et al. and J. Malin et al., cross-complainants vs. George Charles Howard et al., Judge Nelson has ordered the pleas, which were filed by the cross-complainants, to be withdrawn.

The order was given at the request of the action, and the cross-complainants, John Malin et al. and the principal defendants, the iron and Land company of Minnesota are aliens and citizens of Great Britain.

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EVENING HERALD

PUBLISHED BY THE
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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

OFFICIAL PAPER OF CITY OF DULUTH.
Entered at the post office at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION,
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.

A Great Newspaper.

Philadelphia Railroad Record and Investor's Guide: The Duluth Evening Herald, one of our most enterprising and valued exchanges, fairly outdid itself recently when it issued a grand Christmas number, consisting of forty pages, with a full cover of illustrations. Notwithstanding its mammoth proportions it is intensely interesting and instructive from the first page to the last. It speaks volumes for the city of Duluth, whose industrial resources speak for the municipal judgeships, and now with unanimity they join in signing the nominating certificates of those selected.

The claim is made by the News Tribune that "the bar meeting was from the first a partisan idea," and the great bulk of the Republicans who took part "did not desire to dictate, only to suggest, and when even better men than those who were suggested were named by the Republicans, they willingly declared for the nominees." This claim is utterly untrue, as the morning paper well knows and it is advanced because the News Tribune cannot think of anything else to say for its cause. The names of the great bulk of the Republicans who took part in the bar meeting are upon the nominating certificates of Messrs. Dibell and Hunt, and there is not a really prominent Republican lawyer in the city who is opposing the bar nominations.

Inasmuch as the lawyers are attempting to accomplish the laudable object of non-partisanship upon the bench, it would seem to be the part of wisdom, prudence and good citizenship for the people at large to aid and assist them in their endeavor. The lawyers as lawyers have no interest in the judges or court either or different from that of their clients and other citizens. Mr. Dibell and Mr. Hunt are entitled to the earnest support of all citizens who favor the object of freeing the courts from partisanship and party politics.

Much is said about the light immigration in 1894, but it was heavy enough. It averaged over 20,000 a month for the year, when every city in the country was congested with idle labor. Probably nine-tenths of the 2,000,000 immigrants received steered straight for the thickly populated centers, and no small number of them have had help from the poor commissions. When is this state of things to be ended?

When Judge Morris declined to consider the judgeship of the municipal court a political office and would not obey the behests of the politicians they turned him down for a renomination. And then the people turned down the candidate whom the bosses nominated. The politicians should have learned something from that lesson.

Illinois grain farmers have petitioned that the railroads be compelled to provide free grain storage. This provision may be made in the near future. President Hill, of the Great Northern, is said to entertain the idea that railroads should provide for the storage of wheat the same as of all other freight.

Mr. Ten Brook has demonstrated his competency as city comptroller, and the experience which he has gained in the office make him doubly valuable. Mr. Hopkins is not competent to undertake the duties of comptroller; happily for the interests of the city he will not be called to the office.

Fred Voss is making a vigorous campaign for re-election as treasurer, and he is receiving promises of support from friends of all shades of political views. Fred is popular and he is running so fast that the political bosses will hardly know they were in the race.

The morning paper finds that the municipal campaign is getting warm. Yes, and it will grow warmer every day. The political bosses will conclude that it is the hottest fight they ever encountered.

John J. Ingalls describes a woman who wants to vote as "an opalescent phantasy." It is real mean of the ex-senator to call such horrid names.

Lafayette, Ind., has introduced a new idea, that of a kindergarten attached to church to permit mothers to take in the service.

The St. Louis Stat-Sayings says:

daily pay of 13 cents, which is handed to the wives. When on a march these go on a few hours ahead, purchase supplies and are ready with his food when hubby arrives.

The Municipal Judges. The claim of the News Tribune that the bar nominations for the judgeships were not non-partisan is fully answered by the list of the signers of the certificates which placed Messrs. Dibell and Hunt in nomination. No one can honestly assert, after reading this list, that the movement is not thoroughly non-partisan. On these nominating certificates are the names of all the leading Republican lawyers in Duluth, as well as most of the Democratic and Populist lawyers. It is a magnificent endorsement of these candidates and great weight will be attached to it because of the high standing at the bar of those whose names are attached to the certificates.

The Herald does not understand that the lawyers in any way make claim to the right to select judicial candidates, but it is claimed that the mode of selection of judicial candidates should be kept as free as possible of party politics and party methods. It is conceded almost universally that a non-partisan judiciary is an advantage to the community at large and to all persons having to do with the courts. There would seem to be no better method at hand for obtaining this desired end than that adopted by the lawyers at this time. They met and selected, in a non-partisan way, two individuals who, in their judgment, had peculiar fitness for the municipal judgeships, and now with unanimity they join in signing the nominating certificates of those selected.

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The St. Louis Stat-Sayings says:

One Price and that Right

HOWARD
&
HAYNIE

AMERICAN STORE.

We're
After You!
IF YOU WANT THINGS WE'LL GET YOU.

To brag about doing things, is one thing;
To do things, is another thing.

WE DO THINGS!

Big Sale of Haircloth Interlining
For Dresses.

The fact stands that every Dress must have its Haircloth. The demand for it is great, and increases with each succeeding day; so up springs our great and growing determination to outdo. So instead of selling these Imported Haircloths at 35c and 40c, we put them on sale tomorrow (3000 yards) at **20c** a yard; full widths.

2000 DOZEN LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS sell tomorrow, ranging in price up to 25c, at **9c** each.

1000 DOZEN PAPERS OF PINS, sell at **1c** a paper tomorrow.

25 DOZEN FUR MUFFS, ranging in price up to \$2.50, sell tomorrow at **50c** each.

10 DOZEN MUSLIN CHEMISE, ranging in price up to 75c each, sell tomorrow at **19c** each.

New Wash Goods Pouring In.

Howard & Haynie

"Senator D. B. Hill vacates this year. The election of his successor will be one of the most important political gauges known in New York for years." The St. Louis paper is somewhat astray.

Mr. Hill's term does not expire until 1897.

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Accordingly, as they assumed him, even on the day of the convention that his nomination was to be made, that Mr. Hopkins was also a candidate for the place, but that his candidacy did not amount to anything. Mr. Ten Brook took these gentlemen at their word and so did no special work among the delegates in his own behalf. This is the reason that he could not defeat Mr. Ten Brook if they could, and they concluded that they could most easily defeat him by throwing him off his guard.

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SUFFEL & CO.
129 W. Superior St.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF . . .

DRY GOODS

Our entire stock of Dry Goods now being sold regardless of cost or value. We are **Positively** going out of the Dry Goods Business. Make your dollars go as far as possible. We are now selling at

Half Price

Stamped Art Linens at "Half Price."
Dress Goods at "Half Price."
Sills and Dress Trimmings at "Half Price."
Fur Muffs and Boas at "Half Price."
Embroideries and Laces at "Half Price."
Lace Curtains at "Half Price."
Veilings (all the new styles) at "Half Price."
Men's Underwear at "Half Price."
Men's Nightshirts at "Half Price."
Men's Suspenders at "Half Price."
Children's Combination Suits at "Half Price."
Ladies' Silk Vests at "Half Price."
Ladies' Equestrienne Tights at "Half Price."
Ladies' \$1.00 Underwear at 50c.
Men's 85c Underwear at 38c.

CLOAKS!

CLOAKS!

Ladies' Cloaks at \$1.48.
Children's Cloaks at \$1.48.
Ladies' \$40 Plush Cloaks go at \$10.

SUFFEL & CO.
129 W. Superior St.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, Palladio. Schiffman makes the best gold crowns, Smoke Endion cigar, W. A. Foote. The Evening Herald is on sale in St. Paul at the Windsor Hotel news stand. The best flour is Imperial flour. 5 The foreign will of Rosa A. Wood, of Brooklyn, N. Y., was admitted to probate by Judge Aver this morning.

For cheapest homes, quickest transit, Duluth Heights Land Co., Herald bldg.

The Women and Children's Aid has ready for the return of the children. New bedding has been purchased and the walls caulked and papered. Any donations in blankets quilts, comforts, etc., would be thankfully received.

Miss Sibley and number of Duluth's talented musicians will give a recital at the Glen Avon Presbyterian Church on Friday evening of this week for the benefit of the missionary society of the church. A very attractive program is promised.

There will be a gospel meeting for young men at the Y. M. C. A. hall this evening at 7:30. C. K. Butters will be the speaker.

Rev. F. C. Southworth will speak at the temperance meeting tonight at the Hotel.

Births have been reported as follows to the board of health: William and Eva Manthey, 821 East Second street, a daughter; Stans and Maggie Nowak, 27 West Tenth street, a son.

The death of John Brown, 1210 West Superior street, aged 9 months, of pneumonia, has been reported to the board of health.

Clerk of the United States Court Pressnell is making a good many citizens these days for political purposes. Eleven took out papers yesterday and a large number today.

Those attorneys in Duluth having business with Judge Nelson in St. Paul will do well to fully transact the same. Clerk Pressnell of the United States court, this morning received word that within a week or ten days, the judge will start for California to be gone two or three months.

Another Burns' child has died out at Smithville from scarlet fever. This now makes three deaths out there from that disease. The schools out there are also still closed.

A small building in the rear of the Lyceum theater caught fire today at noon. The flames were subdued and the damage was small.

Tickets for the memorial concert, to be given at the Temple Opera house tomorrow evening, can be exchanged at Kugore & Stewart's or the Temple box office.

I have found the ROYAL BAKING POWDER to be an absolutely pure cream of tartar powder, entirely free from alum and ammonia, and of the very highest leavening power.

CHARLES W. DREW, Ph. B., M. D.

Late Chemist to the Minn. State Dairy and Food Dep't.

GETTING DESPERATE

Republican Partisans Are Promising, Pleading and Bulldozing in Order to Defeat Voss and Ten Brook.

Fred Voss Finds Less Determined Opposition to Himself than Any He Has Ever Encountered.

George Goldsmith Was Threatened With Opposition Unless He Had Ten Brook Pull Out of the Way.

The Republican partisans are making a desperate struggle to elect their ticket. A house to house canvass is being made, men rushed to the naturalization offices, independent Republicans bulldozed, promises extended, pleadings and beseachings offered and every possible means known to frightened and desperate men employed.

Fred Voss says that this is the first time he ever ran when he failed to strike determined opposition in the crowds which he encountered in his canvass. He says that it takes him a little. His friends say that it means just the way it seems—there is scarcely a vestige of opposition and that he will go in again with a whoop and hands down.

Mr. Ten Brook is receiving much encouragement from the friends who are running his name in the morning paper. One notable thing in the political gossip in the morning paper is that not a single man is quoted. The alleged wise men who are quoted are always spoken of as "a prominent Republican," "a prominent Democrat," "a gentleman who signed the petition," etc.

A hotel lancer who howls for partisanship in municipal campaigns, yesterday took Tom Pressnell to task for signing Ten Brook's petition.

"I am a citizen of the United States and 21 years of age," he said. "The gang is also angry because he refused to cut his rate of 50 cents each for issuing naturalization papers. He also required the committee to make a deposit in advance.

He says that he was "nick" too often in the past and had to turn to the master commissioners.

Other day threats were made to George Goldsmith that unless he got Ten Brook off the track an Independent Republican would be run in the Fifth ward.

The bluff did not scare Mr. Goldsmith, and he replied that not only was he in no strings on the comptroller, but that the gentleman was 21 years of age and undoubtedly had been for several years.

T. W. Hugo has declined to act as committeeman in the Fifth ward. Sam Fullerton is talked of for the place. The committee selected a select Republicans, mostly office holders, held a meeting at the court house last night to plan for the campaign.

The hotel loafers are making great claims as to Mr. Hopkins' competency as an attorney, but none of them, when asked, can give any more of a reason than "So I am told."

Two of the aldermen were at the city hall this morning striking the city employees for cash contributions to help the Republican campaign fund. M. J. Doherty, attorney, Engineer Reed, Assistant City Attorney Benham, John Rossiter, City Clerk Richardson and all the boys were "struck."

William Sautry, of Stillwater, is in the city.

Thomas H. Shevlin, the Minneapolis lumberman, is in the city.

William Sautry, of Stillwater, is in the city.

F. N. Benz came up from St. Paul last evening.

E. A. Tessman and E. G. Brown left yesterday afternoon for a trip through the Michigan copper country.

The Thorburn left yesterday afternoon for Holland Patent, N. Y., accompanying the wife of H. E. G. Adair, who died Friday.

Hovey F. Clarke, of Minneapolis, is in the Spalding.

E. J. Gilbert, of Ely, was in the city yesterday.

D. H. Moon came up from St. Paul yesterday evening.

R. W. Parsons, of Ashland, was in the city last evening.

W. R. Parsons, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

Miss Mamie Humes, who has been visiting her brothers and sisters in Fargo for the past two weeks, returned home yesterday.

Mrs. Percy Coburn leaves tonight for a three-weeks visit with friends in the Spalding.

John C. Bullitt is back from a two weeks' visit in the East.

Kitchens know the joy of economy, because Dr. Price's cream baking powder is absolutely pure.

Star Lecture Course Dates.

The next entertainment at the First Methodist church under the Star lecture course will be on Feb. 19, by the Maud Powell String Quartet company. One thousand dollars.

Feb. 26, John Temple Graves will lecture on "The Reign of the Demagogue."

New Janitor Appointed.

Patrick Hammel has been appointed janitor of the new government building. Richard Jones, who resigned last week, will be made night watchman. Collector Olund at last having secured an allowance for it.

Must Register Tonight.

Today is the last chance to register.

The post office at 7:30 a. m. to 8:30 a. m. will open at 9:30 a. m. this evening.

Those who have not taken out transfers and who need to register must do so today if they do not wish to lose their vote next Tuesday.

Notice.

There will be a bridge of instruction Wednesday evening, Jan. 30, 7:30 p. m.

All members of Palestine and Ionic lodges are requested to be present.

Order, EDWIN MOORES, Secy.

W. E. COVEY, W. M.

AN UGLY HEAD WOUND.

L. B. Cloud, the carriage man, was driving yesterday and his horse ran away.

In front of the Eleventh avenue post office he struck his head.

Yesterday he was thrown out and struck his head on the street railway rail cutting it so badly that seven stitches were required to close the wound.

\$5,000,000 worth of California fruit was shipped to Duluth. If you want to know where raised, and how to travel cheaply and comfortably, address.

CALIFORNIA BUREAU OF INFORMATION, Room 1138 Guaranty Loan Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

to be an absolutely pure cream of

tartar powder, entirely free from alum and ammonia, and of the very highest

leavening power.

CHARLES W. DREW, Ph. B., M. D.

Late Chemist to the Minn. State Dairy and Food Dep't.

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